

AD-A268 386



CR 93.003

(18)

NCEL

Contract Report

An Investigation Conducted by  
Adaptive Research Corporation  
Huntsville, AL

June 1993

**STRUCTURED FINITE VOLUME MODELING  
OF U.S. NAVY AIRCRAFT ENGINE TEST CELLS**

**TASK 2: TURBOPROP ENGINE -**

**CODE DOCUMENTATION AND LISTINGS - VOLUME 2**

**Abstract** This report presents results of the numerical simulation of a U.S. Naval turboprop test cell facility. The ultimate purpose of this simulation was to provide the Navy with a numerical model to be used for the evaluation of the aerothermal performance of test cells. This simulation was performed using the structured finite volume (SFV) computer code. A description of the physical model, mathematical details, boundary conditions, and results of the study are presented and covered in this report.

Volume 2, Code Documentation and Listings, provides a copy of the input files developed for the modeling of turboprop test cells.

93-18643



DTIC  
ELECTE  
AUG 12 1993  
S A D

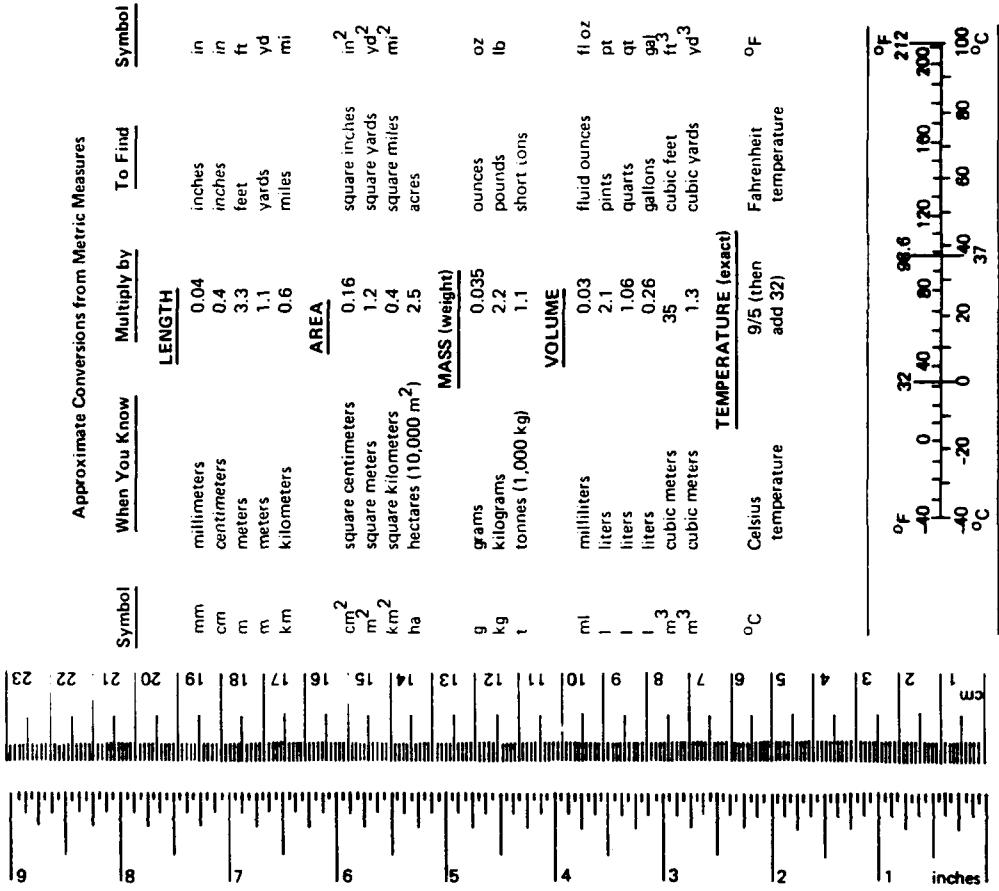
NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY PORT HUENEME CALIFORNIA 93043-4328

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

METRIC CONVERSION FACTORS

Approximate Conversions to Metric Measures			
Symbol	When You Know	Multiply by	To Find
		<u>LENGTH</u>	
in	inches	*2.5	centimeters
ft	feet	30	centimeters
yd	yards	0.9	meters
mi	miles	1.6	kilometers
		<u>AREA</u>	
in <sup>2</sup>	square inches	6.5	square centimeters
ft <sup>2</sup>	square feet	0.09	square meters
yd <sup>2</sup>	square yards	0.8	square meters
mi <sup>2</sup>	square miles	2.6	square kilometers
	acres	0.4	hectares
		<u>MASS (weight)</u>	
oz	ounces	28	grams
lb	pounds	0.45	kilograms
	short tons (2,000 lb)	0.9	tonnes
		<u>VOLUME</u>	
tsp	teaspoons	5	milliliters
Tbsp	tablespoons	15	milliliters
fl oz	fluid ounces	30	milliliters
c	cup	0.24	liters
pt	pints	0.47	liters
qt	quarts	0.95	liters
gal	gallons	3.8	liters
cu ft	cubic feet	0.03	cubic meters
yd <sup>3</sup>	cubic yards	0.76	cubic meters
		<u>TEMPERATURE (exact)</u>	
°F	Fahrenheit temperature	5/9 (after subtracting 32)	Celsius temperature

Misc. Publ. 286, Units of Weights and Measures, Price \$2.25, SD Catalog No. C13.10:286.



Approximate Conversions from Metric Measures

# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved  
OMB No. 0704-018

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)		2. REPORT DATE	3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED	
		June 1993	Final; December 1990 - September 1992	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		STRUCTURED FINITE VOLUME MODELING OF U.S. NAVY AIRCRAFT ENGINE TEST CELLS TASK 2: TURBOPROP ENGINE - CODE DOCUMENTATION AND LISTINGS - VOLUME 2		
6. AUTHOR(S)		P. L. Daley and W. A. Mahaffey		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESSE(S)		Adaptive Research Corporation 4960 Corporate Drive, Suite 100-A Huntsville, AL 35805		
8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER		CR 93.003		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESSE(S)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER		
Commander Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory Naval Air Systems Command 560 Laboratory Drive Code 09Y Facilities Systems Division/L53 Washington, DC 20362-5101 Port Hueneme, CA 93043-4328				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE		
Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.				
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)  This report presents results of the numerical simulation of a U.S. Naval turboprop test cell facility. The ultimate purpose of this simulation was to provide the Navy with a numerical model to be used for the evaluation of the aerothermal performance of test cells. This simulation was performed using the structured finite volume (SFV) computer code. A description of the physical model, mathematical details, boundary conditions, and results of the study are presented and covered in Volume 1. Volume 2, Code Documentation and Listings, provides a copy of the input files developed for the modeling of turboprop test cells.				
14. SUBJECT TERMS				15. NUMBER OF PAGES
Computational fluid dynamics, test cells, aviation test facilities				59
				16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT		18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
Unclassified		Unclassified	Unclassified	UL

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section No.	Page No.
1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Purpose of the Report	1
1.2 The Listings Provided	1
2. USER SECTION	2
2.1 Grid Generation	2
2.2 Other Input	7
2.3 Relaxation	7
2.4 Other Controls	7
2.5 Additional Printout	8
FIGURES	10
APPENDIX A	
APPENDIX B	
APPENDIX C	
APPENDIX D	

Accession For	
NTIS CRAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DTIC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unclassified	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification .....	
By .....	
Distribution /	
Availability Codes	
Dist	Avail and/or Special
A-1	

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 3

## LIST OF FIGURES

	Page No.
1. Regions of CS61	10
2. Grid of CS61	11
3. Regions of CS62	12
4. Initial Grid of CS62	13
5. Enlargement of Initial Grid of CS62	14
6. Enlargement of Final Grid of CS62	15
7. Grid of CS63	16
8. Initial Grid of CS65	17
9. Regions of CS66	18
10. Initial Grid of CS66	19
11. Final Grid of CS67	20
12. Regions of CS68	21
13. Initial Grid of CS68	22
14. Final Grid of CS69	23
15. Initial Grid of CS70	24
16. Regions of CS71	25
17. Final Grid CS71	26
18. Initial Grid CS72	27
19. Grid of CS73	28
20. Grid of Original Chimney Section	29
21. Enlargement of Original Grid of Chimney Section	30

## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose of the Report

This report provides a copy of the input files developed for the modeling of turboprop test cells. These copies are contained in the Appendices of this report and are described briefly below. A detailed discussion of building a computational grid for this project is provided in the second section of this report. The results of the turboprop test cell modeling are reported in the first volume of this report.

### 1.2 The Listings Provided

The listings are contained in Appendices B through D. Appendix B contains the Q1 input file, Appendix C contains the FORTRAN SATELLITE program, and Appendix D contains the FORTRAN GROUND file. Sketches are provided in Appendix A.

## 2. USER SECTION

### 2.1 Grid Generation

In this section a detailed discussion for the creation of a computational grid is supplied. The bulk of the input for this model deals with producing a computational grid. The code was designed for relatively easy modifications with the flexibility to model a range of changes as called for in the scope of work.

The premise of this procedure is that a 2-dimensional package will be used to create various cross sectional planes. These planes will then be stacked, blended or rotated to create the final 3-dimensional computational grid. In general, the program works as follows: 1.) the user specifies all the inputs necessary for the creation of all the various 2-dimensional cross sectional (X-Y) planes inside the standard input files (Q1 and SATLIT), 2.) the standard input files are then executed to produce the data files needed for the 2-dimensional grid generation program (EasyMesh2D or GGP), 3.) GGP is then executed for each data plane produced, and 4.) the standard input files are re-executed to produce the final grid and the other input files needed for the solver.

The standard input files will create 5 types of X-Y planes. Each plane can have several different varieties or subsets. The first type (TYPE 1) of plane is used to describe the test bed up to the engine. The planes are broken down into various regions in the X and Y directions. The user must specify the total distance from the origin for each region, the number of cells in each region, and the clustering factor for the gridding of each region. Each of these will be detailed later in this section.

The second type (TYPE 2) is used to describe the X-Y cross section of the engine exit and the augmenter lip. TYPE 3 is used for X-Y cross section that across the augmenter tube. The fourth type (TYPE 4) is used to describe the triangular room in front of the chimney and the front face of the chimney. The final type (TYPE 5) is used to describe the exit plane. Additional information may be supplied in the input files.

The file name nomenclature for the data files for the GGP is that the file name starts with the letter CS. Then numbers are added as suffixes starting at 61 and continuing until all planes are created. The data files are created in order. For TYPE 1 there are five different subsets (CS files) created. The first (CS61) is used to describe the inlet plane, the second (CS62) produces a cross section of the front of the orifice while the third (CS63) produces the back of the orifice, the fourth (CS64) represents a X-Y section across the reduction gear, and the last (CS65) is used to describe the engine inlet.

CS61 is a mostly orthogonal grid used to represent the inlet plane. Various lines will be converted to arcs in order to represent the orifice, prop, reduction gear, and engine inlet. CS62 has an outer circle which represents the orifice. It also contains two other circles, which do not physically represent an object at this plane but will be used in other cross sections to represent the prop (middle circle) or the reduction gear or engine inlet (inside circle). This procedure helps to maximize the orthogonality for the total grid. CS63 is identical to CS62 with the exception that the diameter of the orifice has been reduced. CS64 is a repeat of CS62 thus allowing the spacing between the outer and middle circle to be expanded. The final cross section (CS65) is identical to CS64 except that in inner circle it now represents the engine inlet.

For TYPE 1 files there are 7 regions that are defined in the X-direction and 8 regions are used in the definition for the gridding in the Y-direction. For each region the following information is needed

- The number of cells of each region,
- The distance to the end of the region, and
- A grid clustering factor.

The nomenclature for each of these variables is given in the Q1 file. They are noted in Figure 1 of this report. In this figure the regions in both directions for CS61 are noted along with distance and clustering nomenclature. This input is used primarily for the description of lines and arcs in the data files for GGP. Figure 2 is the copy of a graphical display produced during the creation of the 2-D grid file. In this figure the full grid is displayed. Similarly plots for CS62 are supplied. In general, the data supplied for CS61 are used for CS62 through CS65. The dimensions of the various circles are used to calculate the corresponding squares in CS61. This is why some of the variables used to

represent distance are set to 0.000000. A integer array is used as a marker to note the first region that contains an arc. The variable XGAP is the x-direction length of the gap over the orifice while IGAP is the number of cells in this gap.

Note in Figure 4 that it appears that lines overlap in the circular region. This is because some lines are overwritten with arc data. If this persists after a redraw in the GGP, major problems with the grid exist. More details in regard to the execution of GGP will be given later in this section.

When the initial grid is completed, the orthogonality of corner points of the circle can be improved (note Figure 5 and 6). This is done in the smoothing operations of the GGP. The number of cells affected by this is controlled by the variable ISOL located in the SATLIT file. In general these values will not need to be adjusted. Also plots of final grid CS63 and initial grid CS65 are shown in Figures 7 and 8.

The coding was designed so that major changes would be fairly straight forward. The input files has slots for 14 regions in each direction so that if more regions are needed in the future the accommodations can be made. Also, the number of cells for each region in the remaining types are not required but are obtained from the number of cells supplied for each region in TYPE 1.

TYPE 2 data produces two or three CS files. The first is for the exit of the engine which is also the same as for the inlet of the augmenter tube. The second is for the end of the augmenter lip. A third cross section may be required if the exit of the engine falls within the lip or within the sleeve. See Appendix A for more details. The only difference in these CS files will be the diameter of the two circles. Since the diameter of augmenter tube is larger than the engine exit additional cells are needed. The number of cells is controlled by variables NXAD and NYAD. For the case delivered two CS files (CS66 and CS67) were produced. The regions and initial grids for TYPE 2 are shown in Figure 9 through 11.

TYPE 3 data will produce three CS files. The first file is for the augmenter sleeve, the second is for the large diameter augmenter tube, and the last is for the small diameter augmenter tube. The difference in these files are due to the different diameters. The regions and grids (CS68, CS69, and CS70) are shown in Figure 12 through 16.

TYPE 4 data produces two CS files (CS71 and CS72). There is a small triangular room in front of the chimney. Constructing a grid from the whole room is impossible (grid lines would be on top of each other). The front half was removed. The rest was then included in the model. However due to orthogonality problems (see Figures 21 and 22) this room was blocked off and the ceiling was lowered. The first cross section represents the truncated front of the triangular room while the second represents the front face of the chimney. This is the first cross sections in which the first region does not start at a 0.0 X-coordinate value. A integer array element noted in the Q1 files takes this into account. A plot of regions and grids are shown in Figures 17 through 19.

The last grid is denoted by TYPE 5. It is located at the exit of the chimney. The input needed to produce this data file is taken from previously supplied information. The grid for CS73 is shown in Figure 20.

There is a integer array element that represents the stage of grid development. It is located in Group 6 of the Q1 file as is called IG (1). If the value of this element is set to 0, when the input files are executed, they will produce a set of data files for the GGP. If it is set to 1, then it will read the grid files produced by the GGP and create a 3-dimensional grid along with the other input files for the solver. If the grid is already created the value is set to 2 in order to bypass the grid creation coding.

In the form delivered, 13 data files for the GGP will be created during the first execution of the input files. At this time the user will then execute GGP as indicated in the documentation (probably done by entering runezm). The first item needed will be terminal type. Enter the appropriate value. Following this prompt, menus will appear on the screen. The following series of commands will go through these menus and produce a grid file.

<u>PROMPT</u>	<u>ENTER</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
Model name	CS61	Use same name as file to be read in
EZ2 >	RE CS61	Reads in input file
EZ2 >	WR	Goes to menu to write grid
WRITE >	END	Writes grid
EZ2 >	END	End session

This is done when the grid to be produced is totally orthogonal (i.e. no circles). After the

input file is read a redraw of the screen can be done through the REDR command. If lines cross after this point there is an error in the input file for the GGP. Looking at the grid may give clues as to the cause of the problem. If a grid needs to be smoothed (all files that contains a circle), the following commands will be needed.

<u>PROMPT</u>	<u>ENTER</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
Model Name:	CS62	Use same name as file to be read in
EZ2 >	RE CS62	Reads in input file
EZ2 >	SM	Goes to smoothing menu
SMOOTH >	SO	Solves differential equations
SMOOTH >	REDR	Plots final grid
SMOOTH >	END	Returns to main menu
EZ2 >	WR	Goes to menu to write grid
WRITE >	END	Writes grid
EZ2 >	END	End session

After the creation of these 2-dimensional grid files, input in Q1 file is required for the formation of the final 3-dimensional grid. As in the specification of the grid in the X and Y-directions, the user must supply the number of regions, the distance to the end of the region, the number of cells, and the grid clustering factor. Allocations for 25 regions in the axial direction have been provided. As delivered, 20 have been specified.

The user must then supply the information for the building of the final grid. Four options are available 1.) Stack, 2.) Blend, 3.) Rotate, and 4.) End. Throughout the test cell the first two options are used to stack and blend the 2-dimensional grid files as needed, while the last two options create the grid in the chimney region. This information is passed to the SATLIT from the Q1 through an integer array.

## 2.2 Other Input

In group 9 of the input files most of the data for the physics of the model is supplied. These deal with flow rates, temperatures, mass fractions, etc. These are documented in the input files.

### 2.3 Relaxation

Relaxation is a numerical technique that allows the rate of change of various solved variables to be controlled. It is generally used to dampen the amount of change computed by the various computer codes. There are many views on the optimum settings of the relaxation parameters. In a problem of this size time constraints reduce the amount of effort in optimization of these parameters. The approach used was to reduce the relaxation (base values calculated on a cell residence time) at the start of a computational run and then apply tighter relaxation after a few hundred solution sweeps through the calculation domain.

The values of the relaxation parameters is given in the following table.

Table 1. Relaxation Parameters

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Initial Value</u>	<u>Final Value</u>
P1	LINRLX	0.15	0.05
U1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
V1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
W1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
KE	LINRLX	0.10	0.10
EP	LINRLX	0.10	0.10
H1	FALSDT	0.005	0.001
C1	FALSDT	0.005	0.001

Note the two types of relaxations are discussed in the users guide. The final values were used after sweep 2758. (See following section for procedure to change relaxation.) It was observed during the reported run that monitor values downstream of the propeller tip were oscillating from sweep to sweep (i.e., for W1 values changed from 10 m/s to -5 m/s). This was stopped by clamping down on the pressure relaxation to 0.025 at sweep 948 and letting back up to a value of 0.125 at sweep 1103. During the first 900 sweeps of this computational run, the sources for the propeller had not been properly implemented. When the completed model was started from scratch it was noted that the pressure relaxation had to be lowered to a value of 0.10.

## **2.4 Other Controls**

Depending on computer systems, it may take a few weeks to obtain a fully converged solution. The code allows for restarts using previous data. For some cases this may not be the best procedure as compared to one long run. Because of this various controls were put in the GROUND coding that allows the user to vary items during one long run. This coding allows the user to:

1. Abort a run with standard output produced,
2. Modify pressure relaxation,
3. Modify turbulence relaxation,
4. Modify velocity relaxation,
5. Modify scalar relaxation,
6. Dump a restart file on demand,
7. Change frequency of monitor printout,
8. Change frequency of residual printout,
9. Change the number of variables in the monitoring values printed, and
10. Change two monitor locations.

This is accomplished by:

1. Providing a file called ABORT,
2. Providing a value in the F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXP,
3. Providing two values in the 2F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXT,
4. Providing three values in the 3F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXV,
5. Providing two values in the 2F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXS,
6. Providing a file called DUMPIT,
7. Providing a value in the I5 Format in a file called TSTMOD,
8. Providing a value in the I5 Format in a file called NPRMOD,
9. Providing four values in the 4I2 Format in a file called IGGMOD (value of 1 activates printout while a value of 0 deactivates), and
10. Provide three values in the 3I3 Format in a file called ML2MOD or ML3MOD (values are for the IX, IY, and IZ locations).

## **2.5 Additional Printout**

In addition to the standard output the following printout is provided:

1. Ten monitoring locations,
2. The maximum and minimum values for certain variables,
3. Convergence information,
4. Pumping ratios, and
5. Heat transfer information.

Note the previous section provided some information about control of the monitoring printout. The max-min printout may give clues to problem areas. Monitoring printout can then be shifted to these locations. The convergence information gives a mass and momentum error based on mass and momentum sources. A value of under 1% for mass and 3% for momentum should be acceptable. In addition, the pumping ratio for the engine is printed. When these value become asymptotic, this may indicate convergence. Printout is also provided for the heat transfer through the augmenter tube in the building and in the chimney. Similarly asymptotic values point toward convergence.

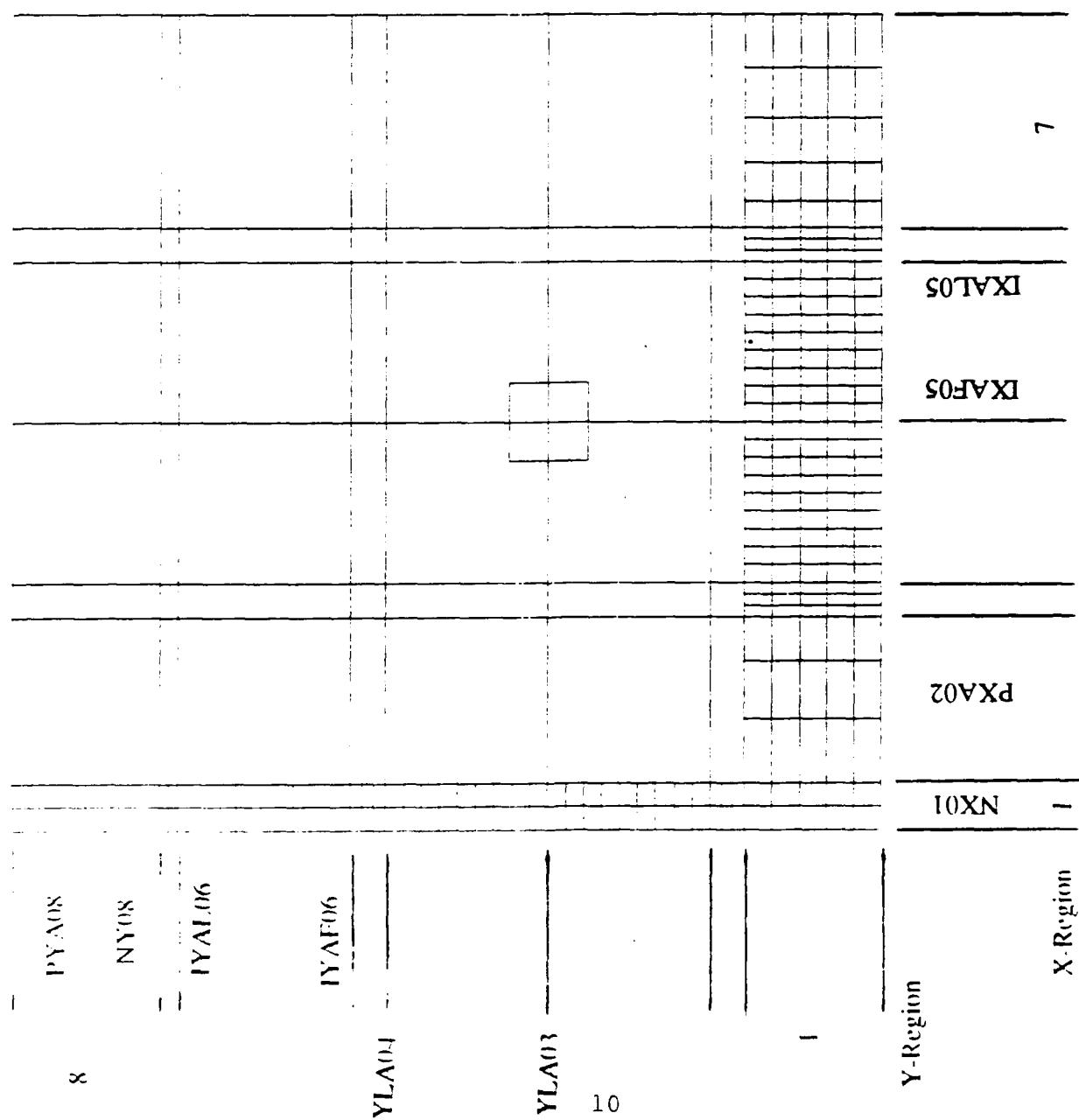
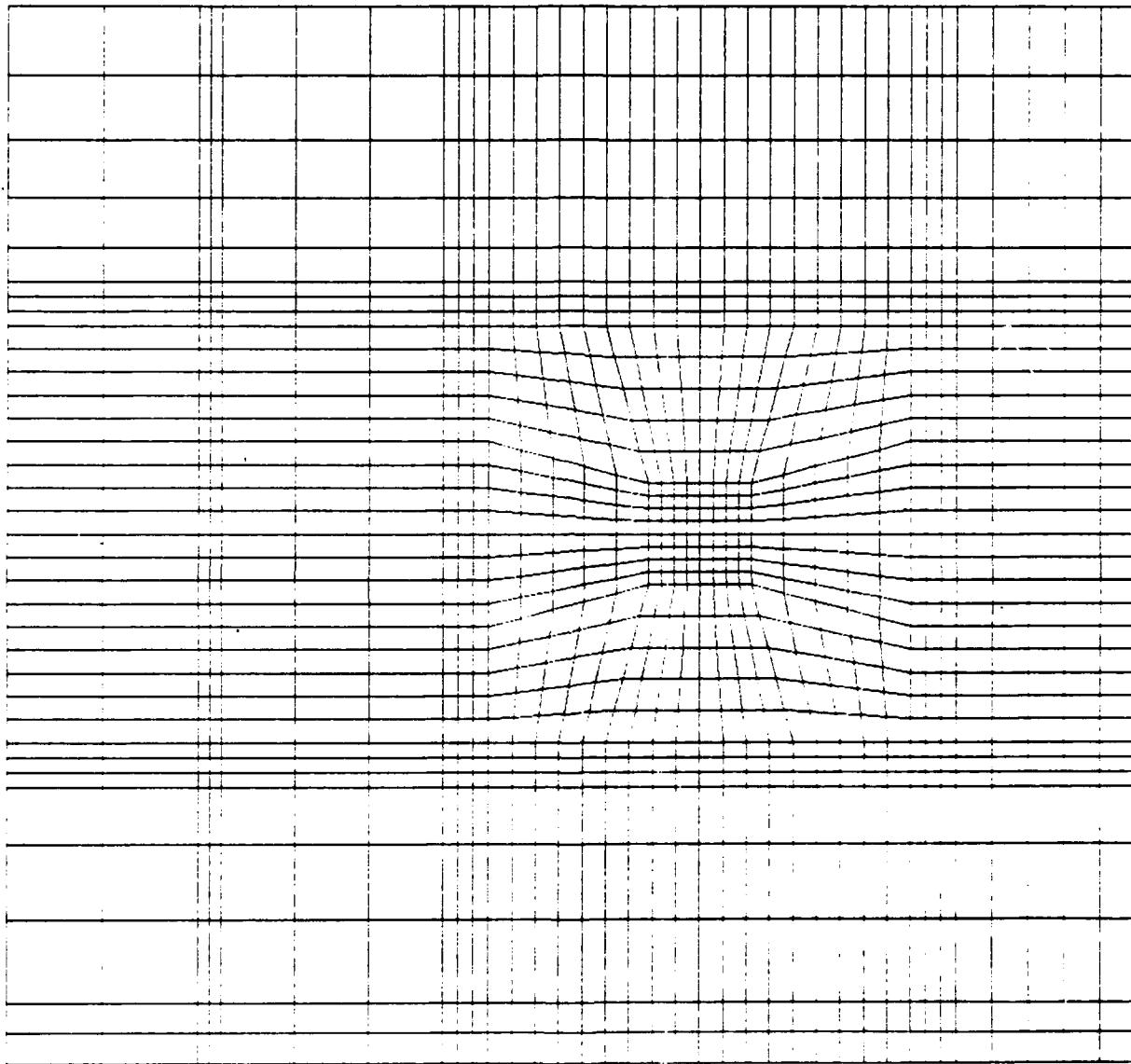


Figure 1 Regions of CS61

Figure 2 Grid of CS61



FCS

11

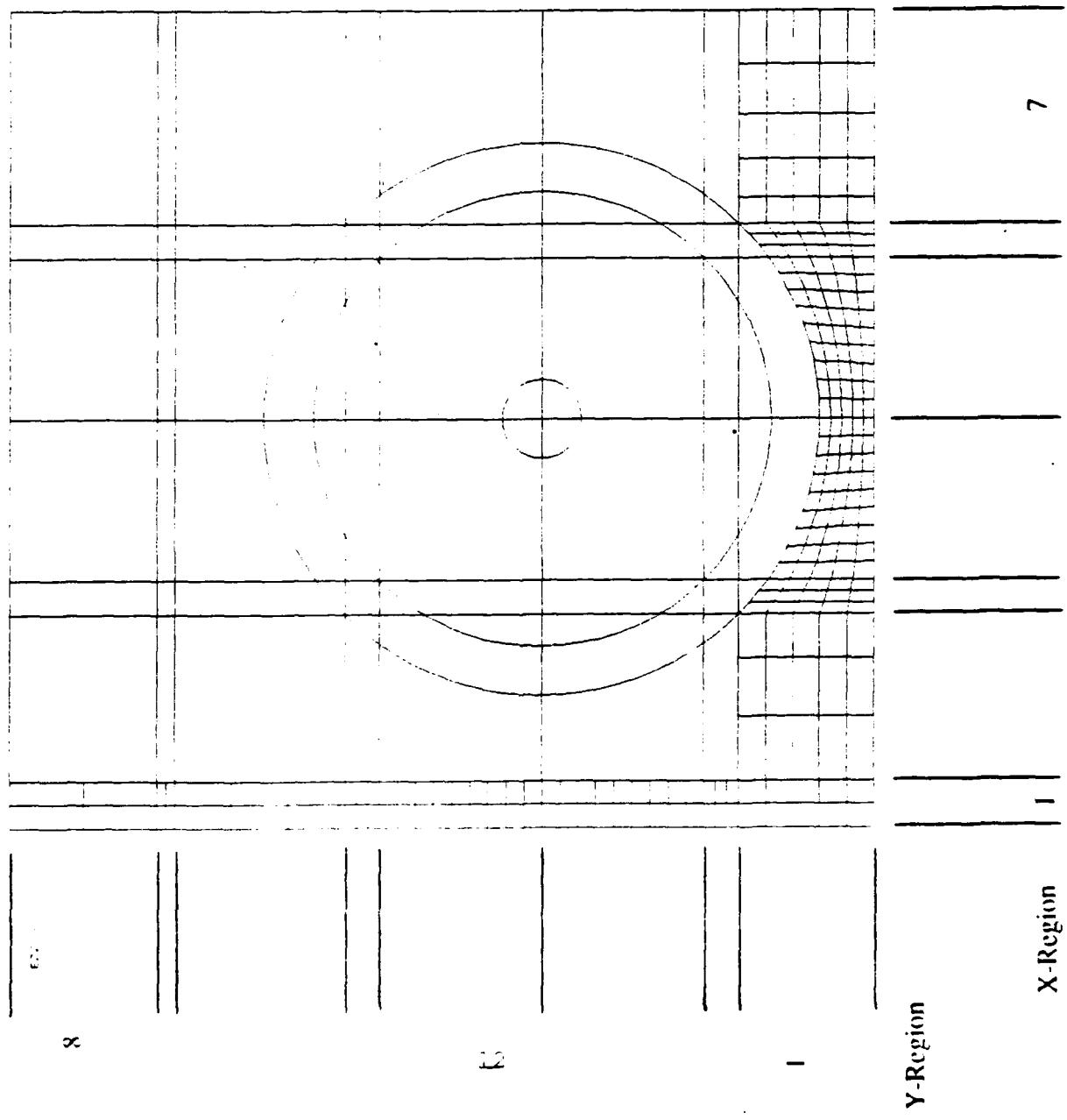
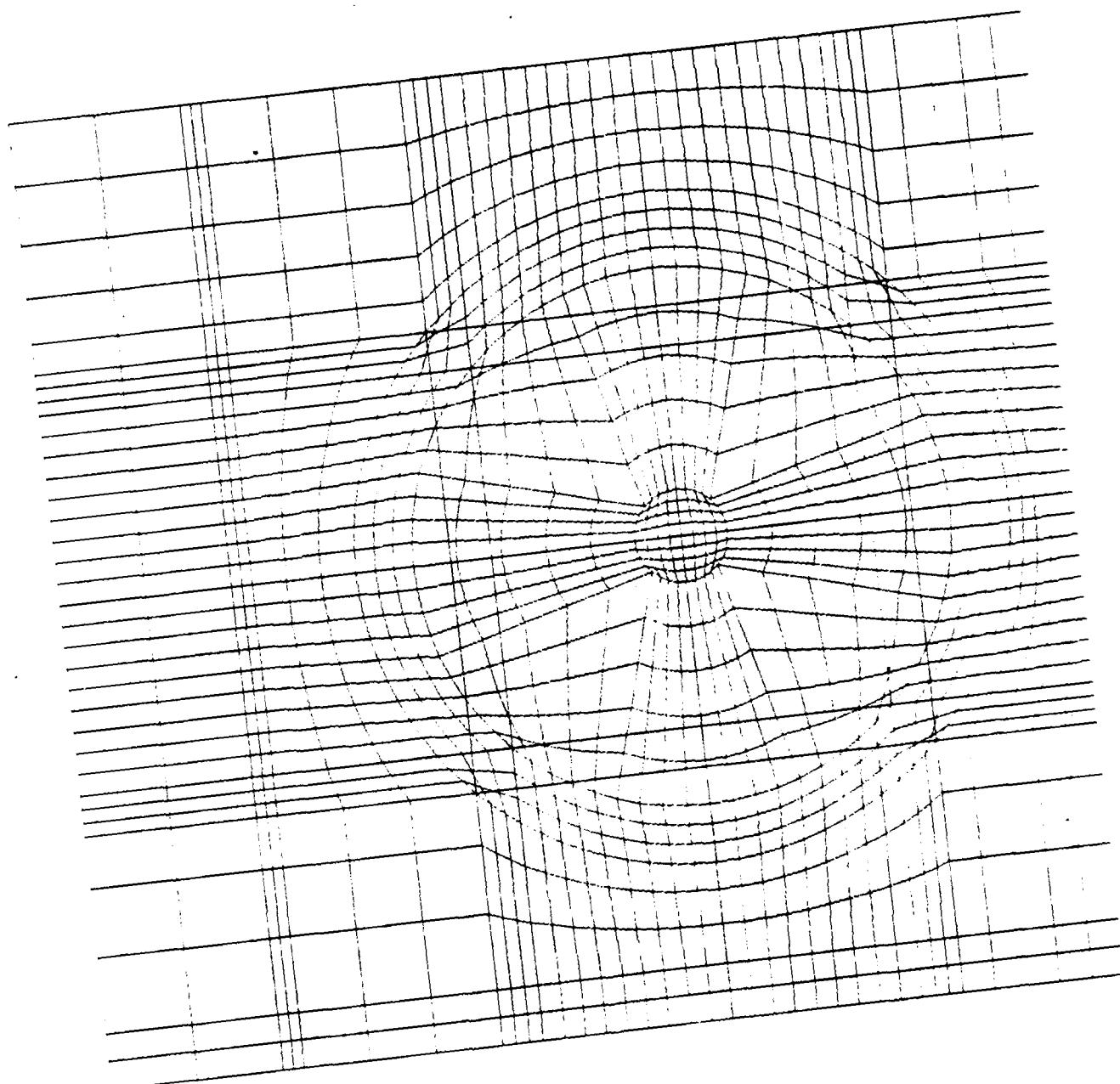


Figure 3 Regions of CS62

Figure 4 Initial Grid of CS62



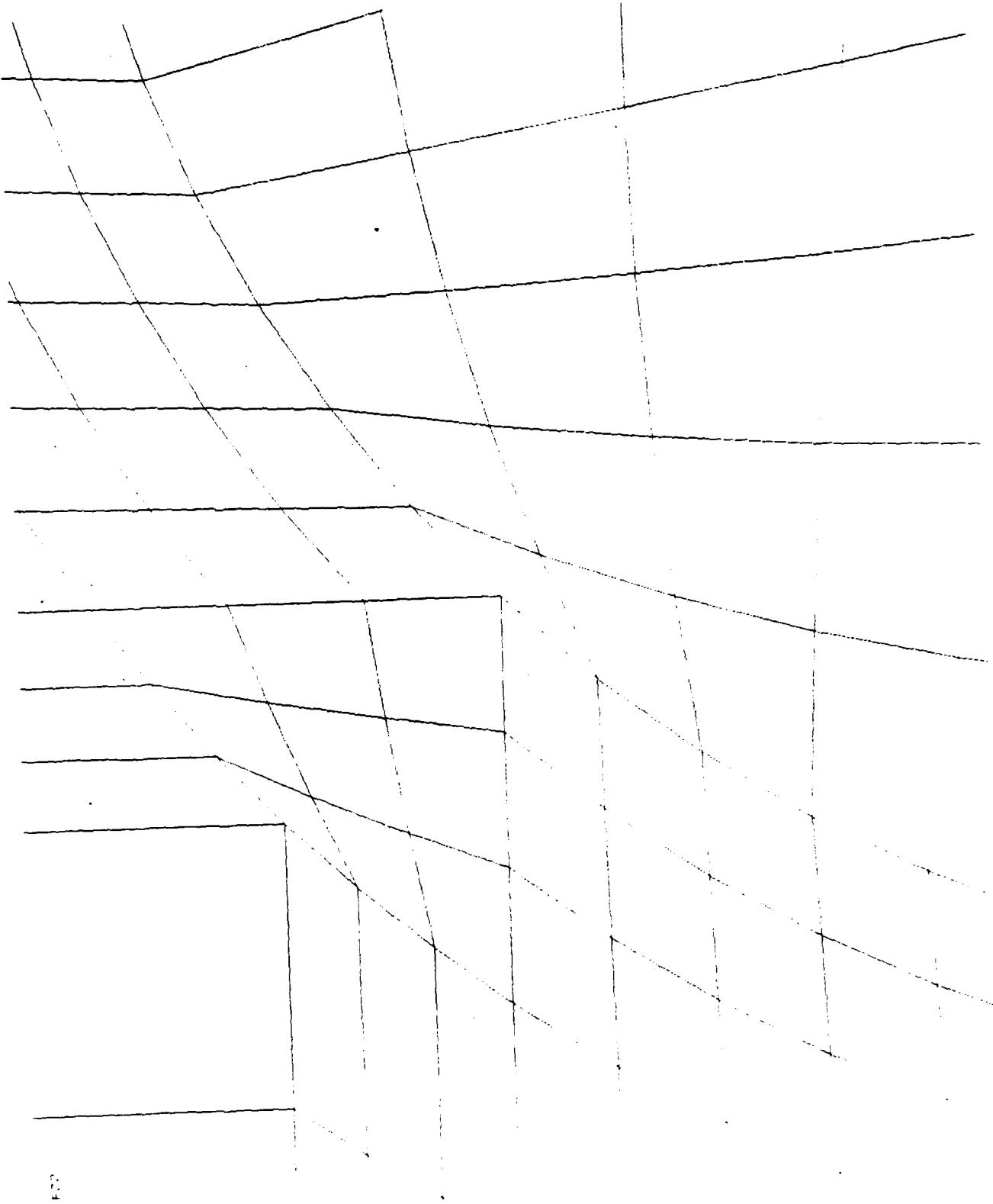


Figure 6. Enlargement of initial grid of CS62

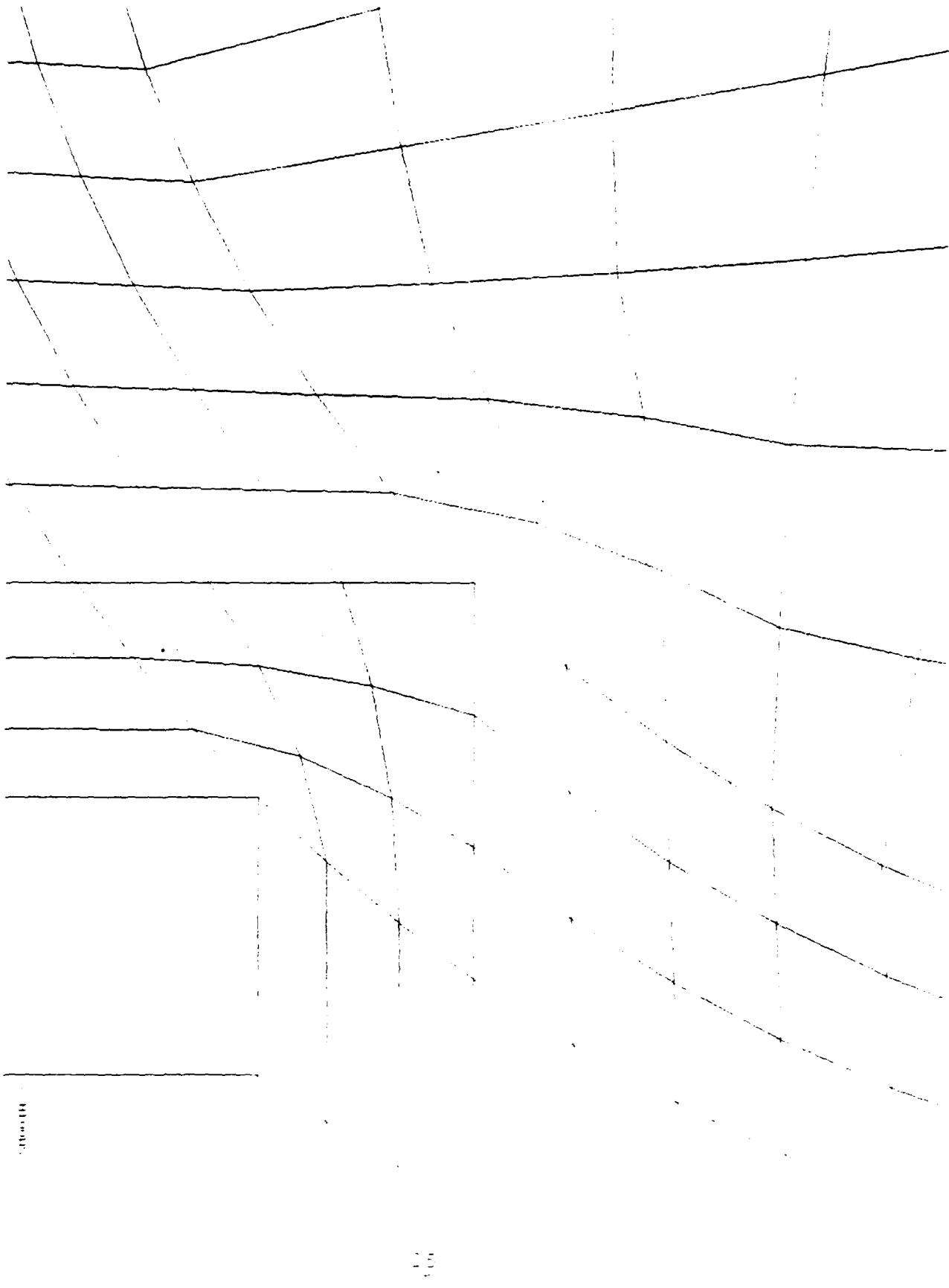
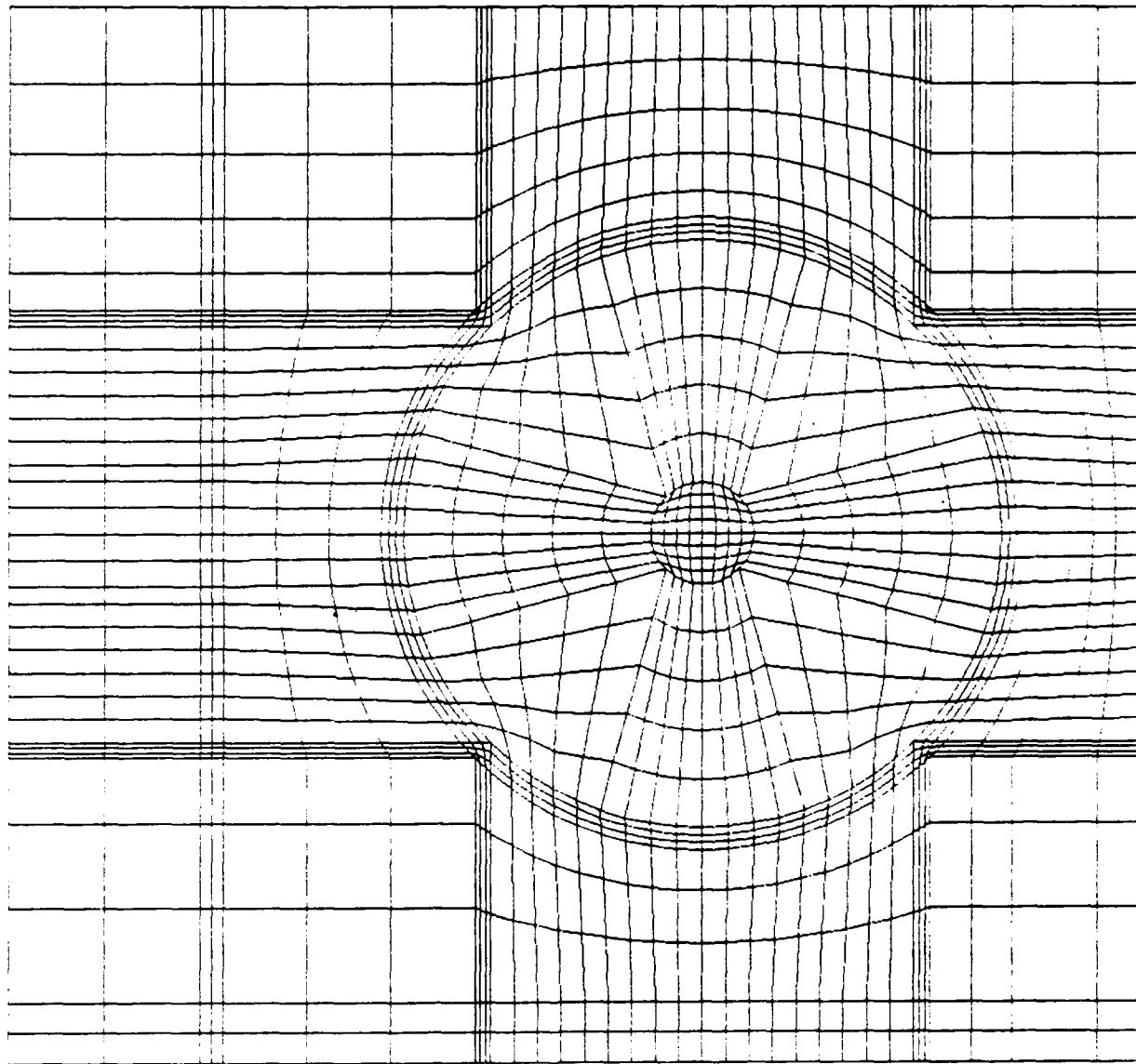


FIGURE 6. Development of final grid of CS62

Figure 7 Grid of CS63



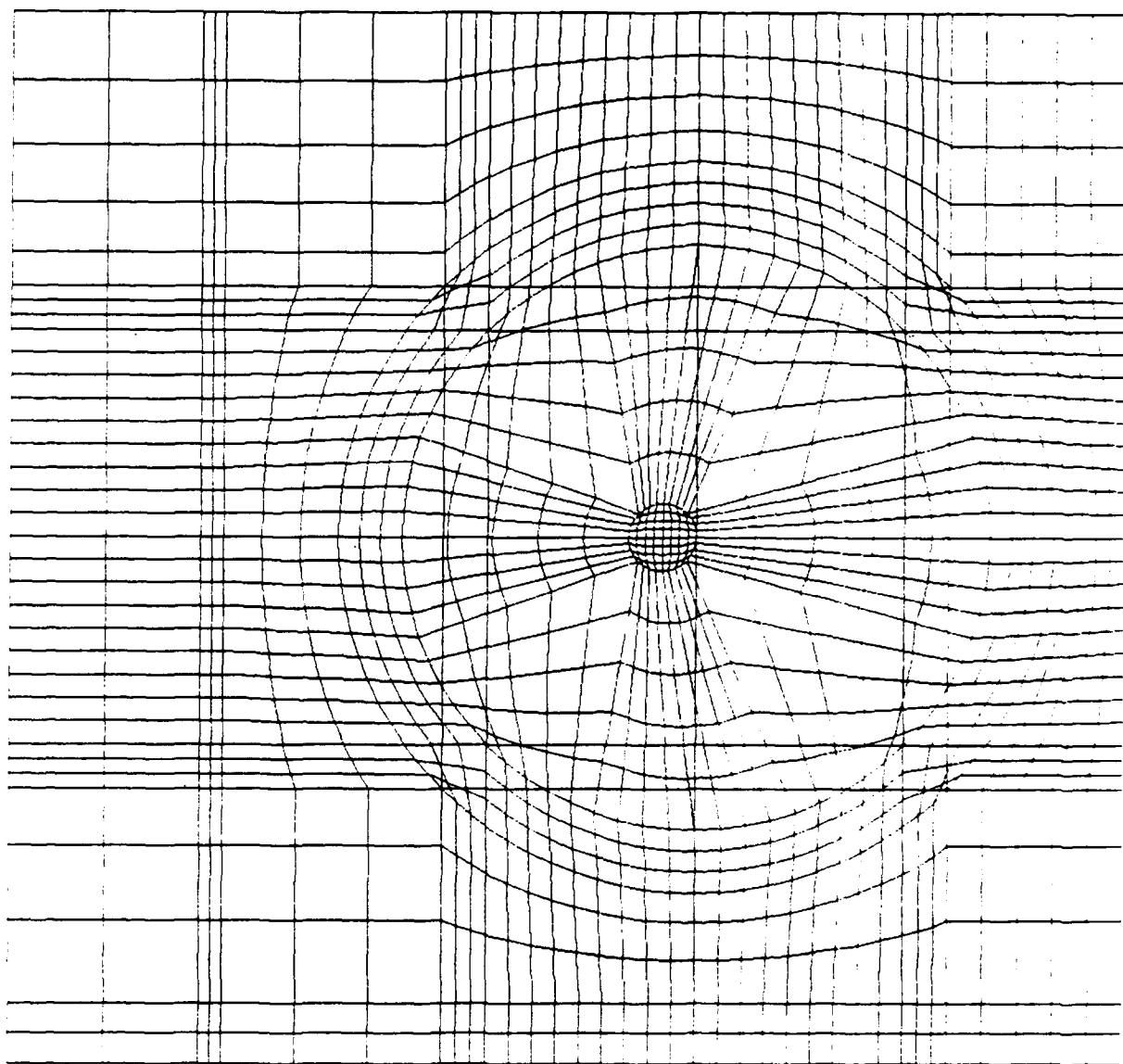


Figure 8 Initial Grid of CS65

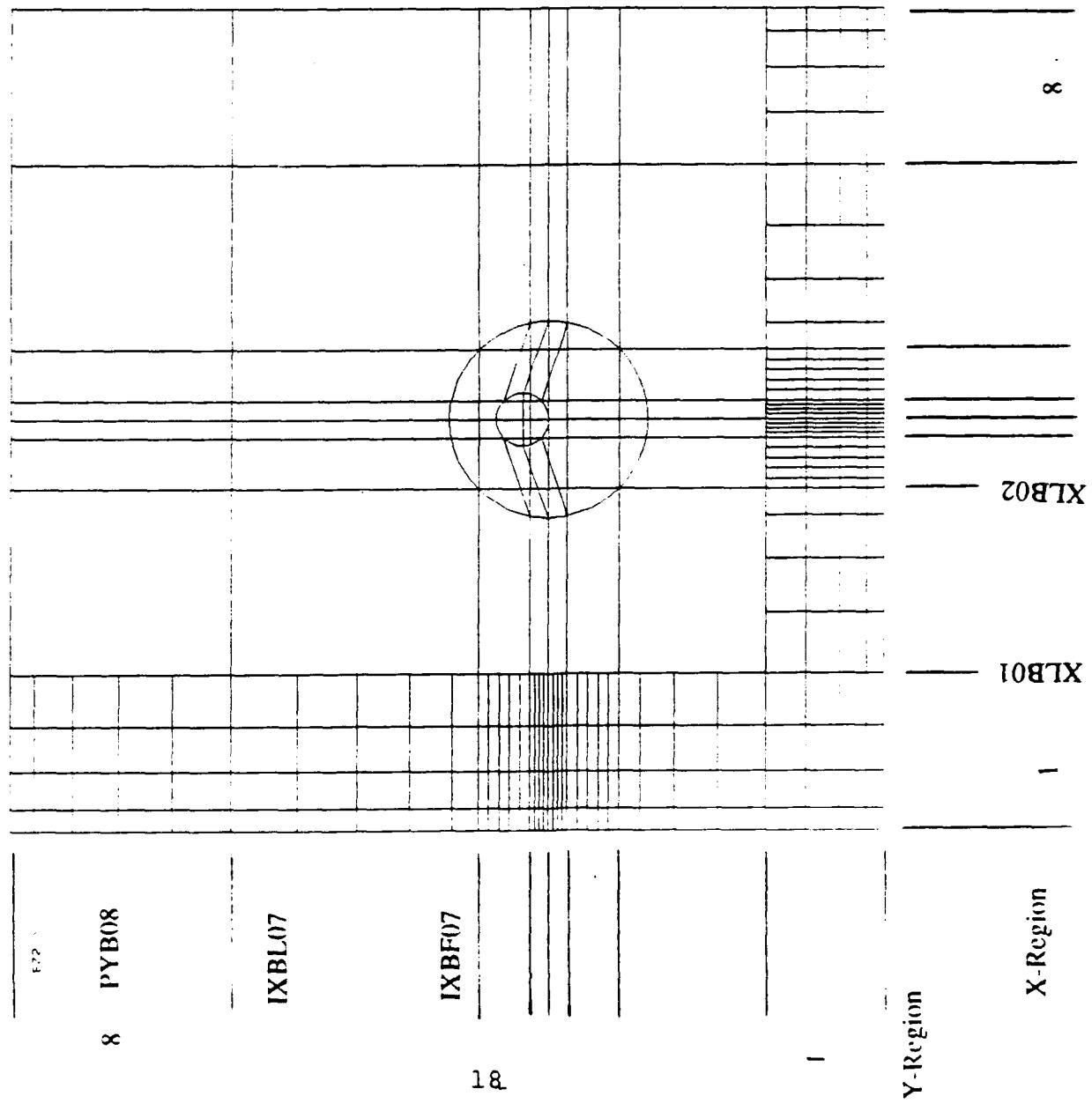


Figure 9 Regions of CS66

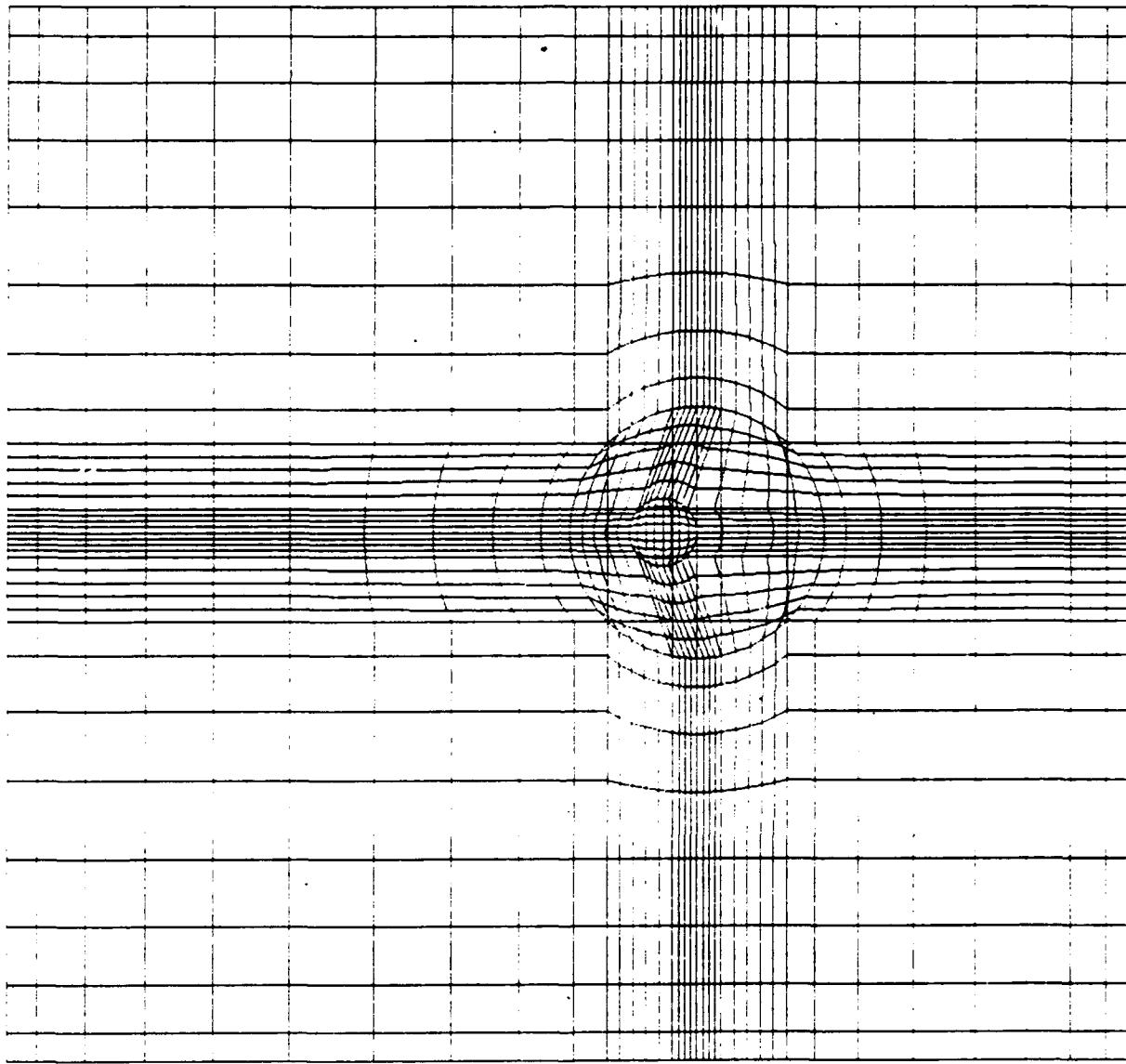
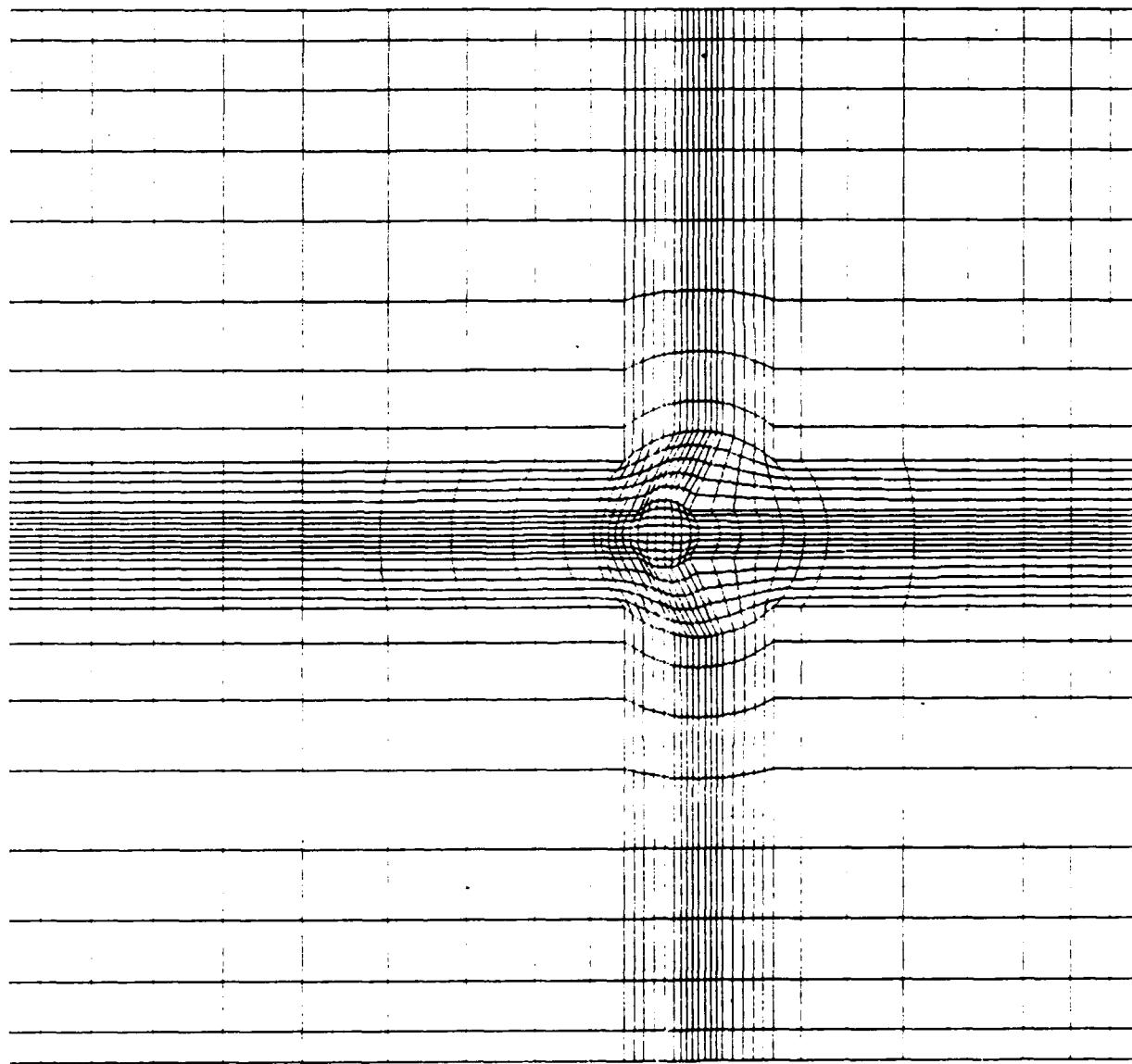


Figure 10 Initial Grid of c366

Figure 11 Final Grid of CS67



Next

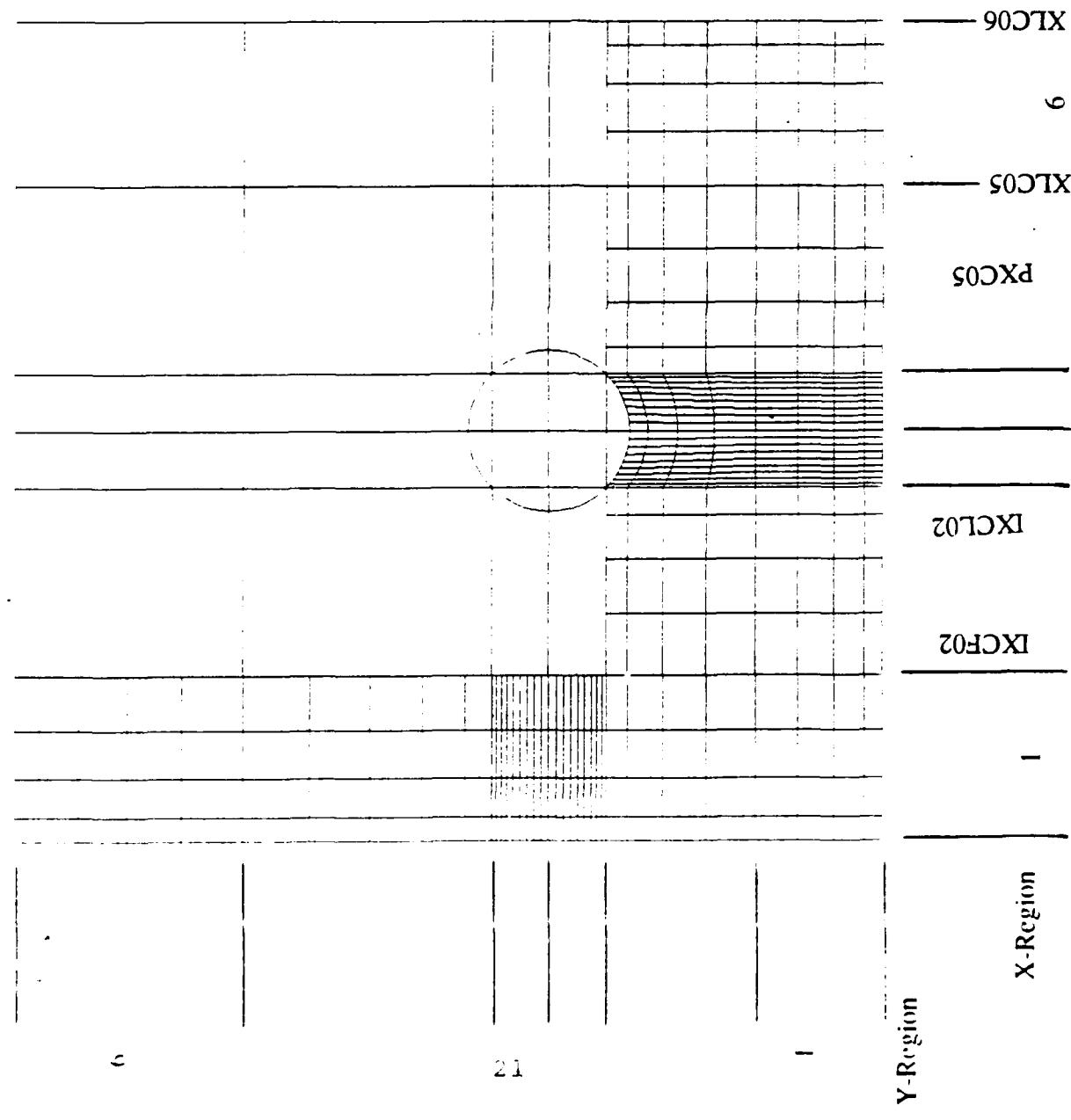


Figure 12 Regions of CS68

Figure 13 Initial Grid of CS68

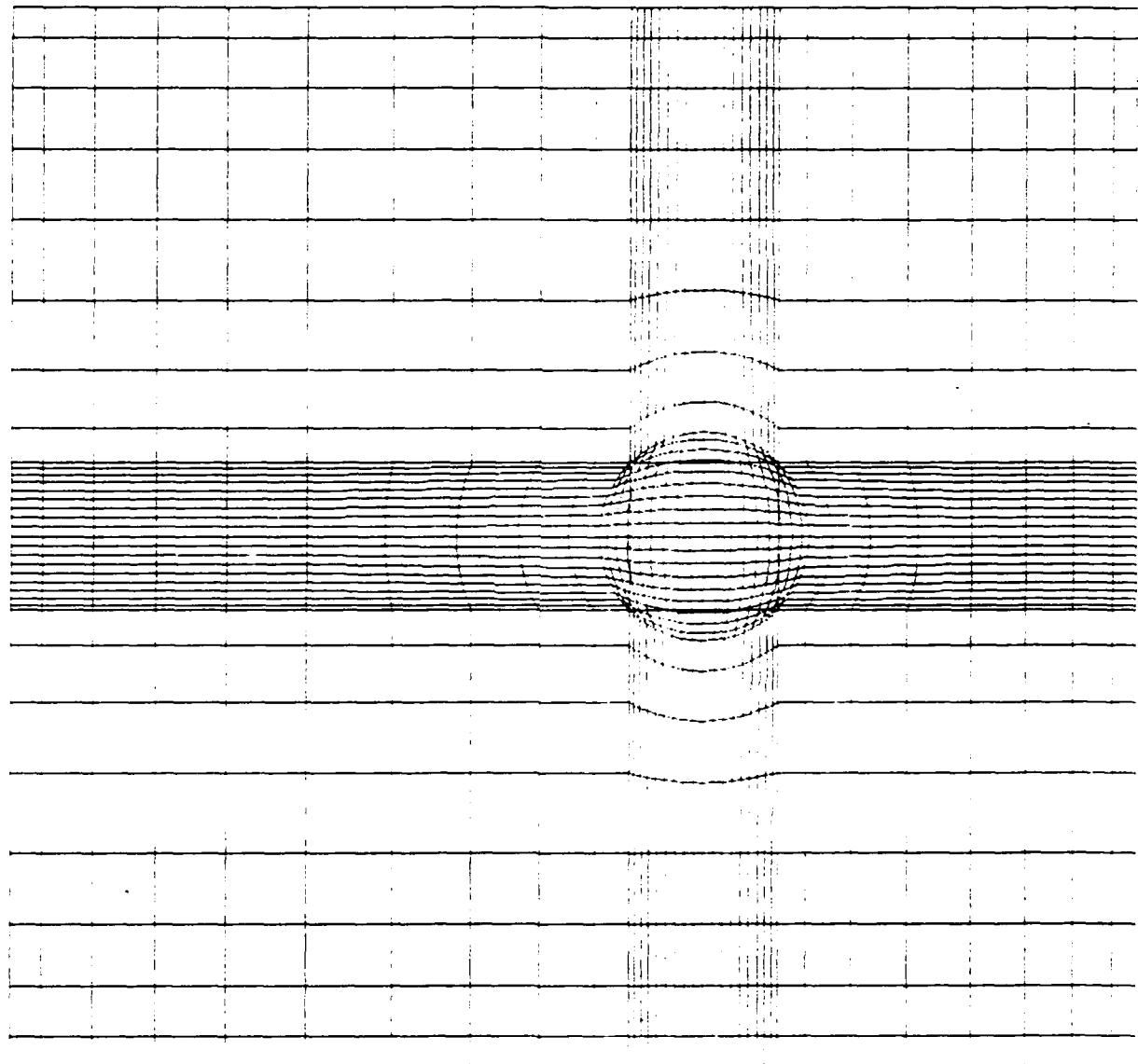
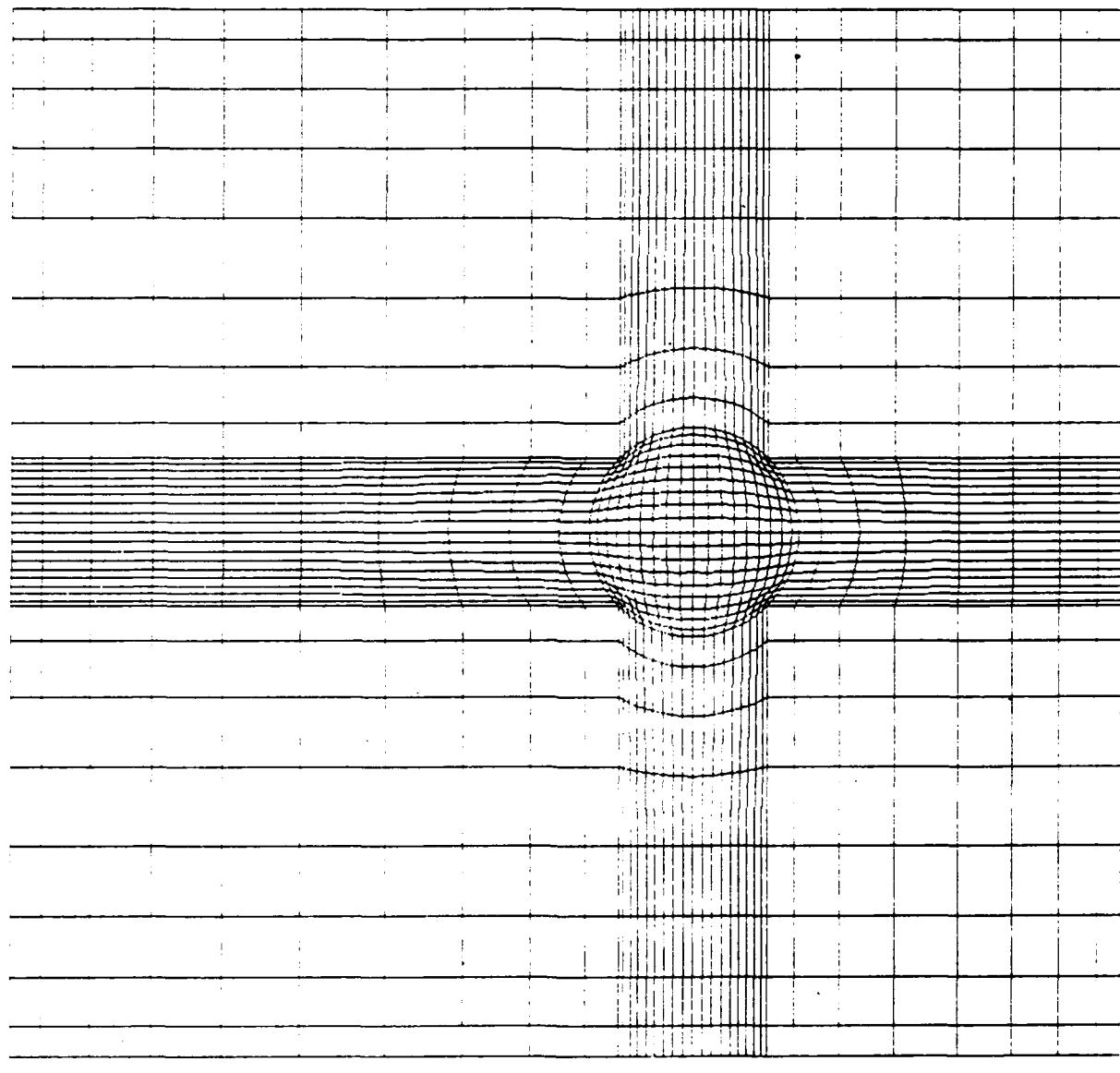


Figure 14 Final Grid of CS69



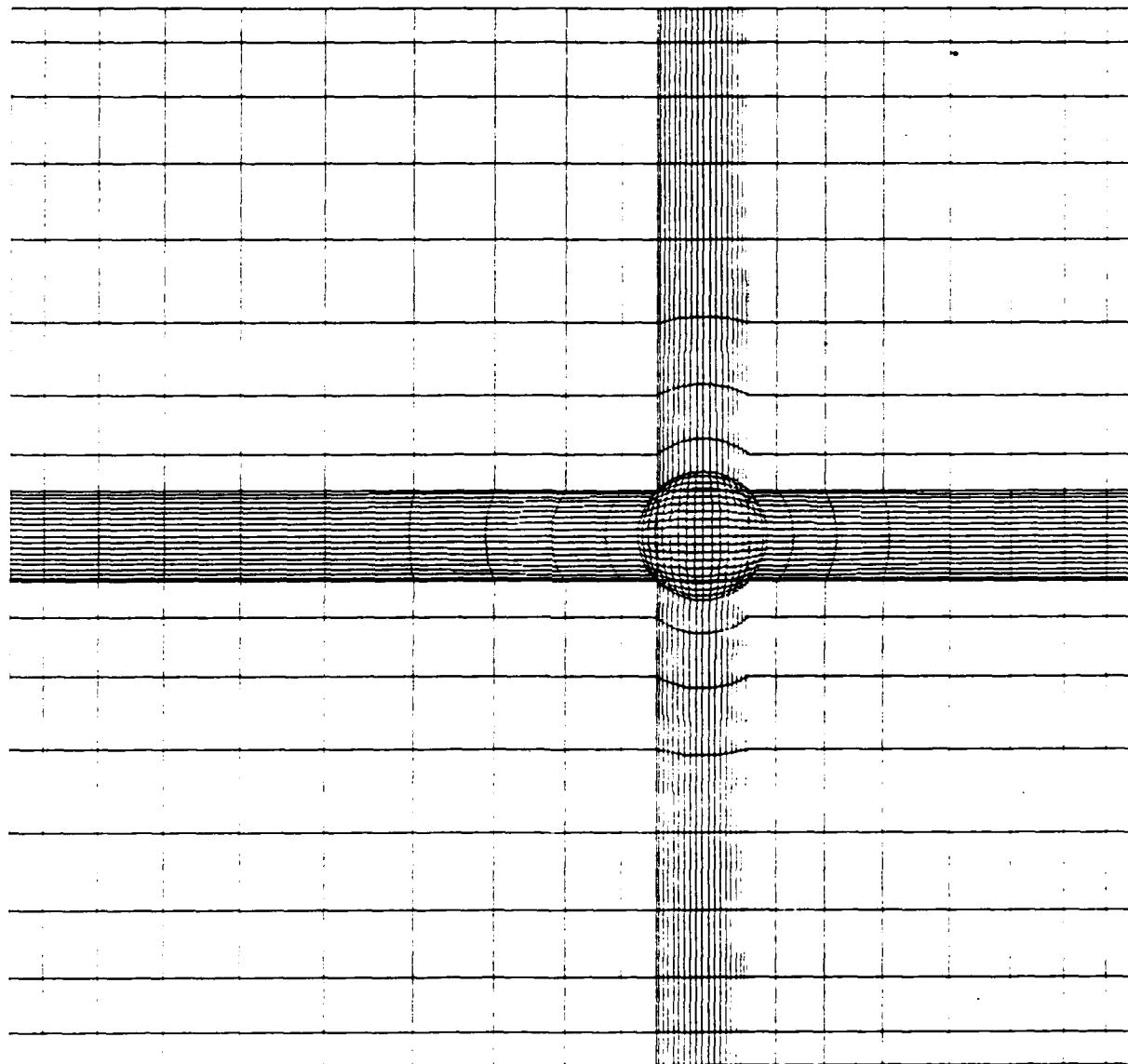


Figure 15 Initial Grid of CS70

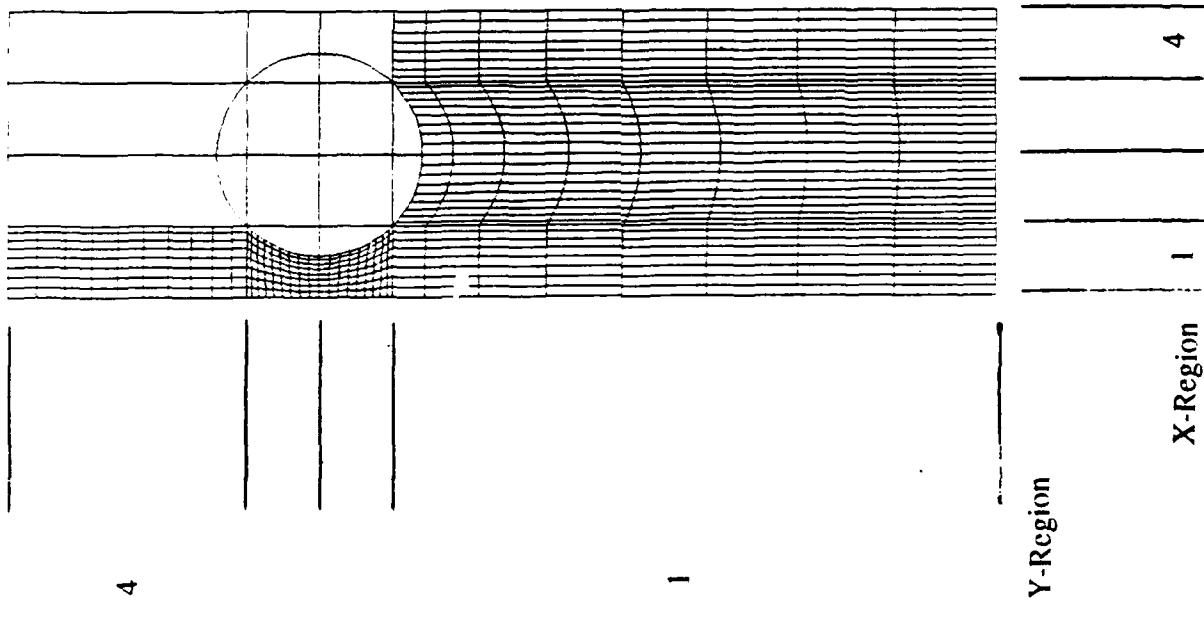
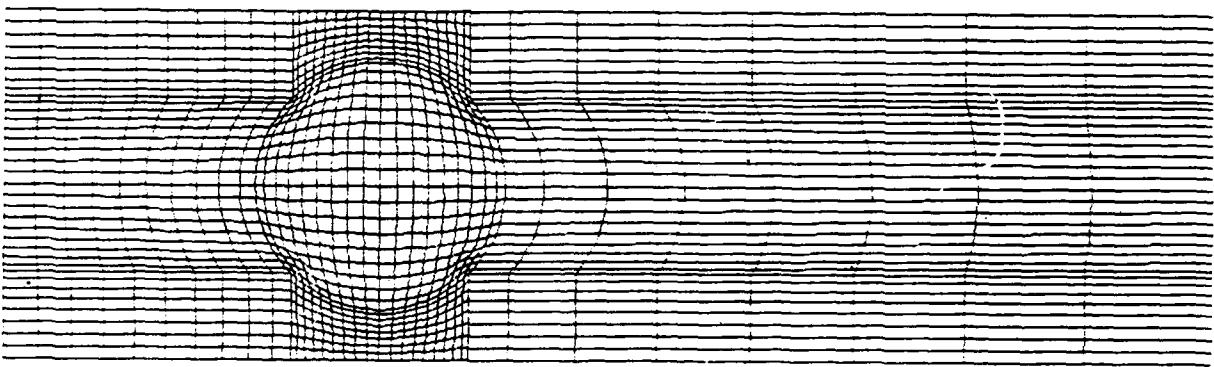


Figure 16 Regions of CS71

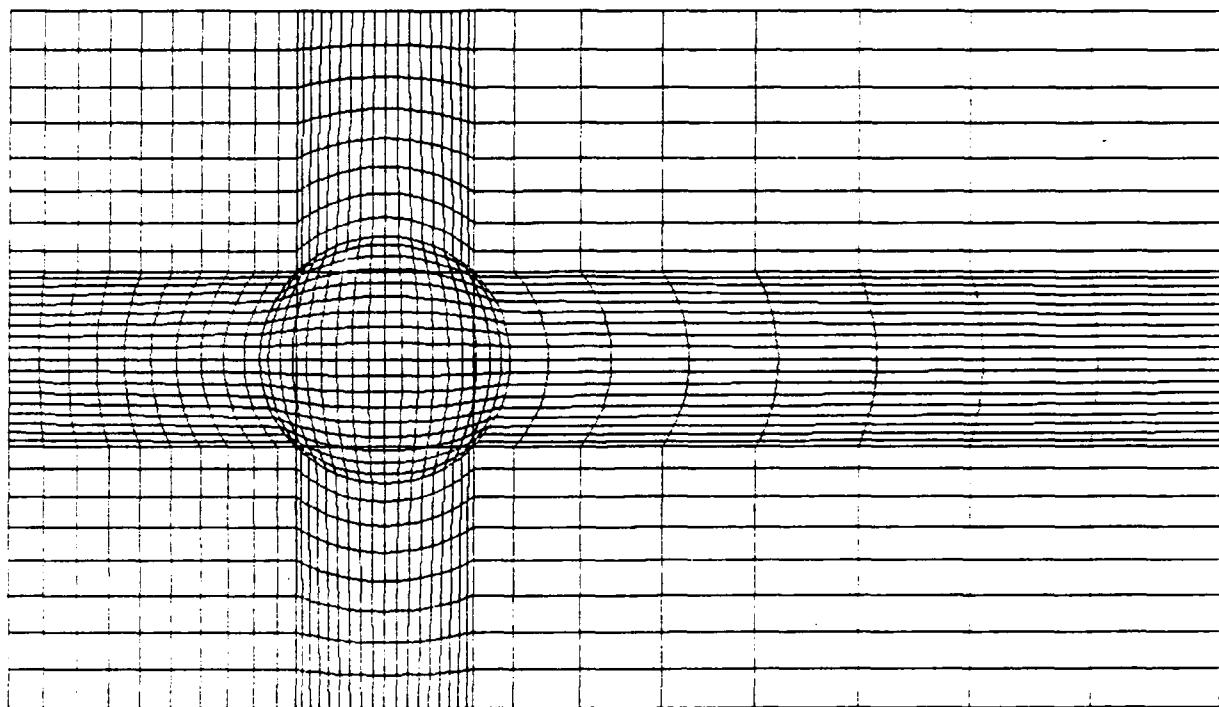
• Figure 17 Final Grid CS71



1000

100

Figure 18 Initial Grid CS72



F18

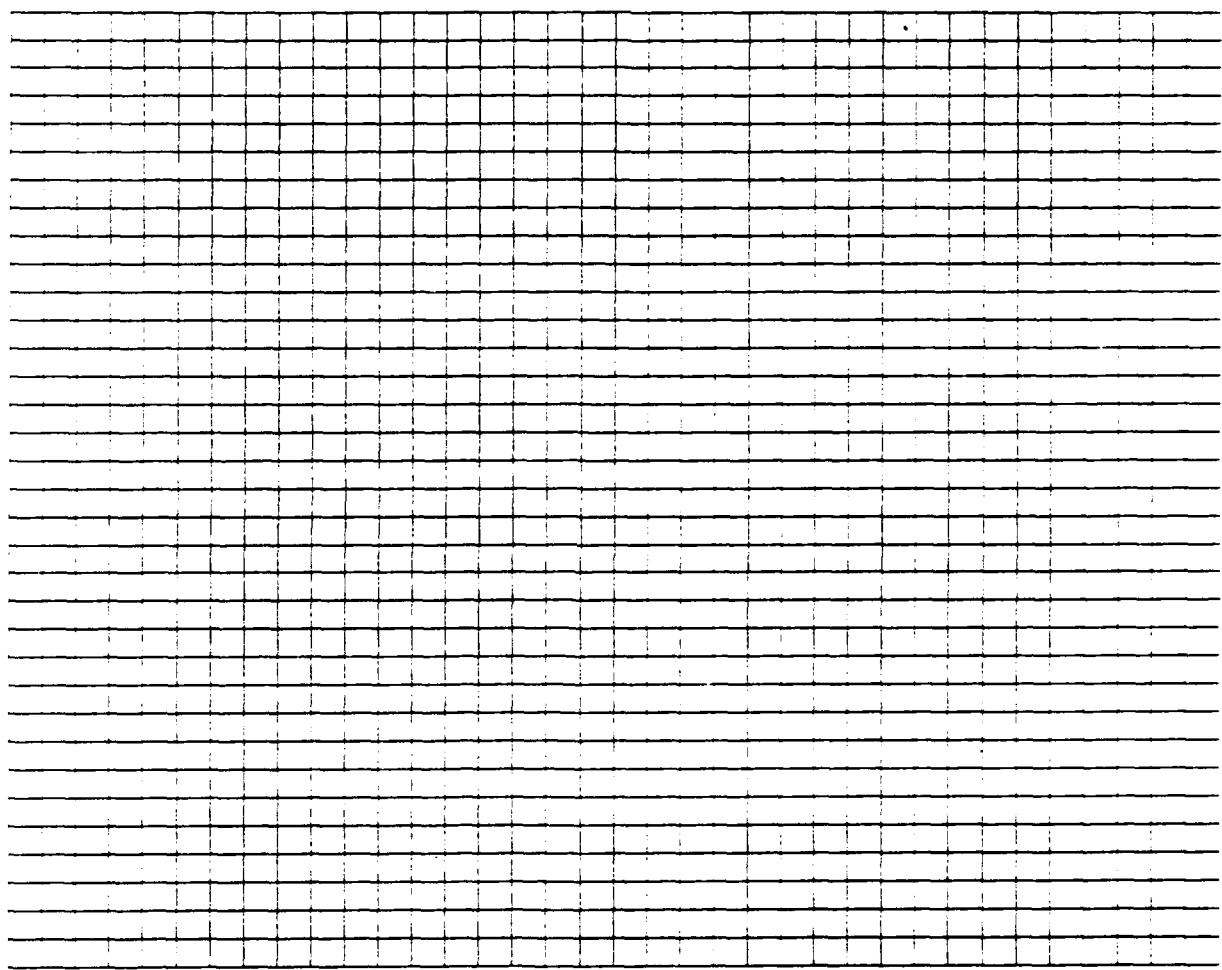


Figure 19 Grid of CS73

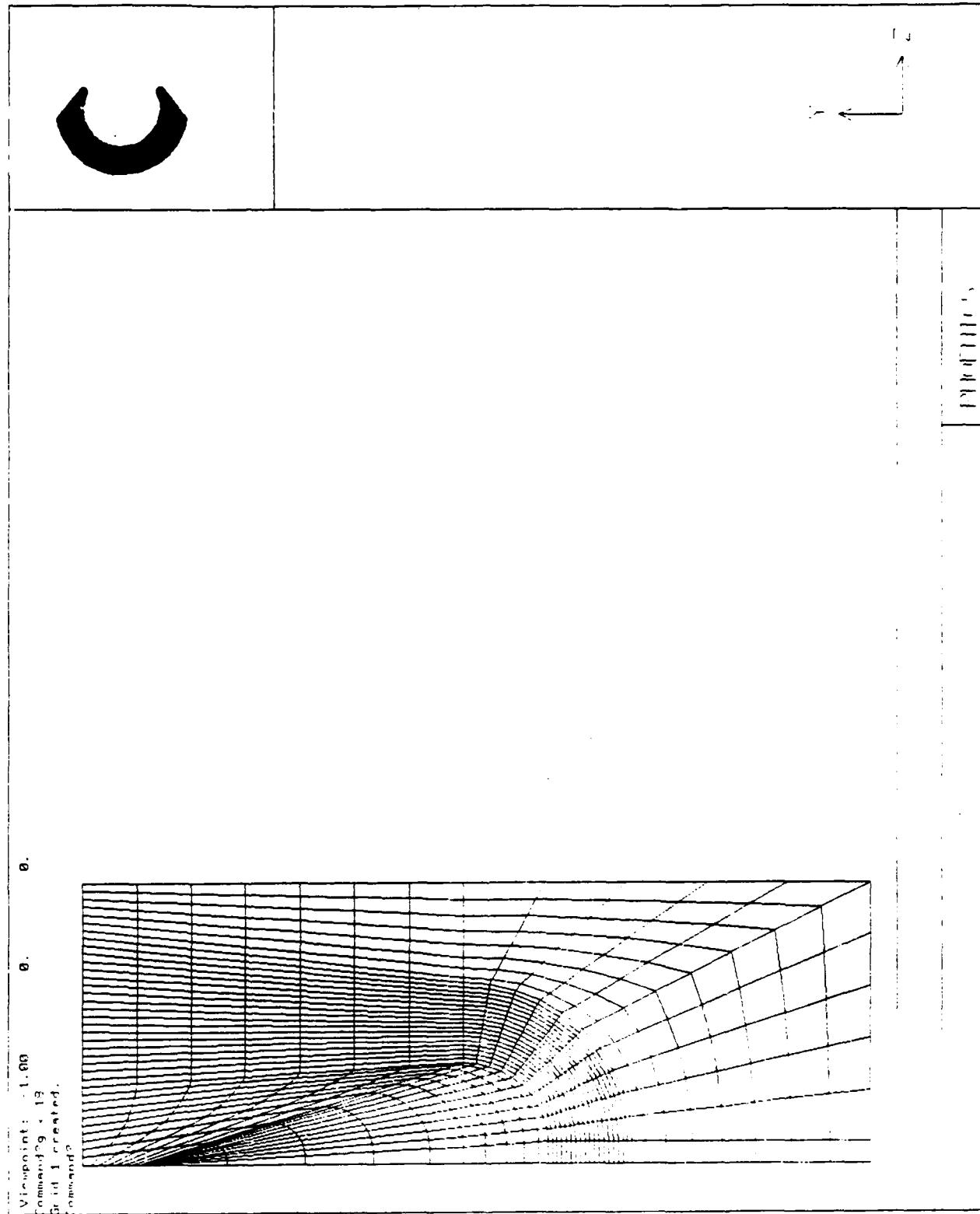


Figure 20 Grid of Original Chimney Section

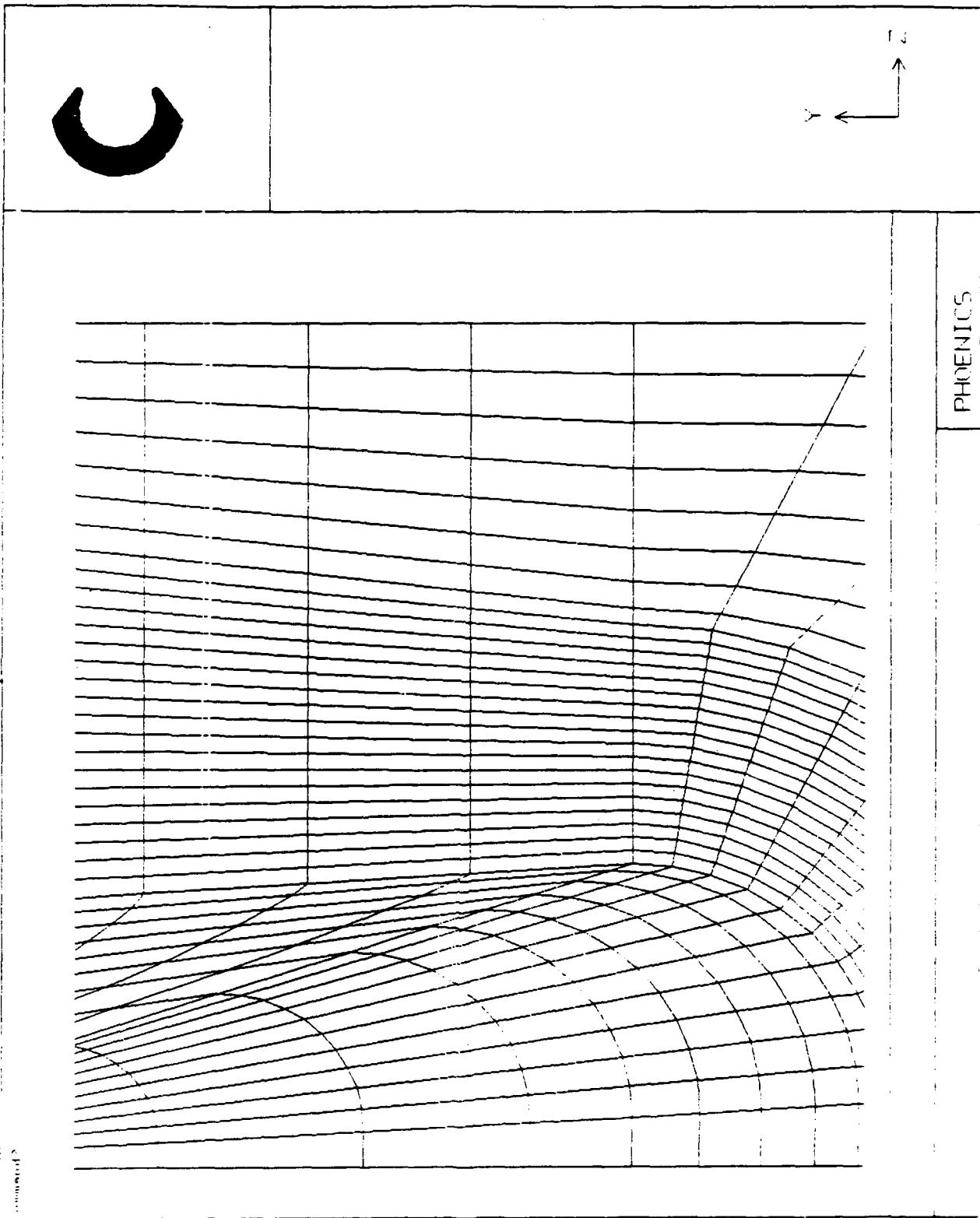
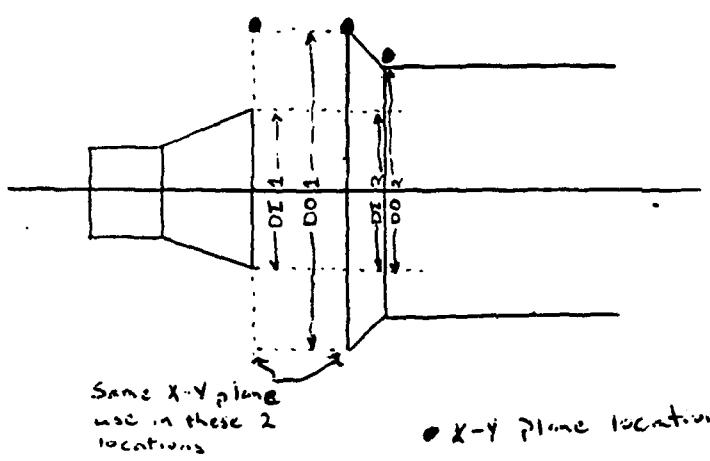


Figure 21, Enlargement of original grid of chimney section

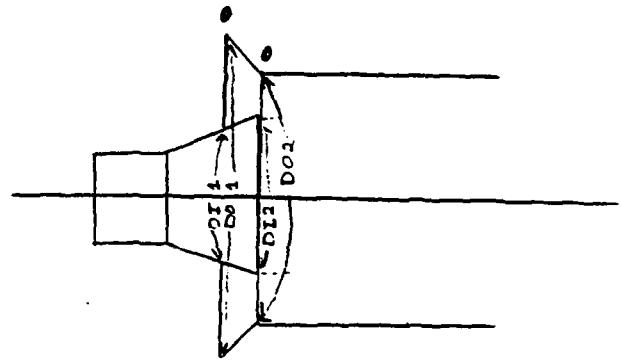
## **APPENDIX A**

# LOCATIONS OF $DI_x + DO_x$

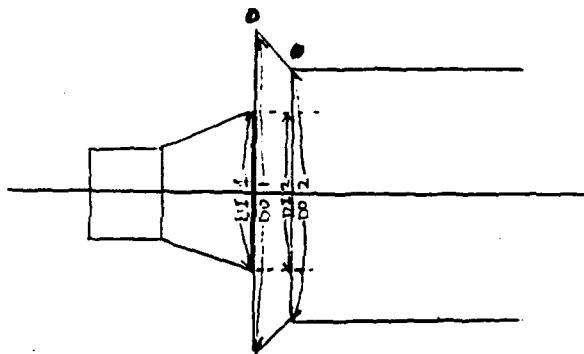
**TYPE A**



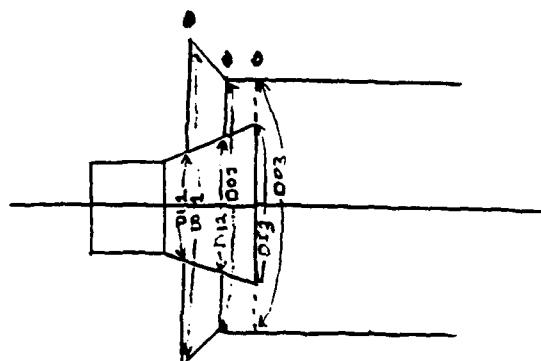
**TYPE D**



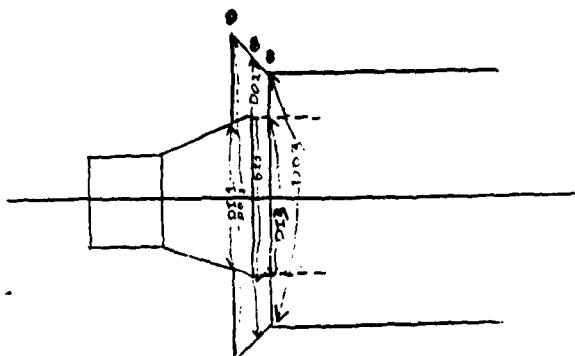
**TYPE B**



**TYPE E**



**TYPE C**



$D \rightarrow$  Diameter

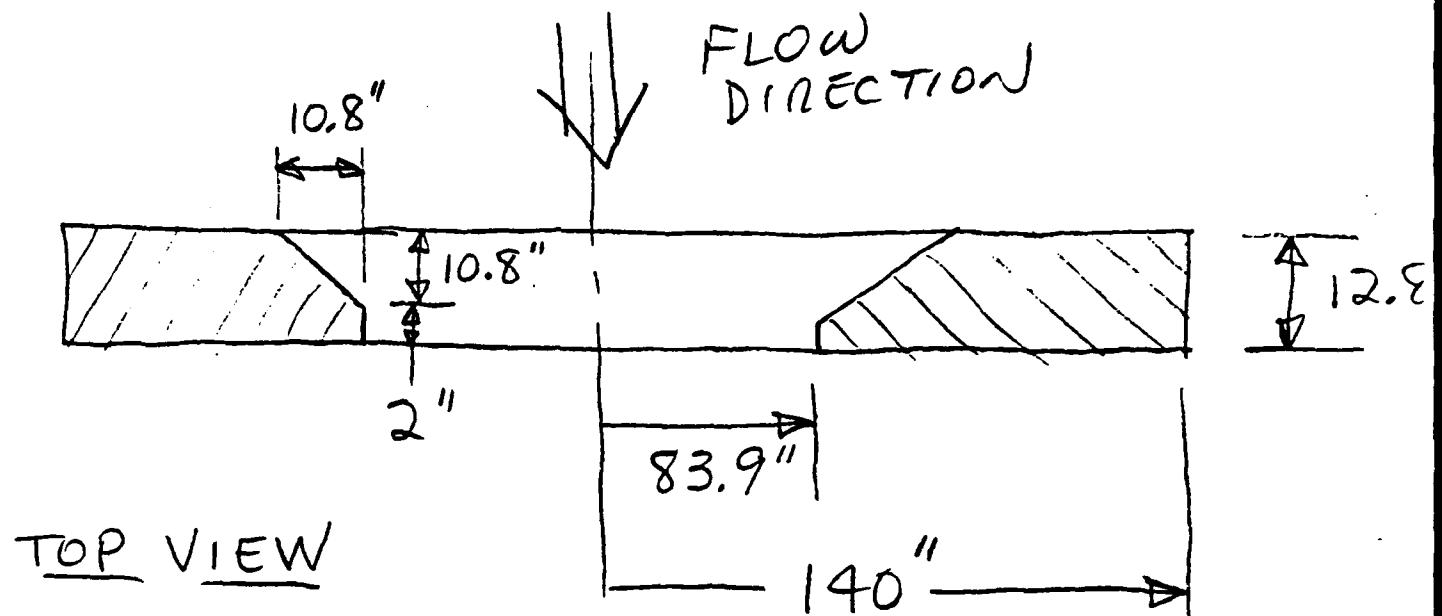
$I \rightarrow$  Inner

$O \rightarrow$  Outer

$1 \rightarrow$  Plane 1

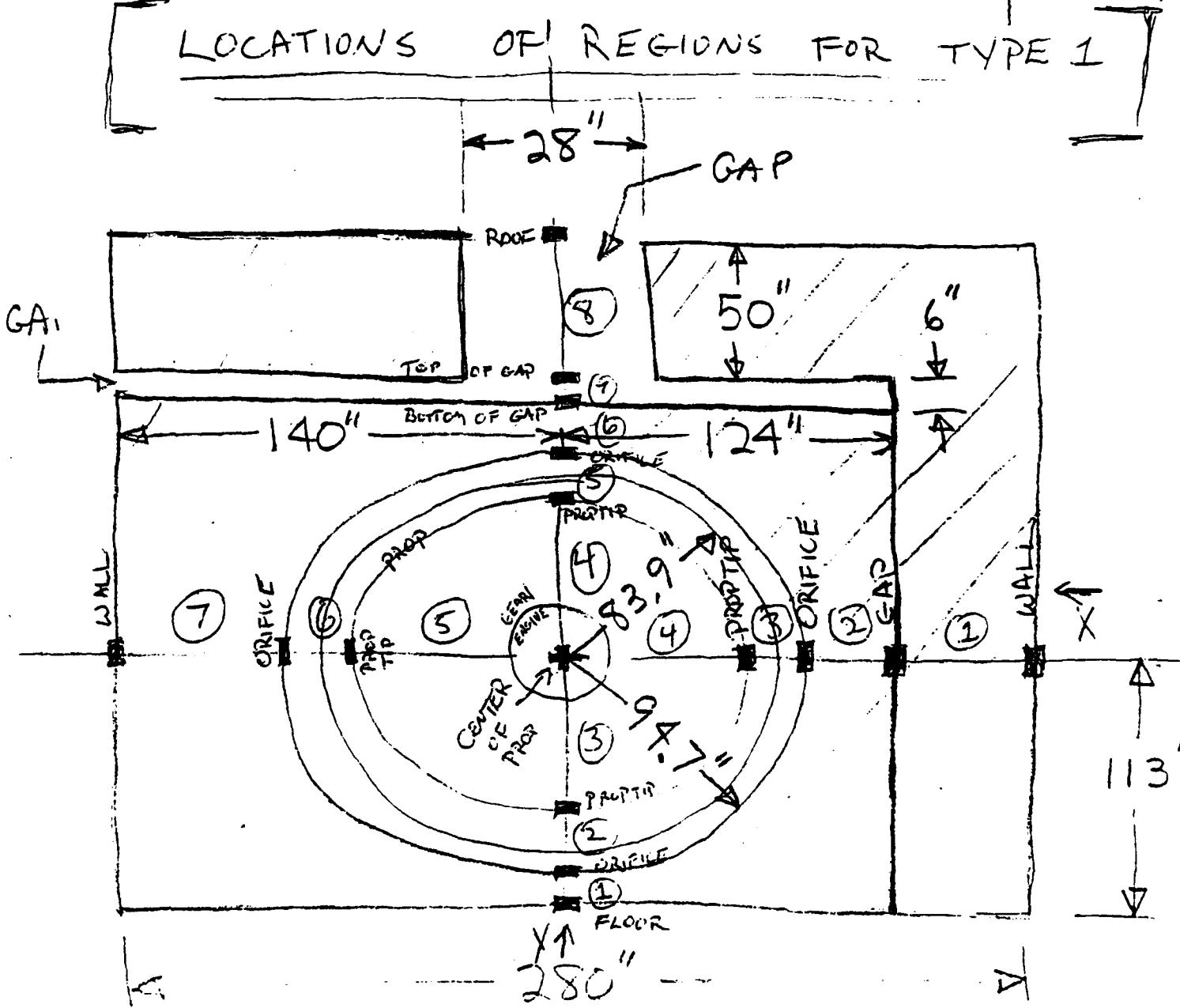
$2 \rightarrow$  Plane 2

$3 \rightarrow$  Plane 3

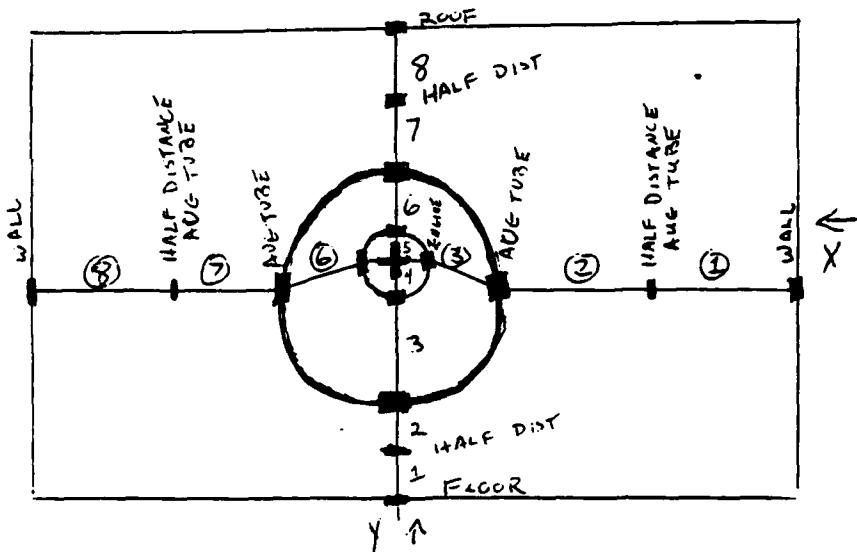


## TOP VIEW

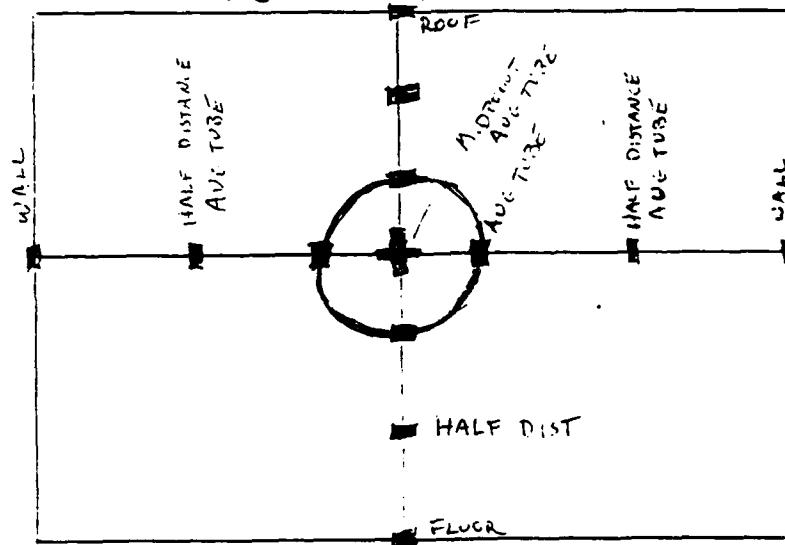
## LOCATIONS OF REGIONS FOR TYPE 1



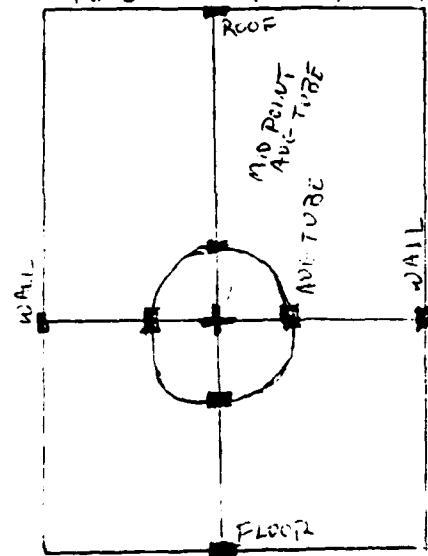
### REGIONS FOR TYPE 2



### REGIONS FOR TYPE 3



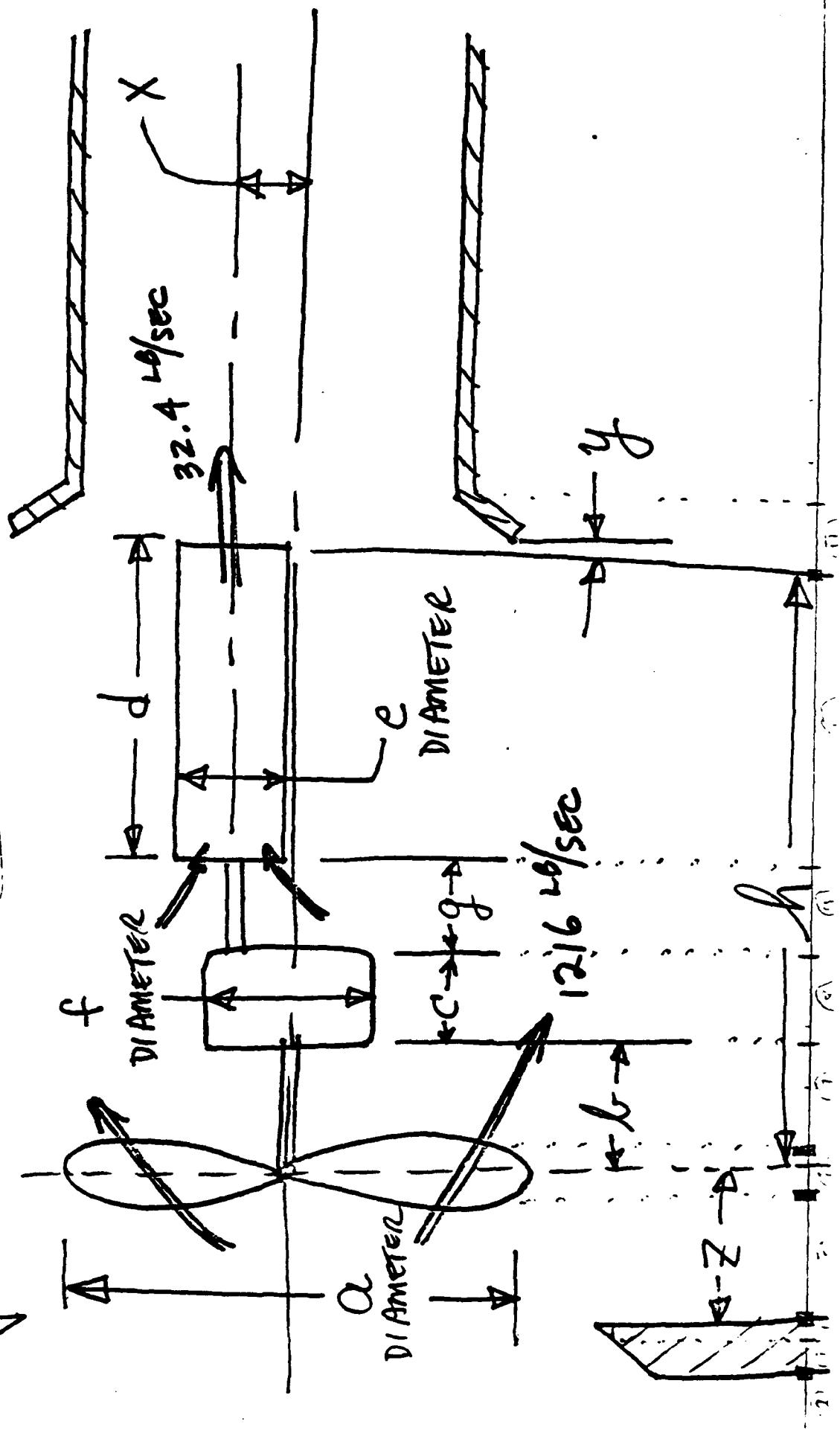
### REGIONS FOR TYPE 4

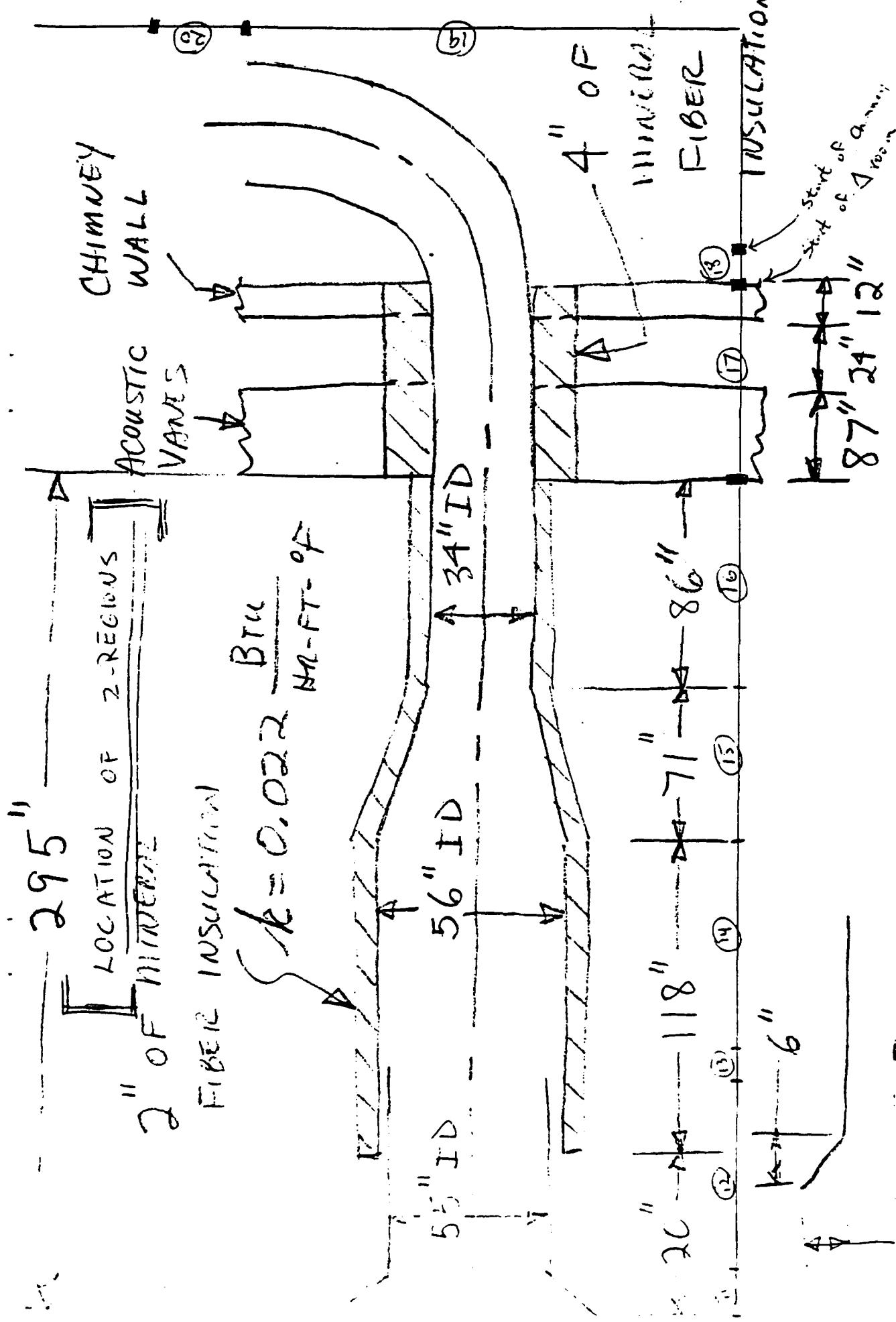


# T56 DIMENSIONS

$\rightarrow +$  DIRECTION

LOCATIONS OF 2-REGIONS





AUGMENTER TABLE

## **APPENDIX B**

'ALK=F;RUN(1,1)  
    GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries  
"EXT(NCEL: TEST CELL--TURBOPROP ENGINE)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\* GRID SECTION \*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\* PRELIMINARY: Grid generation is an art form. This \*\*\*  
\*\*\* model attempts to make this process as painless as \*\*\*  
\*\*\* possible. Several assumptions will be made during \*\*\*  
\*\*\* this procedure. Each will be stated at an appropriate \*\*\*  
\*\*\* time. These assumptions will limit the parametric \*\*\*  
\*\*\* geometrical studies that can be accomplished. \*\*\*  
\*\*\* Geometric changes as called for by the contract will \*\*\*  
\*\*\* be possible and fairly easy to implement. This method \*\*\*  
\*\*\* will not make it easy for radical modifications to be \*\*\*  
\*\*\* modeled. However, with the appropriate assistance such \*\*\*  
\*\*\* changes should be possible.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\* PREMISE: The grid for the test cell is created from a \*\*\*  
\*\*\* 2-dimensional grid generation package. This package \*\*\*  
\*\*\* produces several X-Y cross sections. These sections \*\*\*  
\*\*\* are then stacked, blended, or rotated to produce the \*\*\*  
\*\*\* entire computational domain. In order to do this, grid \*\*\*  
\*\*\* information data is supplied by the user in the Q1 \*\*\*  
\*\*\* file. This information is then transferred to SATLIT \*\*\*  
\*\*\* where the input files for the grid generation are \*\*\*  
\*\*\* created. The user must then manually run the grid \*\*\*  
\*\*\* generation program to produce a plane of X-Y grid \*\*\*  
\*\*\* points for each input file. After this the user will \*\*\*  
\*\*\* then rerun the preprocessor (Q1-SATLIT) at which time \*\*\*  
\*\*\* the full computational grid will be produced. This is \*\*\*  
\*\*\* controlled by the setting of IG(1) in GROUP 6. If IG(1) \*\*\*  
\*\*\* is set to 0 the execution of Q1-SATLIT produces the \*\*\*  
\*\*\* input files for the grid generation package; if set to 1 \*\*\*  
\*\*\* execution of Q1-SATLIT reads 2-D grid data and creates \*\*\*  
\*\*\* 3-D grid file; if set to 2 grid generation is by-passed \*\*\*  
\*\*\* and existing 3-D grid file is used. Also, if IG(1) is \*\*\*  
\*\*\* set to 3 (GROUP 9) boundary conditions are calculated in \*\*\*  
\*\*\* SATLIT. This current method is not fully automated, \*\*\*  
\*\*\* but it requires the user to examine each computational \*\*\*  
\*\*\* plane, which can reduce grid errors.  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF PLANES: In its present form the SATLIT \*\*\*  
\*\*\* will write out 5 types of X-Y planes. Out of these \*\*\*  
\*\*\* various types of planes, modifications (or subtypes) \*\*\*  
\*\*\* are created (ie. the augmenter tube diameter changes). \*\*\*  
\*\*\* For the case that is delivered, 13 planes of grids \*\*\*  
\*\*\* are created. A description of each plane is now \*\*\*  
\*\*\* provided.  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\* TYPE 1 -- Indicated by letter A. This type is used \*\*\*

\*\*\* for the orifice. There are five planes created under  
\*\*\* this type. The first is located at the entrance. In  
\*\*\* this plane the circles of the orifice and the reduction  
\*\*\* gear/engine have been mapped into a square. The second  
\*\*\* is a cross section at the front of the orifice. The  
\*\*\* third is a plane at the constant cross section of the  
\*\*\* orifice. The fourth is at the start of the reduction  
\*\*\* gear while the fifth is located at the start of the  
\*\*\* engine. The last four planes contain an inner circle  
\*\*\* which corresponds to the diameter of reduction gear/  
\*\*\* engine and a mid circle which represents the prop.  
\*\*\* ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the diameter of the  
\*\*\* prop is less than both orifice openings. Also, the  
\*\*\* outer diameter has been increase at the fourth plane.  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* TYPE 2 -- Indicated by letter B. This type is used at  
\*\*\* the engine exit and the lip region. This type produces  
\*\*\* two or three planes of data. Normally it will produce  
\*\*\* one for the augmenter lip and one for the augmenter  
\*\*\* sleeve. If the engine falls in the tapered lip  
\*\*\* section an additional plane corresponding to this  
\*\*\* location will be needed and will become the second of  
\*\*\* the three planes produced.  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* TYPE 3 -- Indicated by letter C. This type is used to  
\*\*\* create the augmenter tube in the building. There are  
\*\*\* three planes produced under this type. The first is  
\*\*\* located at the end of the augmenter sleeve, the second  
\*\*\* is a cross section of the large diameter portion of the  
\*\*\* tube, while the third is a slice of the small diameter  
\*\*\* section of the augmenter tube.  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* TYPE 4 -- Indicated by letter D. This type is used  
\*\*\* to create the augmenter tube in the chimney section.  
\*\*\* Two planes are created for this type. The first is for  
\*\*\* the start of the triangler section while the last is  
\*\*\* located at the end of triangler section. ASSUMPTION:  
\*\*\* the point section is sliced off at given distance in  
\*\*\* order to make the walls fall outside the diameter of  
\*\*\* the augmenter tube.  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* TYPE 5 -- Data needed for this plane is taken from the  
\*\*\* other types. This type creates the exit plane (top of  
\*\*\* chimney).  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* At this time each variable used in the description of  
\*\*\* gridding in the X-direction (horizontal) will be provided.  
\*\*\* The (0,0,0) coordinate is located (standing in front of  
\*\*\* building) at the lower right hand corner. Parameters  
\*\*\* are used extensively throughout this program to make  
\*\*\* changes easier.  
\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*

\*

\*\*\*\*\*

X-DIRECTION GRIDING

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\* NRXA -- Number of X regions for Type 1 plane  
\*\*\*

\*\*\* NRXB -- Number of X regions for Type 2 plane \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NRXC -- Number of X regions for Type 3 plane \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NRXD -- Number of X regions for Type 4 plane \*\*\*  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NOTE: The number of grid cells is define for the Type 1 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* plane and then redistributed for the other types. \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* There are fourteen available regions, some may not \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* be used. \*\*\*  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX01 -- Number of cells in 1st region -> Wall to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* gap \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX02 -- Number of cells in 2nd region -> Gap to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* orifice \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX03 -- Number of cells in 3rd region -> Orifice to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* prop tip \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX04 -- Number of cells in 4th region -> Prop tip to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* center of prop \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX05 -- Number of cells in 7th region -> Center of \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* prop to prop tip \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX06 -- Number of cells in 8th region -> Prop tip to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* orifice \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX07 -- Number of cells in 9th region -> Orifice to \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* wall \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX08 -- Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX09 -- Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX10 -- Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX11 -- Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX12 -- Number of cells in 12th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX13 -- Number of cells in 13th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NX14 -- Number of cells in 14th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NOTE: The regions for the other 4 Types will now also \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* be defined. \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* TYPE 2 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Wall to half distance augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Augmenter tube to engine \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Engine to midpoint engine \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 5 -- Midpoint engine to engine \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 6 -- Engine to augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 7 -- Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 8 -- Half distance augmenter tube to wall \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* TYPE 3 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Wall to half distance augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 5 -- Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 6 -- Half distance augmenter tube to wall \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* TYPE 4 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Wall to augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Augmenter tube to wall \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* TYPE 5 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Wall to wall \*\*\*  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NXAD -- One-half number of cells in X-direction used \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* for the reduction gear/engine \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NXBD -- Number of cells in X-direction used for \*\*\*

rearrangement of three regions into two

**NOTE:** This last two items have corresponding parameters for the Y-direction. Generally they will be the same

IXAF**	-- First cell number of ** region Type 1
IXAL**	-- Last cell number of ** region Type 1
IXBF**	-- First cell number of ** region Type 2
IXBL**	-- Last cell number of ** region Type 2
IXCF**	-- First cell number of ** region Type 3
IXCL**	-- Last cell number of ** region Type 3
IXDF**	-- First cell number of ** region Type 4
IXDL**	-- Last cell number of ** region Type 4
IXMON*	-- Location of * monitoring point (9 extra)
XLA**	-- Length to end of ** region Type 1 (in)
XLB**	-- Length to end of ** region Type 2 (in)
XLC**	-- Length to end of ** region Type 3 (in)
XLD**	-- Length to end of ** region Type 4 (in)
PXA**	-- Clustering factor of ** region Type 1
PXB**	-- Clustering factor of ** region Type 2
PXC**	-- Clustering factor of ** region Type 3
PXD**	-- Clustering factor of ** region Type 4
<b>NOTE:</b>	Clustering factor is a number used to shift the cell spacing in one direction. This direction is controlled by setting this value to either a positive or negative value. The default (uniform spacing) is 1.0. This value may be less than or greater than 1.0.
<b>NOTE:</b>	Some Y-info defined here
XCENA	-- Location in the X-direction of the center of the orifice (in)
YCENA	-- Location in the Y-direction of the center of the orifice (in)
XCENB	-- Location in the X-direction of the center of the prop and reduction gear (in)
YCENB	-- Location in the Y-direction of the center of the prop and reduction gear (in)
XCENC	-- Location in the X-direction of the center of the engine (in)
YCENC	-- Location in the Y-direction of the center of the engine (in)
XCEND	-- Location in the X-direction of the center of the augmenter tube (in)
YCEND	-- Location in the Y-direction of the center of the augmenter tube (in)
DORFF	-- Diameter of orifice front (in)
DORFB	-- Diameter of orifice back (in)
DPROP	-- Diameter of prop (in)
DGEAR	-- Diameter of reduction gear (in)
DENGI	-- Diameter of engine (in)
DAUGL	-- Diameter of augmenter tube lip (in)
DAUGS	-- Diameter of augmenter sleeve (in)
DAGTF	-- Diameter of aug tube before reduction (in)
DAGTB	-- Diameter of aug tube after reduction (in)

\*\*\* NOTE: The following input is for the engine exit falling \*\*\*  
\*\*\* in the augmenter lip region. The number of planes \*\*\*  
\*\*\* produced is controlled by the setting of IG(60). \*\*\*  
\*\*\* For this situation it will be set to 3 other wise \*\*\*  
\*\*\* it will be 2. \*\*\*  
\*\*\* IG, RG, & LG are built in arrays that allow for \*\*\*  
\*\*\* easy transfer of integers, reals, and logicals to \*\*\*  
\*\*\* the various modules of the code. \*\*\*  
\*\*\* DAUGM -- Diameter of augmenter tube lip midpoint (in) \*\*\*  
\*\*\* XGAP -- Length in X-direction of the upper gap (in) \*\*\*  
\*\*\* IGAP -- Number of cells in upper gap \*\*\*  
\*\*\* PI -- PI \*\*\*  
\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*

\*

\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*

\*\*\* LOGICALS: There is 1 logical flag in the Q1 file. It \*\*\*  
\*\*\* is outlined below. \*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*

\*\*\* LG(1) -- T if the engine exit falls in aug lip region \*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*

\*\*\* WARNING: Certain lines of coding have to be activated \*\*\*  
\*\*\* or deactivated for certain logicals. Search \*\*\*  
\*\*\* for the string &&LG&& to locate such coding. \*\*\*

\*\*\* Active coding starts in the first two columns. \*\*\*

\*\*\* NOTE: There is certain coding that is needed for \*\*\*  
\*\*\* specific grid types. It will be ignored if not \*\*\*  
\*\*\* needed. Generally this type of data is indented \*\*\*  
\*\*\* by one space. \*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*

\*

\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*

\*\*\* OTHER STUFF: Additional information is needed in the \*\*\*  
\*\*\* SATLIT to create the grid input files for the grid \*\*\*  
\*\*\* generation package. For each type of plane in both \*\*\*  
\*\*\* the X & Y directions the user must specify what region \*\*\*  
\*\*\* the 'circle' starts on. For instance in the \*\*\*  
\*\*\* X-direction for the Type 1 it is the third region, \*\*\*  
\*\*\* therefore it is passed into SATLIT in the 17 slot \*\*\*  
\*\*\* (ie IG(117)) of the last cell number. It is assumed \*\*\*  
\*\*\* that the first X-Coordinate is 0.0. This is the case \*\*\*  
\*\*\* in all planes except the two created for the chimney. \*\*\*  
\*\*\* For these cases the first X-distance is passed to \*\*\*  
\*\*\* SATLIT through the RG array elements that are 10 above \*\*\*  
\*\*\* the logical unit used to write out the grid data file. \*\*\*  
\*\*\* For this case it is the 11th (LU=71) and 12th (LU=72) \*\*\*  
\*\*\* planes and RG(81) and RG(82) are set to the \*\*\*  
\*\*\* appropriate values. \*\*\*

\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*

\*

\*

```

*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  DECLARE X  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
INTEGER(NRXA,NRXB,NRXC,NRXD)
INTEGER(NX01,NX02,NX03,NX04,NX05,NX06,NX07,NX08,NX09,NX10)
INTEGER(NX11,NX12,NX13,NX14)
INTEGER(NXAD,NXBD)
INTEGER(IXAF01,IXAF02,IXAF03,IXAF04,IXAF05)
INTEGER(IXAF06,IXAF07,IXAF08,IXAF09,IXAF10)
INTEGER(IXAF11,IXAF12,IXAF13,IXAF14,IXAF15)
INTEGER(IXAL01,IXAL02,IXAL03,IXAL04,IXAL05)
INTEGER(IXAL06,IXAL07,IXAL08,IXAL09,IXAL10)
INTEGER(IXAL11,IXAL12,IXAL13,IXAL14,IXAL15)
INTEGER(IXBF01,IXBF02,IXBF03,IXBF04,IXBF05)
INTEGER(IXBF06,IXBF07,IXBF08,IXBF09,IXBF10)
INTEGER(IXBF11,IXBF12,IXBF13,IXBF14,IXBF15)
INTEGER(IXBL01,IXBL02,IXBL03,IXBL04,IXBL05)
INTEGER(IXBL06,IXBL07,IXBL08,IXBL09,IXBL10)
INTEGER(IXBL11,IXBL12,IXBL13,IXBL14,IXBL15)
INTEGER(IXCF01,IXCF02,IXCF03,IXCF04,IXCF05)
INTEGER(IXCF06,IXCF07,IXCF08,IXCF09,IXCF10)
INTEGER(IXCF11,IXCF12,IXCF13,IXCF14,IXCF15)
INTEGER(IXCL01,IXCL02,IXCL03,IXCL04,IXCL05)
INTEGER(IXCL06,IXCL07,IXCL08,IXCL09,IXCL10)
INTEGER(IXCL11,IXCL12,IXCL13,IXCL14,IXCL15)
INTEGER(IXDF01,IXDF02,IXDF03,IXDF04,IXDF05)
INTEGER(IXDF06,IXDF07,IXDF08,IXDF09,IXDF10)
INTEGER(IXDF11,IXDF12,IXDF13,IXDF14,IXDF15)
INTEGER(IXDL01,IXDL02,IXDL03,IXDL04,IXDL05)
INTEGER(IXDL06,IXDL07,IXDL08,IXDL09,IXDL10)
INTEGER(IXDL11,IXDL12,IXDL13,IXDL14,IXDL15)
INTEGER(IXMON1,IXMON2,IXMON3,IXMON4,IXMON5)
INTEGER(IXMON6,IXMON7,IXMON8,IXMON9)
INTEGER(ITMP1,ITMP2,IGAP)
REAL(XLA01,XLA02,XLA03,XLA04,XLA05)
REAL(XLA06,XLA07,XLA08,XLA09,XLA10)
REAL(XLA11,XLA12,XLA13,XLA14,XLA15)
REAL(XLB01,XLB02,XLB03,XLB04,XLB05)
REAL(XLB06,XLB07,XLB08,XLB09,XLB10)
REAL(XLB11,XLB12,XLB13,XLB14,XLB15)
REAL(XLC01,XLC02,XLC03,XLC04,XLC05)
REAL(XLC06,XLC07,XLC08,XLC09,XLC10)
REAL(XLC11,XLC12,XLC13,XLC14,XLC15)
REAL(XLD01,XLD02,XLD03,XLD04,XLD05)
REAL(XLD06,XLD07,XLD08,XLD09,XLD10)
REAL(XLD11,XLD12,XLD13,XLD14,XLD15)
REAL(PXA01,PXA02,PXA03,PXA04,PXA05)
REAL(PXA06,PXA07,PXA08,PXA09,PXA10)
REAL(PXA11,PXA12,PXA13,PXA14,PXA15)
REAL(PXB01,PXB02,PXB03,PXB04,PXB05)
REAL(PXB06,PXB07,PXB08,PXB09,PXB10)
REAL(PXB11,PXB12,PXB13,PXB14,PXB15)
REAL(PXC01,PXC02,PXC03,PXC04,PXC05)
REAL(PXC06,PXC07,PXC08,PXC09,PXC10)
REAL(PXC11,PXC12,PXC13,PXC14,PXC15)
REAL(PXD01,PXD02,PXD03,PXD04,PXD05)
REAL(PXD06,PXD07,PXD08,PXD09,PXD10)
REAL(PXD11,PXD12,PXD13,PXD14,PXD15)
REAL(XCENA,YCENA,XCENB,YCENB,XCENC,YCENC,XCEND,YCEND,YROCD)
REAL(DORFF,DORFB,DPROP,DGEAR,DENGI)

```

```

REAL(DAUGL, DAUGM, DAUGS, DAGTF, DAGTB)
*EAL(PI, XGAP)
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      LOGICALS      XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
LG(1)=T
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      CIRCLE CENTERS & DIAMETERS      XXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
I=3.141592654
XCENA=140.0;          RG(41)=XCENA
CENA=113.0;          RG(42)=YCENA
CENB=XCENA;          RG(43)=XCENB
YCENB=YCENA;          RG(44)=YCENB
YCENC=XCENA+0.0;    RG(45)=XCENC
CENC=YCENA+9.0;     RG(46)=YCENC
XCEND=XCENA;          RG(47)=XCEND
YCEND=YCENA;          RG(48)=YCEND
ROCD=51.0

DORFF=189.4;          RG(50)=DORFF
DORFB=167.8;          RG(51)=DORFB
PROP=156.0;          RG(52)=DPROP
DGEAR= 27.0;          RG(53)=DGEAR
DENGI= 18.0;          RG(54)=DENGI
DAUGL= 67.0;          RG(55)=DAUGL

&&&LG&&& ACTIVATE WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT FALL IN LIP &&&LT&&&
IG(60)=2
DAUGS= 55.0;          RG(56)=DAUGS
&&&LG&&& ACTIVATE WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT FALL IN LIP &&&LF&&&
IG(60)=3
DAUGM= 60.0;          RG(56)=DAUGM
DAUGS= 55.0;          RG(57)=DAUGS

DAGTF= 56.0;          RG(58)=DAGTF
DAGTB= 34.0;          RG(59)=DAGTB
XGAP=28.0;            RG(61)=XGAP
##### IGAP MUST BE EVEN #####
GAP=4;                 IG(61)=IGAP
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      TYPE 1 DATA      XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
NRXA=7;                IG(42)=NRXA
NXAD=4;                IG(50)=NXAD
NX01=2
NX02=3
NX03=3
NX04=9
NX05=9
NX06=3
NX07=5

IXAF01= 1;             IXAL01= NX01

```

```

IXAF02=IXAL01+1;           IXAL02=IXAL01+NX02
IXAF03=IXAL02+1;           IXAL03=IXAL02+NX03
IXAF04=IXAL03+1;           IXAL04=IXAL03+NX04
IXAF05=IXAL04+1;           IXAL05=IXAL04+NX05
IXAF06=IXAL05+1;           IXAL06=IXAL05+NX06
IXAF07=IXAL06+1;           IXAL07=IXAL06+NX07

XLA01= 16.000000;          PXA01= 1.0
XLA02= 0.000000;           PXA02=-1.2
XLA03= 0.000000;           PXA03= 1.0
XLA04= XCENA;              PXA04= 1.0
XLA05= 0.000000;           PXA05= 1.0
XLA06= 0.000000;           PXA06= 1.0
XLA07=280.000000;          PXA07= 1.3

IG(101)=IXAL01;RG(101)=XLA01;RG(121)=PXA01
IG(102)=IXAL02;RG(102)=XLA02;RG(122)=PXA02
IG(103)=IXAL03;RG(103)=XLA03;RG(123)=PXA03
IG(104)=IXAL04;RG(104)=XLA04;RG(124)=PXA04
IG(105)=IXAL05;RG(105)=XLA05;RG(125)=PXA05
IG(106)=IXAL06;RG(106)=XLA06;RG(126)=PXA06
IG(107)=IXAL07;RG(107)=XLA07;RG(127)=PXA07
IG(117)=3
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      TYPE 2 DATA      XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
NRXB=8;                      IG(44)=NRXB
IXBF01=IXAF01;                IXBL01=IXAL03/2
IXBF02=IXAL03/2+1;             IXBL02=IXAL03
IXBF03=IXAF04;                IXBL03=IXAL04-NXAD
IXBF04=IXAF05-NXAD;            IXBL04=IXAL04
IXBF05=IXAF05;                 IXBL05=IXAL04+NXAD
IXBF06=IXAF05+NXAD;            IXBL06=IXAL05
NXBD=(IXAL07-IXAL05)/2
IXBF07=IXAF06;                 IXBL07=IXAL05+NXBD
IXBF08=IXAF06+NXBD;            IXBL08=IXAL07

XLB01= 0.000000;              PXB01= 1.4
XLB02= 0.000000;              PXB02=-1.4
XLB03= 0.000000;              PXB03= 1.0
XLB04= XCENB;                 PXB04= 1.0
XLB05= 0.000000;              PXB05= 1.0
XLB06= 0.000000;              PXB06= 1.0
XLB07= 0.000000;              PXB07= 1.4
XLB08= XLA07;                 PXB08=-1.4

IG(141)=IXBL01;RG(181)=XLB01;RG(201)=PXB01
IG(142)=IXBL02;RG(182)=XLB02;RG(202)=PXB02
IG(143)=IXBL03;RG(183)=XLB03;RG(203)=PXB03
IG(144)=IXBL04;RG(184)=XLB04;RG(204)=PXB04
IG(145)=IXBL05;RG(185)=XLB05;RG(205)=PXB05
IG(146)=IXBL06;RG(186)=XLB06;RG(206)=PXB06
IG(147)=IXBL07;RG(187)=XLB07;RG(207)=PXB07
IG(148)=IXBL08;RG(188)=XLB08;RG(208)=PXB08
IG(157)=3
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      TYPE 3 DATA      XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*

```

```

*
*
RXC=6;          IG(46)=NRXC
_XCF01=IXBF01;  IXCL01=IXBL01
IXCF02=IXBF02;  IXCL02=IXBL02
_XCF03=IXBF03;  IXCL03=IXBL04
_XCF04=IXBF05;  IXCL04=IXBL06
IXCF05=IXBF07;  IXCL05=IXBL07
TXCF06=IXBF08;  IXCL06=IXBL08

..LC01= 0.000000;    PXC01= PXB01
XLC02= 0.000000;    PXC02= PXB02
..LC03= XCEND;       PXC03= 1.2
..LC04= 0.000000;    PXC04=-1.2
XLC05= 0.000000;    PXC05= PXB07
..LC06= XLA07;       PXC06= PXB08

IG(181)=IXCL01;RG(261)=XLC01;RG(281)=PXC01
IG(182)=IXCL02;RG(262)=XLC02;RG(282)=PXC02
G(183)=IXCL03;RG(263)=XLC03;RG(283)=PXC03
_G(184)=IXCL04;RG(264)=XLC04;RG(284)=PXC04
IG(185)=IXCL05;RG(265)=XLC05;RG(285)=PXC05
G(186)=IXCL06;RG(266)=XLC06;RG(286)=PXC06
G(197)=3
*
*
*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX      TYPE 4 DATA      XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX*
*
*
RXD=4;          IG(48)=NRXD
XDF01=IXCF01;  IXDL01=IXCL02
IXDF02=IXCF03;  IXDL02=IXCL03
_XDF03=IXCF04;  IXDL03=IXCL04
XDF04=IXCF05;  IXDL04=IXCL06

TTMP1=79+IG(60)
TMP2=80+IG(60)
..G(ITMP1)=116.0
RG(ITMP2)= 92.0
LD01= 0.000000;    PXD01=-1.2
LD02= XCEND;       PXD02= PXC03
XLD03= 0.000000;    PXD03= PXC04
..LD04= 0.000000;    PXD04= 1.2

IG(221)=IXDL01;RG(341)=XLD01;RG(361)=PXD01
IG(222)=IXDL02;RG(342)=XLD02;RG(362)=PXD02
G(223)=IXDL03;RG(343)=XLD03;RG(363)=PXD03
_G(224)=IXDL04;RG(344)=XLD04;RG(364)=PXD04
IG(237)=2
*
*
*****
*****          Y-DIRECTION GRIDING          *****
*****
***      NRYA      --  Number of Y regions for Type 1 plane  ***
***      NRYB      --  Number of Y regions for Type 2 plane  ***
***      NRYC      --  Number of Y regions for Type 3 plane  ***
***      NRYD      --  Number of Y regions for Type 4 plane  ***
***
```

\*\*\* NOTE: The number of grid cells is define for the Type 1  
 \*\*\* plane and then redistributed for the other types.  
 \*\*\* There are fourteen available regions, some may  
 \*\*\* . not be used.  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NY01 -- Number of cells in 1st region -> Floor to  
 \*\*\* orifice  
 \*\*\* NY02 -- Number of cells in 2nd region -> Orifice to  
 \*\*\* prop tip  
 \*\*\* NX03 -- Number of cells in 3rd region -> Prop tip to  
 \*\*\* center of prop  
 \*\*\* NX04 -- Number of cells in 6th region -> Reduction  
 \*\*\* gear to prop tip  
 \*\*\* NY05 -- Number of cells in 7th region -> Prop tip  
 \*\*\* to orifice  
 \*\*\* NY06 -- Number of cells in 8th region -> Orifice to  
 \*\*\* bottom of gap  
 \*\*\* NY07 -- Number of cells in 9th region -> Bottom of  
 \*\*\* gap to top of gap  
 \*\*\* NY08 -- Number of cells in 10th region -> Top of gap  
 \*\*\* to roof  
 \*\*\* NY09 -- Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\* NY10 -- Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\* NY11 -- Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\* NY12 -- Number of cells in 12th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\* NY13 -- Number of cells in 13th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\* NY14 -- Number of cells in 14th region -> Spare  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NOTE: The regions for the other 4 Types will now also  
 \*\*\* be defined.  
 \*\*\* TYPE 2  
 . Region 1 -- Floor to half distance augmenter tube  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Augmenter tube to engine  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Engine to midpoint engine  
 \*\*\* Region 5 -- Midpoint engine to engine  
 \*\*\* Region 6 -- Engine to augmenter tube  
 \*\*\* Region 7 -- Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 8 -- Half distance augmenter tube to roof  
 \*\*\* TYPE 3  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Floor to half distance augmenter tube  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 5 -- Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 6 -- Half distance augmenter tube to roof  
 \*\*\* TYPE 4  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Floor to augmenter tube  
 \*\*\* Region 2 -- Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 3 -- Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube  
 \*\*\* Region 4 -- Augmenter tube to center of curvature  
 \*\*\* Region 5 -- Center of curvature to roof  
 \*\*\* TYPE 5  
 \*\*\* Region 1 -- Wall to wall  
 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NYAD -- One-half number of cells in Y-direction used  
 \*\*\* for the reduction gear/engine  
 \*\*\* NYBD -- Number of cells in Y-direction used for  
 \*\*\* rearrangement of three regions into two  
 \*\*\* NOTE: This last two items have corresponding parameters

\*\*\* for the X-direction. Generally they will be the \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* the same. \*\*\*

\*\*\* IYAF\*\* -- First cell number of \*\* region Type 1 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYAL\*\* -- Last cell number of \*\* region Type 1 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYBF\*\* -- First cell number of \*\* region Type 2 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYBL\*\* -- Last cell number of \*\* region Type 2 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYCF\*\* -- First cell number of \*\* region Type 3 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYCL\*\* -- Last cell number of \*\* region Type 3 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYDF\*\* -- First cell number of \*\* region Type 4 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IYDL\*\* -- Last cell number of \*\* region Type 4 \*\*\*

\*\*\* IYMON\* -- Location of \* monitoring point (9 extra) \*\*\*

\*\*\* YLA\*\* -- Length to end of \*\* region Type 1 (in) \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* YLB\*\* -- Length to end of \*\* region Type 2 (in) \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* YLC\*\* -- Length to end of \*\* region Type 3 (in) \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* YLD\*\* -- Length to end of \*\* region Type 4 (in) \*\*\*

\*\*\* PYA\*\* -- Clustering factor of \*\* region Type 1 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* PYB\*\* -- Clustering factor of \*\* region Type 2 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* PYC\*\* -- Clustering factor of \*\* region Type 3 \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* PYD\*\* -- Clustering factor of \*\* region Type 4 \*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*

\*

\*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY\* DECLARE Y \*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY\*

\*

\*

```
INTEGER(NRYA,NRYB,NRYC,NRYD)
INTEGER(NYAD,NYBD)
INTEGER(NY01,NY02,NY03,NY04,NY05,NY06,NY07,NY08,NY09,NY10)
INTEGER(NY11,NY12,NY13,NY14)
INTEGER(IYAF01,IYAF02,IYAF03,IYAF04,IYAF05)
INTEGER(IYAF06,IYAF07,IYAF08,IYAF09,IYAF10)
INTEGER(IYAF11,IYAF12,IYAF13,IYAF14,IYAF15)
INTEGER(IYAL01,IYAL02,IYAL03,IYAL04,IYAL05)
INTEGER(IYAL06,IYAL07,IYAL08,IYAL09,IYAL10)
INTEGER(IYAL11,IYAL12,IYAL13,IYAL14,IYAL15)
INTEGER(IYBF01,IYBF02,IYBF03,IYBF04,IYBF05)
INTEGER(IYBF06,IYBF07,IYBF08,IYBF09,IYBF10)
INTEGER(IYBF11,IYBF12,IYBF13,IYBF14,IYBF15)
INTEGER(IYBL01,IYBL02,IYBL03,IYBL04,IYBL05)
INTEGER(IYBL06,IYBL07,IYBL08,IYBL09,IYBL10)
INTEGER(IYBL11,IYBL12,IYBL13,IYBL14,IYBL15)
INTEGER(IYCF01,IYCF02,IYCF03,IYCF04,IYCF05)
INTEGER(IYCF06,IYCF07,IYCF08,IYCF09,IYCF10)
INTEGER(IYCF11,IYCF12,IYCF13,IYCF14,IYCF15)
INTEGER(IYCL01,IYCL02,IYCL03,IYCL04,IYCL05)
INTEGER(IYCL06,IYCL07,IYCL08,IYCL09,IYCL10)
INTEGER(IYCL11,IYCL12,IYCL13,IYCL14,IYCL15)
INTEGER(IYDF01,IYDF02,IYDF03,IYDF04,IYDF05)
INTEGER(IYDF06,IYDF07,IYDF08,IYDF09,IYDF10)
INTEGER(IYDF11,IYDF12,IYDF13,IYDF14,IYDF15)
INTEGER(IYDL01,IYDL02,IYDL03,IYDL04,IYDL05)
INTEGER(IYDL06,IYDL07,IYDL08,IYDL09,IYDL10)
INTEGER(IYDL11,IYDL12,IYDL13,IYDL14,IYDL15)
INTEGER(IYMON1,IYMON2,IYMON3,IYMON4,IYMON5)
INTEGER(IYMON6,IYMON7,IYMON8,IYMON9)
```

```

REAL(YLA01,YLA02,YLA03,YLA04,YLA05)
REAL(YLA06,YLA07,YLA08,YLA09,YLA10)
REAL(YLA11,YLA12,YLA13,YLA14,YLA15)
REAL(YLB01,YLB02,YLB03,YLB04,YLB05)
REAL(YLB06,YLB07,YLB08,YLB09,YLB10)
REAL(YLB11,YLB12,YLB13,YLB14,YLB15)
REAL(YLC01,YLC02,YLC03,YLC04,YLC05)
REAL(YLC06,YLC07,YLC08,YLC09,YLC10)
REAL(YLC11,YLC12,YLC13,YLC14,YLC15)
REAL(YLD01,YLD02,YLD03,YLD04,YLD05)
REAL(YLD06,YLD07,YLD08,YLD09,YLD10)
REAL(YLD11,YLD12,YLD13,YLD14,YLD15)
REAL(PYA01,PYA02,PYA03,PYA04,PYA05)
REAL(PYA06,PYA07,PYA08,PYA09,PYA10)
REAL(PYA11,PYA12,PYA13,PYA14,PYA15)
REAL(PYB01,PYB02,PYB03,PYB04,PYB05)
REAL(PYB06,PYB07,PYB08,PYB09,PYB10)
REAL(PYB11,PYB12,PYB13,PYB14,PYB15)
REAL(PYC01,PYC02,PYC03,PYC04,PYC05)
REAL(PYC06,PYC07,PYC08,PYC09,PYC10)
REAL(PYC11,PYC12,PYC13,PYC14,PYC15)
REAL(PYD01,PYD02,PYD03,PYD04,PYD05)
REAL(PYD06,PYD07,PYD08,PYD09,PYD10)
REAL(PYD11,PYD12,PYD13,PYD14,PYD15)

```

\*

\*

\*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY TYPE 1 DATA YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY\*

\*

\*

```

NRYA=8;                      IG(43)=NRYA
NYAD=4;                      IG(51)=NYAD
NY01=5
NY02=3
NY03=9
NY04=9
NY05=3
NY06=3
NY07=2
NY08=2

```

IYAF01=	1;	IYAL01=	NY01
IYAF02=IYAL01+1;		IYAL02=IYAL01+NY02	
IYAF03=IYAL02+1;		IYAL03=IYAL02+NY03	
IYAF04=IYAL03+1;		IYAL04=IYAL03+NY04	
IYAF05=IYAL04+1;		IYAL05=IYAL04+NY05	
IYAF06=IYAL05+1;		IYAL06=IYAL05+NY06	
IYAF07=IYAL06+1;		IYAL07=IYAL06+NY07	
IYAF08=IYAL07+1;		IYAL08=IYAL07+NY08	

YLA01= 0.000000;	PYA01= 1.0
YLA02= 0.000000;	PYA02= 1.0
YLA03= YCENA;	PYA03= 1.0
YLA04= 0.000000;	PYA04= 1.0
YLA05= 0.000000;	PYA05= 1.0
YLA06= 238.000000;	PYA06= 1.0
YLA07= 244.000000;	PYA07= 1.0
YLA08= 294.000000;	PYA08= 1.0

```

IG(121)=IYAL01;RG(141)=YLA01;RG(161)=PYA01
IG(122)=IYAL02;RG(142)=YLA02;RG(162)=PYA02

```

```

IG(123)=IYAL03;RG(143)=YLA03;RG(163)=PYA03
IG(124)=IYAL04;RG(144)=YLA04;RG(164)=PYA04
IG(125)=IYAL05;RG(145)=YLA05;RG(165)=PYA05
IG(126)=IYAL06;RG(146)=YLA06;RG(166)=PYA06
IG(127)=IYAL07;RG(147)=YLA07;RG(167)=PYA07
IG(128)=IYAL08;RG(148)=YLA08;RG(168)=PYA08
IG(137)=2
*
*
*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY TYPE 2 DATA YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
*
*
IG(45)=NRYB
IYBL01=IYAL02/2
IYBL02=IYAL02
IYBL03=IYAL03-NYAD
IYBL04=IYAL03
IYBL05=IYAL03+NYAD
IYBL06=IYAL04
IYBL07=IYAL04+NYBD
IYBL08=IYAL08

YLB01= 0.000000; PYB01= 1.4
YLB02= 0.000000; PYB02=-1.4
YLB03= 0.000000; PYB03= 1.0
YLB04= YCENB; PYB04= 1.0
YLB05= 0.000000; PYB05= 1.0
YLB06= 0.000000; PYB06= 1.0
YLB07= 0.000000; PYB07= 1.4
YLB08= YLA08; PYB08=-1.4

IG(161)=IYBL01;RG(221)=YLB01;RG(241)=PYB01
IG(162)=IYBL02;RG(222)=YLB02;RG(242)=PYB02
IG(163)=IYBL03;RG(223)=YLB03;RG(243)=PYB03
IG(164)=IYBL04;RG(224)=YLB04;RG(244)=PYB04
IG(165)=IYBL05;RG(225)=YLB05;RG(245)=PYB05
IG(166)=IYBL06;RG(226)=YLB06;RG(246)=PYB06
IG(167)=IYBL07;RG(227)=YLB07;RG(247)=PYB07
IG(168)=IYBL08;RG(228)=YLB08;RG(248)=PYB08
IG(177)=3
*
*
*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY TYPE 3 DATA YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
*
*
IG(47)=NRYC
IYCL01=IYBL01
IYCL02=IYBL02
IYCL03=IYBL04
IYCL04=IYBL06
IYCL05=IYBL07
IYCL06=IYBL08

YLC01= 0.000000; PYC01= PYB01
YLC02= 0.000000; PYC02= PYB02
YLC03= YCEND; PYC03= 1.2
YLC04= 0.000000; PYC04=-1.2
YLC05= 0.000000; PYC05= PYB07
YLC06= YLA08; PYC06= PYB08

```

```

IG(201)=IYCL01;RG(301)=YLC01;RG(321)=PYC01
IG(202)=IYCL02;RG(302)=YLC02;RG(322)=PYC02
IG(203)=IYCL03;RG(303)=YLC03;RG(323)=PYC03
IG(204)=IYCL04;RG(304)=YLC04;RG(324)=PYC04
IG(205)=IYCL05;RG(305)=YLC05;RG(325)=PYC05
IG(206)=IYCL06;RG(306)=YLC06;RG(326)=PYC06
IG(217)=3
*
*
*YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY TYPE 4 DATA YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
*
*
NRYD=4; IG(49)=NRYD
IYDF01=IYCF01; IYDL01=IYCL02
IYDF02=IYCF03; IYDL02=IYCL03
IYDF03=IYCF04; IYDL03=IYCL04
IYDF04=IYCF05; IYDL04=IYCL06

YLD01= 0.000000; PYD01=-1.4
YLD02= YCEND; PYD02= PYC03
YLD03= 0.000000; PYD03= PYC04
YLD04= YCEND+YROCD; PYD04= 1.2

IG(241)=IYDL01;RG(381)=YLD01;RG(401)=PYD01
IG(242)=IYDL02;RG(382)=YLD02;RG(402)=PYD02
IG(243)=IYDL03;RG(383)=YLD03;RG(403)=PYD03
IG(244)=IYDL04;RG(384)=YLD04;RG(404)=PYD04
IG(257)=2
*
*
***** Z-DIRECTION GRIDING *****
*** NOTE: With the X-Y gird information, several planes of
*** grid points will be produced in the SATLIT. In
*** this section the user must specify how these
*** planes are then stacked, blended, or rotated.
*** There will be a plane of data for the front face
*** of each of the following regions.
***
*** NCS -- Number of regions in Z-direction
***
*** NZ01 -- Number of cells in 1st region -> End of
*** baffles to half distance orifice
*** NZ02 -- Number of cells in 2nd region -> Half
*** distance orifice to start of orifice
*** NZ03 -- Number of cells in 3rd region -> Start of
*** orifice to orifice angle
*** NZ04 -- Number of cells in 4th region -> Orifice
*** angle to end of orifice
*** NZ05 -- Number of cells in 5th region -> End of
*** orifice to start of prop
*** NZ06 -- Number of cells in 6th region -> Start of
*** prop to end of prop
*** NZ07 -- Number of cells in 7th region -> End of prop
*** to start of reduction gear
*** NZ08 -- Number of cells in 8th region -> Start of

```

\*\*\* NZ09 -- reduction gear to end of reduction gear \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ10 -- Number of cells in 9th region -> End of reduction gear to start of engine \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ11 -- Number of cells in 10th region -> Start of engine to end of engine and augmenter lip \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ12 -- Number of cells in 11th region -> Augmenter lip to start of augmenter sleeve \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ13 -- Number of cells in 12th region -> Start of augmenter sleeve to end augmenter sleeve \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ14 -- Number of cells in 13th region -> End of augmenter sleeve to augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ASSUMPTION: This is an arbitrary region to make up for the difference in diameter. \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ15 -- Number of cells in 20th region -> Augmenter tube to start of augmenter tube reduction \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ16 -- Number of cells in 15th region -> Start of augmenter tube reduction to end of reduction \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ17 -- Number of cells in 16th region -> End of augmenter tube reduction to start of baffles \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ18 -- Number of cells in 17th region -> Start of baffles to start of triangular room \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ASSUMPTION: The start of the triangular room has be 'chopped' off for orthogonality \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ19 -- Number of cells in 18th region -> Start of triangular room to start of chimney \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ20 -- Number of cells in 19th region -> Start of chimney to end of augmenter tube \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ21 -- Number of cells in 20th region -> End of augmenter tube to end of domain \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ22 -- Number of cells in 21th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ23 -- Number of cells in 22th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ24 -- Number of cells in 23th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ25 -- Number of cells in 24th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* NZ26 -- Number of cells in 25th region -> Spare \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IZF\*\* -- First cell number of \*\* region \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IZL\*\* -- Last cell number of \*\* region \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* IZMON\* -- Location of \* monitoring point (9 extra) \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ZL\*\* -- Length to end of \*\* region (in) \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* PZ\*\* -- Clustering factor of \*\* region \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ITRI -- Number of cells in straight section of augmenter tube in chimney \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ZPT -- Length of straight section of augmenter tube in chimney \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* ZCH -- Height at start of baffles in chimney \*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*  
 \*  
 \*  
 \*ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ DECLARE Z ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ\*  
 \*  
 \*

```

INTEGER(NCS,ITRI)
NTEGER(NZ01,NZ02,NZ03,NZ04,NZ05,NZ06,NZ07,NZ08,NZ09,NZ10)

```

```
INTEGER(NZ11,NZ12,NZ13,NZ14,NZ15,NZ16,NZ17,NZ18,NZ19,NZ20)
INTEGER(NZ21,NZ22,NZ23,NZ24,NZ25)
INTEGER(IZF01,IZF02,IZF03,IZF04,IZF05)
INTEGER(IZF06,IZF07,IZF08,IZF09,IZF10)
INTEGER(IZF11,IZF12,IZF13,IZF14,IZF15)
INTEGER(IZF16,IZF17,IZF18,IZF19,IZF20)
INTEGER(IZF21,IZF22,IZF23,IZF24,IZF25)
INTEGER(IZL01,IZL02,IZL03,IZL04,IZL05)
INTEGER(IZL06,IZL07,IZL08,IZL09,IZL10)
INTEGER(IZL11,IZL12,IZL13,IZL14,IZL15)
INTEGER(IZL16,IZL17,IZL18,IZL19,IZL20)
INTEGER(IZL21,IZL22,IZL23,IZL24,IZL25)
INTEGER(IZMON1,IZMON2,IZMON3,IZMON4,IZMON5)
INTEGER(IZMON6,IZMON7,IZMON8,IZMON9)
REAL(ZL01,ZL02,ZL03,ZL04,ZL05)
REAL(ZL06,ZL07,ZL08,ZL09,ZL10)
REAL(ZL11,ZL12,ZL13,ZL14,ZL15)
REAL(ZL16,ZL17,ZL18,ZL19,ZL20)
REAL(ZL21,ZL22,ZL23,ZL24,ZL25)
REAL(PZ01,PZ02,PZ03,PZ04,PZ05)
REAL(PZ06,PZ07,PZ08,PZ09,PZ10)
REAL(PZ11,PZ12,PZ13,PZ14,PZ15)
REAL(PZ16,PZ17,PZ18,PZ19,PZ20)
REAL(PZ21,PZ22,PZ23,PZ24,PZ25)
REAL(ZPT,ZCH)
```

\*  
\*  
\* ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ GEOMETRY & STACKING INFO ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ\*  
\*  
\*

NCS=20;  
NZ01=4  
NZ02=4  
NZ03=4  
NZ04=2  
NZ05=3  
NZ06=1  
NZ07=4  
NZ08=3  
NZ09=3  
NZ10=5  
NZ11=2  
NZ12=5  
NZ13=1  
NZ14=4  
NZ15=3  
NZ16=4  
NZ17=5  
NZ18=2

ZPT=9.0;	RG(90)=ZPT
ZCH=317.0;	RG(91)=ZCH
IZF01= 1;	IZL01= NZ01
IZF02=IZL01+1;	IZL02=IZL01+NZ02
IZF03=IZL02+1;	IZL03=IZL02+NZ03

IZF04=IZL03+1;	IZL04=IZL03+NZ04
IZF05=IZL04+1;	IZL05=IZL04+NZ05
IZF06=IZL05+1;	IZL06=IZL05+NZ06
IZF07=IZL06+1;	IZL07=IZL06+NZ07
IZF08=IZL07+1;	IZL08=IZL07+NZ08
IZF09=IZL08+1;	IZL09=IZL08+NZ09
IZF10=IZL09+1;	IZL10=IZL09+NZ10
IZF11=IZL10+1;	IZL11=IZL10+NZ11
IZF12=IZL11+1;	IZL12=IZL11+NZ12
IZF13=IZL12+1;	IZL13=IZL12+NZ13
IZF14=IZL13+1;	IZL14=IZL13+NZ14
IZF15=IZL14+1;	IZL15=IZL14+NZ15
IZF16=IZL15+1;	IZL16=IZL15+NZ16
IZF17=IZL16+1;	IZL17=IZL16+NZ17
IZF18=IZL17+1;	IZL18=IZL17+NZ18
IZF19=IZL18+1;	IZL19=IZL18+NZ19
IZF20=IZL19+1;	IZL20=IZL19+NZ20

ZL01=102.5;	PZ01= 1.3
ZL02=205.0;	PZ02=-1.6
ZL03=215.8;	PZ03= 1.0
ZL04=217.8;	PZ04= 1.0

note prop width 5" ass

ZL05=231.3;	PZ05= 1.0
ZL06=236.3;	PZ06= 1.0
ZL07=247.8;	PZ07= 1.2
ZL08=267.8;	PZ08= 1.0
ZL09=298.8;	PZ09= 1.0
ZL10=394.8;	PZ10= 1.0
ZL11=400.8;	PZ11= 1.0
ZL12=430.8;	PZ12= 1.0
ZL13=436.8;	PZ13= 1.0
ZL14=532.8;	PZ14= 1.0
ZL15=603.8;	PZ15= 1.0
ZL16=689.8;	PZ16= 1.0
ZL17=842.3;	PZ17= 1.0
ZL18=871.8;	PZ18= 1.0
ZL19=991.8;	PZ19= 1.0
ZL20=991.8;	PZ20= 1.4

IG(511)=NZ01;RG(511)=ZL01;RG(541)=PZ01	
IG(512)=NZ02;RG(512)=ZL02;RG(542)=PZ02	
IG(513)=NZ03;RG(513)=ZL03;RG(543)=PZ03	
IG(514)=NZ04;RG(514)=ZL04;RG(544)=PZ04	
IG(515)=NZ05;RG(515)=ZL05;RG(545)=PZ05	
IG(516)=NZ06;RG(516)=ZL06;RG(546)=PZ06	
IG(517)=NZ07;RG(517)=ZL07;RG(547)=PZ07	
IG(518)=NZ08;RG(518)=ZL08;RG(548)=PZ08	
IG(519)=NZ09;RG(519)=ZL09;RG(549)=PZ09	
IG(520)=NZ10;RG(520)=ZL10;RG(550)=PZ10	
IG(521)=NZ11;RG(521)=ZL11;RG(551)=PZ11	
IG(522)=NZ12;RG(522)=ZL12;RG(552)=PZ12	
IG(523)=NZ13;RG(523)=ZL13;RG(553)=PZ13	
IG(524)=NZ14;RG(524)=ZL14;RG(554)=PZ14	
IG(525)=NZ15;RG(525)=ZL15;RG(555)=PZ15	
IG(526)=NZ16;RG(526)=ZL16;RG(556)=PZ16	
IG(527)=NZ17;RG(527)=ZL17;RG(557)=PZ17	
IG(528)=NZ18;RG(528)=ZL18;RG(558)=PZ18	
IG(529)=NZ19;RG(529)=ZL19;RG(559)=PZ19	
IG(530)=NZ20;RG(530)=ZL20;RG(560)=PZ20	

##### IG WHERE CHIMNEY STARTS #####  
IG(537)=19

IG(541)=1;IG(571)=61;IG(601)=61  
IG(542)=2;IG(572)=61;IG(602)=62  
IG(543)=2;IG(573)=62;IG(603)=63  
IG(544)=1;IG(574)=63;IG(604)=63  
IG(545)=1;IG(575)=63;IG(605)=63  
IG(546)=1;IG(576)=63;IG(606)=63  
IG(547)=2;IG(577)=63;IG(607)=64  
IG(548)=1;IG(578)=64;IG(608)=64  
IG(549)=2;IG(579)=64;IG(609)=65  
IG(550)=2;IG(580)=65;IG(610)=66  
IG(551)=2;IG(581)=66;IG(611)=67  
IG(552)=2;IG(582)=67;IG(612)=68  
IG(553)=2;IG(583)=68;IG(613)=69  
IG(554)=1;IG(584)=69;IG(614)=69  
IG(555)=2;IG(585)=69;IG(615)=70  
IG(556)=1;IG(586)=70;IG(616)=70  
IG(557)=2;IG(587)=70;IG(617)=71  
IG(558)=2;IG(588)=71;IG(618)=72  
IG(559)=3;IG(589)=72;IG(619)=72  
IG(560)=4;IG(590)=72;IG(620)=73

GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification  
GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification

NX=NX01+NX02+NX03+NX04+NX05+NX06+NX07+NX08+NX09

NX=NX+NX10+NX11+NX12+NX13+NX14

GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification

NY=NY01+NY02+NY03+NY04+NY05+NY06+NY07+NY08+NY09

NY=NY+NY10+NY11+NY12+NY13+NY14

GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification

NZ=NZ01+NZ02+NZ03+NZ04+NZ05+NZ06+NZ07+NZ08+NZ09+NZ10+NZ11

NZ=NZ+NZ12+NZ13+NZ14+NZ15+NZ16+NZ17+NZ18+NZ19+NZ20+NZ21

NZ=NZ+NZ22+NZ23+NZ24+NZ25

GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion

BFC=T;NONORT=T

IG(1)=2

SATRUN(NECL)

READCO(GRID)

GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named

SOLUTN(P1,Y,Y,N,N,N)

SOLVE(U1,V1,W1)

SOLUTN(U1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)

SOLUTN(V1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)

SOLUTN(W1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)

SOLVE(H1,C1)

STORE(RHO1)

STORE(C3,C4,C5,C6,C7)

STORE(U2,V2,W2,C8,C9,C10,C11)

NAME(C4)=TEMP

NAME(C5)=CP

NAME(C8)=PH2O

NAME(C9)=TFAR

NAME(C10)=RHOE

NAME(C11)=SPAR

TURMOD(KEMODL)

STORE(ENUT)

KELIN=1

## GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices

**TERMS (H<sub>1</sub>, N, P, P, P, P, P)**

## GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)

六

## USER DEFINED VARIABLES

\*\*\* NOTE: These are the variables used to define this problem.

```

*** COND1   -- k for mineral fiber (BTU/hr/ft/F)
*** COND2   -- k for steel (BTU/hr/ft/F)
*** THICK1  -- Thickness of mineral fiber (in)
*** THICK2  -- Thickness of steel (in)
*** TAMB    -- Temperature ambient (F)
*** TENG    -- Temperature engine (F)
*** EMDOT   -- Engine flow rate (lb/s)
*** FMDOT   -- Fuel flow rate (lb/s)
*** PAMB    -- Pressure ambient (mm Hg)
*** TIG     -- Turbulence intensity inlet (-)
*** TIE     -- Turbulence intensity engine (-)
*** XKFCT1  -- K-loss factor inlet (-)
*** XKFCT2  -- K-loss factor outlet (-)
*** XKFCT3  -- K-loss factor chimney (-)
*** AMF1    -- N2 mass fraction ambient (-)
*** AMF2    -- O2 mass fraction ambient (-)
*** AMF3    -- CO2 mass fraction ambient (-)
*** AMF4    -- H2O mass fraction ambient (-)
*** EMF1    -- N2 mass fraction engine (-)
*** EMF2    -- O2 mass fraction engine (-)
*** EMF3    -- CO2 mass fraction engine (-)
*** EMF4    -- H2O mass fraction engine (-)
*** RPM     -- RPM of turboprop (r/m)
*** SHP     -- Shaft horse power of engine (hp)
*** PCTK    -- % of engine power wasted generating
*** ICURVE  -- Selector for Ct/Cp curve in ground
*** NRAMP   -- # sweeps over which to ramp in KE-
***          -- sources at beginning of calculation

```

\*\*\* WARNING: There are temperature traps set in GROUP 18. At  
\*\*\* the present time the values are 273 K and 950 K

#### **\*\*\*\*\* OTHER VARIABLES \*\*\*\*\***

\*\*\* NOTE: These are the variables used to define this  
\*\*\* problem.

\*\*\* XCON01 -- Converts in to m  
\*\*\* XCON02 -- Converts F to R  
\*\*\* XCON03 -- Converts R to K  
\*\*\* XCON04 -- Converts BTU/ft/h/R to J/s/m/K  
\*\*\* XCON05 -- Converts lb to kg  
\*\*\* XCON06 -- Converts N/sq m to in H2O

```

*** XCON07 -- Converts m/s to ft/s
*** XCON08 -- Converts kg/cu m to lb/cu ft
*** XCON09 -- Converts in Hg to N/sq m
*** XCON10 -- Spare
*** XCON11 -- Spare
*** PTRAP -- Pressure trap (N/sq m)
*** RGAS -- Gas constant (N-m/K/kgmol)
*** XMW1 -- Molecular weight N2 (kg/kgmol)
*** XMW2 -- Molecular weight O2 (kg/kgmol)
*** XMW3 -- Molecular weight CO2 (kg/kgmol)
*** XMW4 -- Molecular weight H2O (kg/kgmol)
*** EARSOR -- Area of engine plate source side (sq m)
*** RHOAMB -- Density ambient (kg/cu m)
*** RHOENG -- Density engine (kg/cu m)
*** ENTHA -- Enthalpy ambient (J/kg)
*** ENTHE -- Enthalpy engine (J/kg)
*** GAPIN -- Gap between inlet baffles (m)
*** GKE -- Inlet KE (sq m/sq s)
*** GEP -- Inlet EP (sq m/cu s)
*** EKE -- Engine KE (sq m/sq s)
*** EEP -- Engine EP (sq m/cu s)
*****
*
```

```

REAL(TAMB,RGAS,TENG)
REAL(EARSOR,RHOAMB,RHOENG)
REAL(AMF1,AMF2,AMF3,AMF4,EMF1,EMF2,EMF3,EMF4)
REAL(ENTHA,ENTHE,XMW1,XMW2,XMW3,XMW4,XMWA,XMWE)
REAL(COND1,THICK1,COND2,THICK2,PTRAP)
REAL(XCON01,XCON02,XCON03,XCON04,XCON05,XCON06)
REAL(XCON07,XCON08,XCON09,XCON10,XCON11)
REAL(EMDOT,FMDOT,PAMB)
REAL(GAPIN,TIG,TIE,GKE,GEP,EKE,EEP)
REAL(XKFCT1,XKFCT2,XKFCT3)
REAL(RPM,SHP,PCTK)
INTEGER(ICURVE,NRAMP)

```

```

COND1=0.022
COND2=26.0
THICK1=2.0
THICK2=0.25
TAMB=77.0
TENG=1100.0
EMDOT=32.4
FMDOT=0.83333333
PAMB=29.92
TIG=0.02
TIE=0.15
XKFCT1=1.0
XKFCT2=1.0
XKFCT3=1.0
AMF1=0.7683
AMF2=0.2317
AMF3=0.0
AMF4=0.0
EMF1=0.7479
EMF2=0.1411

```

```

EMF3=0.081
EMF4=0.030
PM=1021.
HP=4591.
PCTK=5.
CURVE=2
RAMP=10
*
*****
conversions
XCON01=0.0254;           RG(31)=XCON01
CON02=459.67;             RG(32)=XCON02
CON03=5.0/9.0;            RG(33)=XCON03
XCON04=1.73073;           RG(34)=XCON04
CON05=0.45359;            RG(35)=XCON05
CON06=407.16/101325.0;    RG(36)=XCON06
XCON07=3.2802;             RG(37)=XCON07
XCON08=0.062428;           RG(38)=XCON08
CON09=101325.0/29.92;     RG(39)=XCON09

COND1=COND1*XCON04
OND2=OND2*XCON04
HICK1=THICK1*XCON01
THICK2=THICK2*XCON01
AMB=(TAMB+XCON02)*XCON03
ENG=(TENG+XCON02)*XCON03
EMDOT=EMDOT*XCON05
FMDOT=FMDOT*XCON05
G(702)=FMDOT
AMB=PAMB*XCON09
density info
TRAP=0.05
G(29)=PTRAP
RGAS=8314.32
RG( 1)=AMF1
G( 2)=AMF2
AG( 3)=AMF3
RG( 4)=AMF4
G( 5)=EMF1
G( 6)=EMF2
RG( 7)=EMF3
G( 8)=EMF4
G( 9)=TAMB
RG(10)=TENG
XMW1=28.1608;             RG(21)=XMW1
MW2=31.9988;               RG(22)=XMW2
MW3=44.0100;               RG(23)=XMW3
XMW4=18.0152;               RG(24)=XMW4
G(25)=RGAS
area calculation engine
EARSOR=PI*(DENGI/2.*XCON01)*(DENGI/2.*XCON01)
G(802)=EARSOR
density calculation
XMWA=1.0/(AMF1/XMW1+AMF2/XMW2+AMF3/XMW3+AMF4/XMW4)
XMWE=1.0/(EMF1/XMW1+EMF2/XMW2+EMF3/XMW3+EMF4/XMW4)
HOAMB=PAMB*XMWA/(RGAS*TAMB)
G(701)=RHOAMB
RHOENG=PAMB*XMWE/(RGAS*TENG)
run satlit for enthalpy calculation

```

```

IG(1)=3
SATRUN(NECL)
    other stuff
ENTHA=RG(11)
ENTHE=RG(12)
PRESSO=PAMB
RHO1=GRND
DRH1DP=GRND
    turbulence (assume 1 ft gap and 1 m/s velocity)
GAPIN=1.0*XCON01
GKE=0.5*(1.0*TIG)**2
GEP=0.164*GKE**1.5/(0.09*GAPIN)
EKE=0.5*((EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)*TIE)**2
EEP=0.164*EKE**1.5/(0.09*EARSOR**0.5)

```

#### GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties

```

*****
***** INDEX *****
*****
*** The following variables are used as an index to define ***
*** the extent of blockages in the X, Y, & Z directions. ***
*** This was done because a user may change the number of ***
*** regions in each direction. The user will then make the ***
*** appropriate changes in this section and then no further ***
*** changes will be required below this section. The ***
*** nomenclature for the variables below is as follows: ***
*** 1.) The first letter represents direction (ie I for X), ***
*** 2.) Middle two letters represents the blockage name, & ***
*** 3.) Last letter represents first or last. ***
*****
*
```

```

INTEGER(IO1F,IO1L,JO1F,JO1L,KO1F,KO1L)
INTEGER(IO2F,IO2L,JO2F,JO2L,KO2F,KO2L)
INTEGER(IO3F,IO3L,JO3F,JO3L,KO3F,KO3L)
INTEGER(IO4F,IO4L,JO4F,JO4L,KO4F,KO4L)
INTEGER(IO5F,IO5L,JO5F,JO5L,KO5F,KO5L)
INTEGER(IO6F,IO6L,JO6F,JO6L,KO6F,KO6L)
INTEGER(IO7F,IO7L,JO7F,JO7L,KO7F,KO7L)
INTEGER(IPRF,IPRL,JPRF,JPRL,KPRF,KPRL)
INTEGER(IRGF,IRGL,JRGF,JRGL,KRGF,KRGL)
INTEGER(IEGF,IEGL,JEGF,JEGL,KEGF,KEGL)
INTEGER(IA1F,IA1L,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,KA1L)
INTEGER(IA2F,IA2L,JA2F,JA2L,KA2F,KA2L)
INTEGER(IW1F,IW1L,JW1F,JW1L,KW1F,KW1L)
INTEGER(IW2F,IW2L,JW2F,JW2L,KW2F,KW2L)
INTEGER(IW3F,IW3L,JW3F,JW3L,KW3F,KW3L)
INTEGER(IW4F,IW4L,JW4F,JW4L,KW4F,KW4L)
INTEGER(IIN,KEP)
INTEGER(IEPF,IEPL,JEPF,JEPL)

```

```

    orifice housing (lower section)
IO1F=IXAF01;           IO1L=IXAL07
JO1F=IYAF01;           JO1L=IYAL01
KO1F=IZF03;           KO1L=IZL04
    orifice housing (mid-right section)
IO2F=IXAF01;           IO2L=IXAL02
JO2F=IYAF02;           JO2L=IYAL05

```

KO2F=IZF03; KO2L=IZL04  
     orifice housing (mid-left section)  
 IO3F=IXAF07; IO3L=IXAL07  
 JO3F=IYAF02; JO3L=IYAL05  
 KO3F=IZF03; KO3L=IZL04  
     orifice housing (above orifice-below gap)  
 IO4F=IXAF01; IO4L=IXAL07  
 JO4F=IYAF06; JO4L=IYAL06  
 KO4F=IZF03; KO4L=IZL04  
     orifice housing (beside gap)  
 IO5F=IXAF01; IO5L=IXAL01  
 JO5F=IYAF07; JO5L=IYAL07  
 KO5F=IZF03; KO5L=IZL04  
     orifice housing (top-right section)  
 IO6F=IXAF01; IO6L=IXAL04-IGAP/2  
 JO6F=IYAF08; JO6L=IYAL08  
 KO6F=IZF03; KO6L=IZL04  
     orifice housing (top-left section)  
 IO7F=IXAF05+IGAP/2; IO7L=IXAL07  
 JO7F=IYAF08; JO7L=IYAL08  
 KO7F=IZF03; KO7L=IZL04

prop  
 IPRF=IXAF04; IPRL=IXAL05  
 JPRF=IYAF03; JPRL=IYAL04  
 KPRF=IZF06; KPRL=IZL06

reduction gear  
 IRGF=IXAF05-NXAD; IRGL=IXAL04+NXAD  
 JRGF=IYAF04-NYAD; JRGL=IYAL03+NYAD  
 KRGF=IZF08; KRGL=IZL08

engine  
 IEGF=IXAF05-NXAD; IEGL=IXAL04+NXAD  
 JEGF=IYAF04-NYAD; JEGL=IYAL03+NYAD  
 KEGF=IZF10; KEGL=IZL10

engine plate  
 IEPF=IEGF; IEPL=IEGL  
 JEPF=JEGF; JEPL=JEGL  
 KEP=IZF10+2

IG(711)=KEP  
 TG(712)=IEPF; IG(713)=IEPL  
 IG(714)=JEPF; IG(715)=JEPL

augmenter tube (in building)  
 IA1F=IXCF03; IA1L=IXCL04  
 JA1F=IYCF03; JA1L=IYCL04  
 KA1F=IZF11; KA1L=IZL16

augmenter tube (in chimney)  
 IA2F=IXDF02; IA2L=IXDL03  
 JA2F=IYDF02; JA2L=IYDL03  
 KA2F=IZF18; KA2L=IZL19

wall (lower section)  
 TW1F=IXDF01; IW1L=IXDL04  
 JW1F=IYDF01; JW1L=IYDL01  
 KW1F=IZF17; KW1L=IZL18

wall (mid-right section)  
 TW2F=IXDF01; IW2L=IXDL01

```

JW2F=IYDF02;           JW2L=IYDL03
KW2F=IZF17;            KW2L=IZL18
    wall (mid-left section)
IW3F=IXDF04;           IW3L=IXDL04
JW3F=IYDF02;           JW3L=IYDL03
KW3F=IZF17;            KW3L=IZL18
    wall (top section)
IW4F=IXDFC1;           IW4L=IXDL04
JW4F=IYDF04;           JW4L=IYDL04
KW4F=IZF17;            KW4L=IZL18

```

GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields  
orifice

```

CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO1F, IO1L, JO1F,-JO1L,-KO1F,-KO1L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO2F,-IO2L, JO2F, JO2L,-KO2F,-KO2L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IO3F, IO3L, JO3F, JO3L,-KO3F,-KO3L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO4F, IO4L,-JO4F,-JO4L,-KO4F,-KO4L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO5F,-IO5L, JO5F, JO5L,-KO5F,-KO5L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO6F,-IO6L,-JO6F, JO6L,-KO6F,-KO6L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IO7F, IO7L,-JO7F, JO7L,-KO7F,-KO7L)

```

reduction gear

```
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IRGF,-IRGL,-JRGF,-JRGL,-KRGF,-KRGL)
```

engine

```

CONPOR(0.0,SOUTH, IEGF, IEGL,-JEGF,-JEGF, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0,NORTH, IEGF, IEGL,-JEGL,-JEGL, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0,WEST, -IEGF,-IEGF, JEGF, JEGL, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0,EAST, -IEGL,-IEGL, JEGF, JEGL, KEGF, KEGL)

```

engine plate

```
CONPOR(0.0,HIGH, IEPF, IEPL, JEPF, JEPL, KEP, KEP)
```

augmenter tube (in building)

```

CONPOR(0.0,SOUTH, IA1F, IA1L,-JA1F,-JA1F, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0,NORTH, IA1F, IA1L,-JA1L,-JA1L, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0,WEST, -IA1F,-IA1F, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0,EAST, -IA1L,-IA1L, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, KA1L)

```

end wall

```

CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IW1F, IW1L, JW1F,-JW1L,-KW1F,-KW1L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IW2F,-IW2L, JW2F, JW2L,-KW2F,-KW2L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IW3F, IW3L, JW3F, JW3L,-KW3F,-KW3L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IW4F, IW4L,-JW4F, JW4L,-KW4F,-KW4L)

```

augmenter tube (in chimney)

```

CONPOR(0.0,SOUTH, IA2F, IA2L,-JA2F,-JA2F, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0,NORTH, IA2F, IA2L,-JA2L,-JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0,WEST, -IA2F,-IA2F, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0,EAST, -IA2L,-IA2L, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)

```

init all

```

FIINIT(H1)=ENTHA
FIINIT(TEMP)=TAMB
FIINIT(RHO1)=RHOAMB
FIINIT(C3)=1.0
FIINIT(W1)=7.0
    init eng

```

```
PATCH(INITA,INIVAL,IEGF,IEGL,JEGF,JEGL,KEP+1,KA1F-1,1,1)
INIT (INITA,H1,0.0,ENTHE)
```

```

INIT (INITA,TEMP,0.0,TENG)
INIT (INITA,RHO1,0.0,RHOENG)
INIT (INITA,C1,0.0,1.0)
INIT (INITA,KE,0.0,EKE)
INIT (INITA,EP,0.0,EEP)
INIT (INITA,W1,0.0,EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)
'ATCH(INITB,INIVAL,IA1F,IA1L,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,NZ,1,1)
INIT (INITB,H1,0.0,ENTHE)
INIT (INITB,TEMP,0.0,TENG)
INIT (INITB,RHO1,0.0,RHOENG)
INIT (INITB,C1,0.0,1.0)
INIT (INITB,KE,0.0,EKE)
INIT (INITB,EP,0.0,EEP)
'ATCH(INITC,INIVAL,IA1F,IA1L,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,NZ-1,1,1)
INIT (INITC,W1,0.0,EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)

```

GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments

GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources

top wall

```
'ATCH(XWALL01,NWALL,1,NX,NY,NY,IZF01,KW1F-1,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL01,U1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL01,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL01,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL01,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

bottom wall

```
'ATCH(XWALL02,SWALL,1,NX,1,1,1,KW1F-1,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL02,U1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL02,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL02,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL02,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

side to block wall

```
PATCH(XWALL03,WWALL,1,1,1,NY,1,KW1F-1,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL03,V1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL03,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL03,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL03,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
'ATCH(XWALL04,EWALL,NX,NX,1,NY,1,KW1F-1,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL04,V1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL04,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL04,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL04,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

chimney wall

```
'ATCH(XWALL05,NWALL,1,NX,NY,NY,KA2L+1,NZ,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL05,U1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL05,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL05,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL05,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
'ATCH(XWALL06,SWALL,1,NX,1,1,KW1L+1,NZ,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL06,U1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL06,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL06,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL06,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
'ATCH(XWALL07,WWALL,1,1,1,NY,KW1L+1,NZ,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL07,V1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL07,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL07,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL07,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
```

```
'ATCH(XWALL08,EWALL,NX,NX,1,NY,KW1L+1,NZ,1,1)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL08,V1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```
:OVAL(XWALL08,W1,GRND2,0.0)
```

```

COVAL(XWALL08,KE,GRND2,GRND2)
COVAL(XWALL08,EP,GRND2,GRND2)
    front opening
PATCH(XOPEN1,LOW,1,NX,1,NY,1,1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN1,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN1,W1,ONLYMS,GRND7)
COVAL(XOPEN1,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN1,KE,ONLYMS,GKE)
COVAL(XOPEN1,EP,ONLYMS,GEP)
COVAL(XOPEN1,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT1)
    back opening
PATCH(XOPEN2A,HIGH,IW1F,IW1L,JW1F,JW1L,KW1F-1,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2A,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN2A,W1,ONLYMS,SAME)
COVAL(XOPEN2A,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN2A,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2B,HIGH,IW2F,IW2L,JW2F,JW2L,KW1F-1,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2B,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN2B,W1,ONLYMS,SAME)
COVAL(XOPEN2B,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN2B,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2C,HIGH,IW3F,IW3L,JW3F,JW3L,KW1F-1,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2C,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN2C,W1,ONLYMS,SAME)
COVAL(XOPEN2C,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN2C,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2D,HIGH,IW4F,IW4L,JW4F,JW4L,KW1F-1,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2D,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN2D,W1,ONLYMS,SAME)
COVAL(XOPEN2D,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN2D,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT2)
    chimney exhaust
PATCH(XOPEN3,HIGH,1,NX,1,NY,NZ,NZ,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN3,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL(XOPEN3,W1,ONLYMS,SAME)
COVAL(XOPEN3,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHA)
COVAL(XOPEN3,UCRT,ONLYMS,XKFCT3)
    engine mdot sink
PATCH(XENGIN,HIGH,1,IEGL,IEGF,JEGL,KEP,KEP,1,1)
COVAL(XENGIN,P1,FIXFLU,GRND10)
COVAL(XENGIN,H1,ONLYMS,SAME)
RG(804)=(EMDOT-FMDOT)/EARSOR
    engine mdot source
PATCH(XENGOUT,LOW,IEGF,IEGL,JEGL,JEGL,KEP+1,KEP+1,1,1)
COVAL(XENGOUT,P1,FIXFLU,GRND10)
COVAL(XENGOUT,W1,ONLYMS,EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)
COVAL(XENGOUT,H1,ONLYMS,ENTHE)
COVAL(XENGOUT,C1,ONLYMS,1.0)
COVAL(XENGOUT,KE,ONLYMS,EKE)
COVAL(XENGOUT,EP,ONLYMS,EFP)
RG(805)=EMDOT/EARSOR
    prop
PATCH(ZPROP,PHASEM,IPRF ,IPRL,JPRF ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
COVAL(ZPROP,W1,FIXFLU,GRND9)
PATCH(XPROP,LOW ,IPRF-1,IPRL,JPRF ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
COVAL(XPROP,U1,FIXFLU,GRND9)
PATCH(YPROP,LOW ,IPRF ,IPRL,JPRF-1,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
COVAL(YPROP,V1,FIXFLU,GRND9)
PATCH(KPROP,LOW ,IPRF ,IPRL,JPRF ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
COVAL(KPROP,KE,FIXFLU,GRND9)

```

```

COVAL(KPROP,EP, FIXFLU,GRND9)
RG(830)=RPM; RG(831)=SHP
IG(832)=PCTK
IG(875)=ICURVE; IG(876)=NRAMP
    heat transfer augmenter tube (in building)
'ATCH(HEATTR1E,EWALL,IA1F-1,IA1F,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,KA1L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR1E,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1E,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
PATCH(HEATTR1W,WWALL,IA1L,IA1L+1,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,KA1L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR1W,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1W,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
'ATCH(HEATTR1N,NWALL,IA1F,IA1L,JA1F-1,JA1F,KA1F,KA1L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR1N,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1N,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
PATCH(HEATTR1S,SWALL,IA1F,IA1L,JA1L,JA1L+1,KA1F,KA1L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR1S,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1S,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
    heat transfer augmenter tube (in chimney)
PATCH(HEATTR2E,EWALL,IA2F-1,IA2F,JA2F,JA2L,KA2F,KA2L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR2E,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR2E,UCRT,COND2,THICK2)
'ATCH(HEATTR2W,WWALL,IA2L,IA2L+1,JA2F,JA2L,KA2F,KA2L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR2W,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR2W,UCRT,COND2,THICK2)
PATCH(HEATTR2N,NWALL,IA2F,IA2L,JA2F-1,JA2F,KA2F,KA2L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR2N,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR2N,UCRT,COND2,THICK2)
PATCH(HEATTR2S,SWALL,IA2F,IA2L,JA2L,JA2L+1,KA2F,KA2L,1,1)
COVAL(HEATTR2S,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR2S,UCRT,COND2,THICK2)

```

**GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.**

FSWEEP=1  
SWEEP=2500

```
*  
*****  
*****          USER CONTROLS      *****  
*****  
***  
***      The following integer arrays are described below.  
***  
***  
***      IG(901)  --  Frequency of ground printout on wall heat  
***              transfer & convergence.  
***      IG(902)  --  Frequency of restart files and English unit  
***              calculation (NOTE: Overwrites previous).  
***      IG(999)  --  Set to 1 to stop run on first sweep.  
***      IG( 38)  --  Set to 1 for first set of spot value info.  
***      IG( 39)  --  Set to 1 for second set of spot value info.  
***      IG( 40)  --  Set to 1 for third set of spot value info.  
***      IG( 41)  --  Set to 1 for additional heat transfer info.  
***
```

TG(901)=50  
TG(902)=100  
TG(999)=0

GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps  
GROUP 16. Termination of iterations

```
.ITER(P1)=30
ENDIT(P1)=1.0E-3
ENDIT(H1)=1.0E-2
:ESREF(P1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(U1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(V1)=1.0E-8
:ESREF(W1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(H1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(C1)=1.0E-8
:ESREF(KE)=1.0E-8
```

```

RESREF(EP)=1.0E-8
    GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
RELAX(P1,LINRLX,0.10)
RELAX(KE,LINRLX,0.10)
RELAX(EP,LINRLX,0.10)
RELAX(U1,FALSDT,0.001)
RELAX(V1,FALSDT,0.001)
RELAX(W1,FALSDT,0.001)
RELAX(H1,FALSDT,0.005)
RELAX(C1,FALSDT,0.005)
    GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
VARMAX(C1)=1.00;VARMIN(C1)=1.0E-10
VARMAX(ENUT)=100000000.*ENUL
VARMAX(TEMP)=950.0;VARMIN(TEMP)=273.0
    GROUP 19. Data communicated by satellite to GROUND
    GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
    GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
OUTPUT(P1,Y,Y,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(U1,Y,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(V1,Y,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(W1,Y,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(KE,N,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(EP,N,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(H1,N,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(C1,N,N,N,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(C3,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(TEMP,Y,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(CP,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(C6,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(C7,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(U2,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(V2,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(W2,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(PH2O,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(TFAR,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(RHOE,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(SPAR,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(RHO1,Y,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(UCRT,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(VCRT,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(WCRT,N,N,N,N,N)
    GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
IXMON =18;IYMON =18;IZMON = 3
IXMON1=28;IYMON1=28;IZMON1=12
IXMON2= 6;IYMON2= 6;IZMON2=19
IXMON3=18;IYMON3=18;IZMON3=19
IXMON4=13;IYMON4=13;IZMON4=37
IXMON5=13;IYMON5=13;IZMON5=44
IXMON6=18;IYMON6=18;IZMON6=46
IXMON7=11;IYMON7=11;IZMON7=58
IXMON8=11;IYMON8=26;IZMON8=70
IXMON9=19;IYMON9=16;IZMON9=72
IG(11)=IXMON1;IG(12)=IYMON1;IG(13)=IZMON1
IG(14)=IXMON2;IG(15)=IYMON2;IG(16)=IZMON2
IG(17)=IXMON3;IG(18)=IYMON3;IG(19)=IZMON3
IG(20)=IXMON4;IG(21)=IYMON4;IG(22)=IZMON4
IG(23)=IXMON5;IG(24)=IYMON5;IG(25)=IZMON5
IG(26)=IXMON6;IG(27)=IYMON6;IG(28)=IZMON6
IG(29)=IXMON7;IG(30)=IYMON7;IG(31)=IZMON7
IG(32)=IXMON8;IG(33)=IYMON8;IG(34)=IZMON8

```

```
IG(35)=IXMON9;IG(36)=IYMON9;IG(37)=IZMON9
IG(38)=1
IG(39)=1
IG(40)=0
IG(41)=0
      GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control
IZPR=T;IXPRF=19;IXPRL=19
ISTSWP=5;          NPMON=5
NPRINT=LSWEEP;    IPLTL=LSWEEP;    ITABL=3
ABSIZ=.8;         ORSIZ=.8;       NUMCLS=10
IPLT=10
      GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
RESTRT(ALL);NAMFI=INXS
STOP
```

---

**APPENDIX C**

```

C THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM OF THE SATELLITE
C PROGRAM MAIN
C FILE NAME satlit.f 09/27/87
C
C (C) COPYRIGHT 1984, LAST REVISION 1987.
C CONCENTRATION HEAT AND MOMENTUM LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
C This subroutine and the remainder of the PHOENICS code are
C proprietary software owned by Concentration Heat and Momentum
C Limited, 40 High Street, Wimbledon, London SW19 5AU, England.
C
C LOGICAL TALK,RUN,LVAL
C EXTERNAL WAYOUT
C
C 1 Set dimensions of blank-COMMON arrays here. WARNING: the
C corresponding blank-COMMON arrays in subroutine SATLIT must
C have the same dimensions.
PARAMETER (NXFD=1000,NYFD=1000,NZFD=1000,NTFD=10000)
PARAMETER (NTCVD=25000,NBFCD=500000)
COMMON TCVDA(NTCVD),XFRAC(NXFD),YFRAC(NYFD),ZFRAC(NZFD),
1TFRAC(NTFD),BFCS(NBFCD)
C
C 2 Set dimensions of PATCH-name array and the instruction-stack
C array here. The dimension of the array NLN must be the same
C as that of STACK. WARNING: the array NAMPAT in the MAIN
C program of EARTH (see GROUND) must have the same dimension.
C These are specified by the parameters npatd and nld, set below.
PARAMETER (NPATD=1000,NLD=2000)
COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(NPATD)/NSTCK/STACK(NLD)/LINENO/NLN(NLD)
CHARACTER NAMPAT*8,STACK*72
COMMON/CNFG/CNFIG
CHARACTER CNFIG*48
C
C 3 Set dimension of run array to MAXRUN.
PARAMETER (NRUND=500)
COMMON/RUNS/RUN(NRUND)
C
C 4 Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
C corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of EARTH (see
C GROUND) must have the same dimensions.
PARAMETER (NLGD=1000,NIGD=1000,NRGD=10000,NCGD=1000)
COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
LOGICAL LG
CHARACTER*4 CG
C
C 5 Set dimensions of data-for-GREX1 arrays here. WARNING: the
C corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of EARTH (see
C GROUND) must have the same dimensions.
COMMON/LSG/LSGD(20)/ISG/ISGD(20)/RSG/RSGD(100)/CSG/CSGD(10)
LOGICAL LSGD
CHARACTER*4 CSGD
C
C 6 Set dimensions for user-declared PIL variables here.
PARAMETER (NIPD=1000,NRPD=1000)
COMMON/NIDEC/INDEC(NIPD)/IDEC/INVAL(NIPD)
COMMON/NRDEC/REDEC(NRPD)/RDEC/REVAL(NRPD)
CHARACTER REDEC*6,INDEC*6
C
C 7 For more than the default of 80 variables increase nvd.
C WARNING: the corresponding parameter nvd in the MAIN program of

```

```

C EARTH (see ground.f) must be the same.
PARAMETER (NVD=80)
COMMON/LDB1/DBGPHI(NVD)/IDA1/ITERMS(NVD)/IDA2/LITER(NVD)
1/IDA3/IORCVF(NVD)/IDA4/IORCVL(NVD)/IDA5/ISLN(NVD)/IDA6/IPRN(NVD)
1/HDA1/NAME(NVD)/RDA1/DTFALS(NVD)/RDA2/RESREF(NVD)
1/RDA3/PRNDTL(NVD)/RDA4/PRT(NVD)/RDA5/ENDIT(NVD)/RDA6/VARMIN(NVD)
1/RDA7/VARMAX(NVD)/RDA8/FIINIT(NVD)/RDA9/PHINT(NVD)
1/RDA10/CINT(NVD)/RDA11/EX(NVD)
1/IPIP1/IP1(NVD)/HPIP2/IHP2(NVD)/RPIP1/RVAL(NVD)
1/LPIP1/LVAL(NVD)

C 8 Set dimension indicators to correspond with above dimensions.
CALL SUB4(MAXTCV,NTCVD,MAXRUN,NRUND,NBFC,NBFCD,NUMPHI,NVD)
CALL SUB4(NLG,NLGD,NIG,NIGD,NRG,NRGD,NCG,NCGD)
CALL SUB4(NLSG,20,NISG,20,NRSG,100,NCSG,10)
CALL SUB4(NIPIL,NIPD,NRPIL,NRPD,NPNAM,npATD,NSTACK,NLD)
CALL SUB4(NXFR,NXFD,NYFR,NYFD,NZFR,NZFD,NTFR,NTFD)

C 9 Logical unit numbers & file names.
CALL CNFGZZ(1)
CALL OPENFL(6)
CALL OPENFL(5)
CALL READQ1(TALK,RUN,MAXRUN)

C CALL SMAIN1(TALK,MAXTCV,MAXRUN,NBFC,NUMPHI,NLG,NIG,NRG,NCG,
1NLSG,NISG,NRSG,NCSG,NIPIL,NRPIL,NPNAM,NSTACK,NXFR,NYFR,NZFR,
1NTFR)
CALL WAYOUT(0)
END
*****
SUBROUTINE SAT
C
INCLUDE 'satear'
INCLUDE 'satloc'
C---- Call satellite used in BFC test-battery.
CALL BFCTST
C---- the users USERST subroutine.
IF(NAMSAT.EQ.'USER') CALL USERST
C---- Call the SATLIT subroutine.
CALL SATLIT
RETURN
END
*****
SUBROUTINE BFCTST
C
INCLUDE 'satear'
INCLUDE 'satloc'
PARAMETER (NLGD=1000,NIGD=1000,NRGD=10000,NCGD=1000)
COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
LOGICAL LG
C---- Special sequence for BFC test battery : IG(1)=28
C
IF(.NOT.(BFC.AND.IG(1).EQ.28.AND.IGR.EQ.1)) RETURN
L1=MIN0(IG(2),NZ)
IF(L1.LT.1) GO TO 2
DO 1 IZ=1,L1
1 CALL XCYIZ(IZ,LG(10))
2 L2=MAX0(1,IG(3))

```

```

        IF(L2.GT.NZ) RETURN
        DO 3 IZ=L2,NZ
3      CALL XCYIZ(IZ,LG(10))
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE USERST
        CALL WRIT40('DUMMY SUBROUTINE USERST CALLED. ')
        RETURN
        END
*****
***** SUBROUTINE SATLIT
C
C INCLUDE 'satear'
C INCLUDE 'satloc'
CXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX USER SECTION STARTS:
C
C 1 Set dimensions of blank-COMMON arrays here to the
C    dimensions of the same arrays in the MAIN program of the
C    satellite.
C    PARAMETER (NXFD=1000,NYFD=1000,NZFD=1000,NTFD=10000)
C    PARAMETER (NTCVD=25000,NBFCD=500000)
C    COMMON TCVDA(NTCVD),XFRAC(NXFD),YFRAC(NYFD),ZFRAC(NZFD),
C    1TFRAC(NTFD),BFCS(NBFCD)
C
C 2 Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
C    corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the
C    satellite program and the EARTH program must have the same
C    dimensions.
C    PARAMETER (NLGD=1000,NIGD=1000,NRGD=10000,NCGD=1000)
C    COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
C    COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
C    LOGICAL LG
C    CHARACTER*4 CG
C
C 3 Introduce SATLIT-only commons, arrays, equivalences.
C
C    DIMENSION SC(4),IX(16),XL(16),XP(16),IY(16),YL(16),YP(16),
C    &          NZC(26),ZL(26),ZP(26),IZT(26),IZF1(26),IZF2(26),
C    &          XAS(2500),YAS(2500),ZAS(2500),XAS1(2500),YAS1(2500),
C    &          ZAS1(2500),XAS2(2500),YAS2(2500),ZAS2(2500),ZASL(100)
C
C 4 User places his data statements here.
C
C    GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,
C    122,23,24),IGR
C
C--- GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries
C    1 CONTINUE
C      WRITE(6,*)'                               IN SATLIT '
C      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification
C    2 CONTINUE
C      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification
C    3 CONTINUE
C      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification

```

```

4 CONTINUE
RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification
5 CONTINUE
C
IF(IG(1).GE.2) RETURN
IF(IG(1).EQ.0) WRITE(6,*)' CREATING GRID INPUT FILES'
IF(IG(1).GE.1) WRITE(6,*)' CALCULATING INLET LOCATION'
C
C*****This is the second option for exit of the engine. There will--
C--- will be either 2 or 3 cross sections written here depending---
C--- on the location exit. It will be 2 if it ends before the-----
C--- augmenter tube or if it ends at the start of the tapered-----
C--- section or at the start of straight section. It will be 3-----
C--- if it falls in the tapered section or after the start of-----
C--- the straight section.-----
C t1
DO 561 I=1,5
C
NI=14
IX(1 )=1
CALL SETIV(IX,IG,100,1,NI)
C
XCENA=RG(41)
YCENA=RG(42)
XCENB=RG(43)
YCENB=RG(44)
RAD1=RG(52)/2.
DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
RAD2=RG(50)/2.
IF(I.EQ.3) RAD2=RG(51)/2.
DXII=(RAD2*RAD2/2.)**0.5
IFST=IG(117)
JFST=IG(137)
C
C-pd---Do trig-----
C
DXI02=DXI+(YCENB-YCENA)
TETTO2=ASIN(DXI02/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI16=DXI-(YCENB-YCENA)
TETT16=ASIN(DXI16/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI04=DXI+(XCENB-XCENA)
TETT04=ASIN(DXI04/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI06=DXI-(XCENB-XCENA)
TETT06=ASIN(DXI06/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI08=DXI+(YCENB-YCENA)
TETT08=ASIN(DXI08/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI10=DXI-(YCENB-YCENA)
TETT10=ASIN(DXI10/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI12=DXI-(XCENB-XCENA)
TETT12=ASIN(DXI12/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI14=DXI+(XCENB-XCENA)
TETT14=ASIN(DXI14/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
C
XL(1 )=0.0
CALL SETRV(XL,RC,100,1,NI)
XL(IFST+1)=XCENB-DXI
XL(IFST+3)=XCENB+DXI

```

```
XL(IFST) = XCENA-DXII  
XL(IFST+4) = XCENA+DXII
```

```
C CALL SETRV(XP,RG,120,2,NI)
```

```
C IY(1)=1  
C CALL SETIV(IY,IG,120,1,NI)
```

```
C YL(1)=0.0  
C CALL SETRV(YL,RG,140,1,NI)  
YL(JFST+1) = YCENB-DXI  
YL(JFST+3) = YCENB+DXI  
YL(JFST) = XCENA-DXII  
YL(JFST+4) = XCENA+DXII
```

```
C CALL SETRV(YP,RG,160,2,NI)
```

```
LU=60+I  
CG(LU)='CS'  
I10=LU/10  
I1=LU-I10*10  
WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10  
WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1  
OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')  
IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)  
IRX=IG(42)  
IRY=IG(43)  
CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)  
IF(I.EQ.1) THEN
```

```
--pd---Overwrite line info with box data-----  
C
```

```
IFSR=IG(117)+1  
JFSR=IG(137)+1  
IMID=IFSR+1  
JMID=JFSR+1  
IAD=IG(50)  
JAD=IG(51)  
RAD3=RG(53)/2.
```

```
WRITE(LU,*)  
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,  
XCENB-RAD3,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,  
XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB-RAD3,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,  
XCENB-RAD3,YCENB+RAD3,XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,  
XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB+RAD3,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),  
XCENB-RAD3,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,  
XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,XCENB-RAD3,YCENB+RAD3,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),  
XCENB+RAD3,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,1.0  
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,  
XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB+RAD3,1.0
```

```
C-pd---Shuffle lines-----
```

```
      WRITE(LU,*)  
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),  
      & XCENB-DXI,YCENB,XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),  
      & XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),  
      & XCENB,YCENB,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),  
      & XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,XCENB+DXI,YCENB,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD,  
      & XCENB,YCENB-DXI,XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),  
      & XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB,YCENB,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,  
      & XCENB,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,1.0  
      & WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1),  
      & XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,XCENB,YCENB+DXI,1.0
```

C

```
      WRITE(LU,*)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)  
      WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
```

C

```
      CALL WRTFI2(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,IFSR,JFSR)  
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(IRD+1)  
      GOTO 561
```

ENDIF

C

C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----

C-pd---Inner circle-----

C

```
      ANG1= 0.0  
      ANG2= 45.0  
      ANG3= 90.0  
      ANG4=135.0  
      ANG5=180.0  
      ANG6=225.0  
      ANG7=270.0  
      ANG8=315.0  
      IFST=IG(117)+1  
      JFST=IG(137)+1  
      IMID=IFST+1  
      JMID=JFST+1  
      ILST=IFST+2  
      JLST=JFST+2  
      IBEF=IFST-1  
      JBEP=JFST-1
```

```

IAFT=IFST+3
JAFT=JFST+3
WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG6,ANG7,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG7,ANG8,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG4,ANG3,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG3,ANG2,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG6,ANG5,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG5,ANG4,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG8,ANG1,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENB,YCENB,RAD1,ANG1,ANG2,YP(JMID)

```

C-pd---Shuffle lines-----

C

```

WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENB,YCENB-RAD1,XCENB,YCENB,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENB,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB+RAD1,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCENB-RAD1,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCENB,YCENB,XCENB+RAD1,YCENB,XP(IMID)

```

C-pd---Outer circle-----

```

ANG01= 0.0
ANG02= 0.0+TETT02
ANG03= 45.0
ANG04= 90.0-TETT04
ANG05= 90.0
ANG06= 90.0+TETT06
ANG07=135.0
ANG08=180.0-TETT08
ANG09=180.0
ANG10=180.0+TETT10
ANG11=225.0
ANG12=270.0-TETT12
ANG13=270.0
ANG14=270.0+TETT14
ANG15=315.0
ANG16=360.0-TETT16
IFST=IG(117)
JFST=IG(137)
IMID=IFST+2
JMID=JFST+2
ILST=IFST+4
JLST=JFST+4
IBEF=IFST-1
JBDF=JFST-1
IAFT=IFST+5
JAFT=JFST+5
WRITE(LU,*)

```

```

      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG11,ANG12,XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG12,ANG13,XP(IFST+1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG13,ANG14,XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG14,ANG15,XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG07,ANG06,XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG06,ANG05,XP(IFST+1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG05,ANG04,XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG04,ANG03,XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG11,ANG10,YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JMID),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG10,ANG09,YP(JFST+1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST-1),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG09,ANG08,YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG08,ANG07,YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG15,ANG16,YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JMID),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG16,ANG01,YP(JFST+1)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST-1),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG01,ANG02,YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
&           XCENA,YCENA,RAD2,ANG02,ANG03,YP(JLST-1)

```

C

C-pd---Shuffle lines-----

C

```

      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
&           XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XCENA,YCENA-RAD2,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
&           XCENA,YCENA-RAD2,XCENB,YCENB-RAD1,YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
&           XCENB,YCENB+RAD1,XCENA,YCENA+RAD2,YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
&           XCENA,YCENA+RAD2,XL(IMID),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCENA-RAD2,YCENA,XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENA-RAD2,YCENA,XCENB-RAD1,YCENB,XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENB+RAD1,YCENB,XCENA+RAD2,YCENA,XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENA+RAD2,YCENA,XL(IAFT),YL(JMID),XP(ILST)

```

C

C-pd---More trig-----

C

```

DELL02=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI02*DXI02)**0.5
DELL04=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI04*DXI04)**0.5
DELL06=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI06*DXI06)**0.5
DELL08=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI08*DXI08)**0.5
DELL10=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI10*DXI10)**0.5
DELL12=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI12*DXI12)**0.5

```

```

DELL14=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI14*DXI14)**0.5
DELL16=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI16*DXI16)**0.5

      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
&           XL(IFST+1),YL(JBEF),XL(IFST+1),YCENA-DELL12,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
&           XL(IFST+1),YCENA-DELL12,XL(IFST+1),YL(JFST+1),YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
&           XL(IFST+1),YL(JLST-1),XL(IFST+1),YCENA+DELL06,YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
&           XL(IFST+1),YCENA+DELL06,XL(IFST+1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
&           XL(ILST-1),YL(JBEF),XL(ILST-1),YCENA-DELL14,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
&           XL(ILST-1),YCENA-DELL14,XL(ILST-1),YL(JFST+1),YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
&           XL(ILST-1),YL(JLST-1),XL(ILST-1),YCENA+DELL04,YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
&           XL(ILST-1),YCENA+DELL04,XL(ILST-1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)

C
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
&           XL(IBEF),YL(JFST+1),XCENA-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
&           XCENA-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XL(IFST+1),YL(JFST+1),XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
&           XL(ILST-1),YL(JFST+1),XCENA+DELL16,YL(JFST+1),XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
&           XCENA+DELL16,YL(JFST+1),XL(IAFT),YL(JFST+1),XP(ILST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
&           XL(IBEF),YL(JLST-1),XCENA-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
&           XCENA-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XL(IFST+1),YL(JLST-1),XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
&           XL(ILST-1),YL(JLST-1),XCENA+DELL02,YL(JLST-1),XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
&           XCENA+DELL02,YL(JLST-1),XL(IAFT),YL(JLST-1),XP(ILST)
      WRITE(LU,*)

C
:-pd---Add lines for upper gap-----
      IF(I.EQ.2.OR.I.EQ.3) THEN
        IADD=IG(61)/2
        XDST=RG(61)/2.
        XTP=1.0
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)-IADD,IY(JAFT),IY(IRY),
&           XCENA-XDST,YL(JAFT),XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)-IADD,IY(IRY),IY(IRY+1),
&           XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY),XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY+1),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(JAFT),IY(IRY),
&           XCENA+XDST,YL(JAFT),XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(IRY),IY(IRY+1),
&           XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY),XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY+1),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(JAFT),IY(JAFT),
&           XCENA-XDST,YL(JAFT),XCENA+XDST,YL(JAFT),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(IRY),IY(IRY),
&           XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY),XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY),XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(IRY+1),IY(IRY+1),
&           XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY+1),XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY+1),XTP
      ENDIF

```

```

C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
C
    IFSR=IG(117)+1
    JFSR=IG(137)+1
    IMID=IFSR+1
    JMID=JFSR+1
    IAD=IG(50)
    JAD=IG(51)
    RAD3=RG(53)/2.
    IF(I.EQ.5) THEN
        XCENB=RG(45)
        YCENB=RG(46)
        RAD3=RG(54)/2.
    ENDIF
C
    WRITE(LU,*)
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG6,ANG7,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG7,ANG8,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG4,ANG3,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG3,ANG2,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG6,ANG5,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG5,ANG4,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG8,ANG1,1.0
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,RAD3,ANG1,ANG2,1.0
C
C-pd---Shuffle lines-----
C
    XCENC=XCENB
    YCENC=YCENB
    IF(I.EQ.5) THEN
        XCENC=RG(43)
        YCENC=RG(44)
    ENDIF
    WRITE(LU,*)
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
    &           XCENC-RAD1,YCENC,XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB-RAD3,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB,YCENB,XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB+RAD3,YCENB,XCENC+RAD1,YCENC,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD,
    &           XCENC,YCENC-RAD1,XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID),
    &           XCENB,YCENB-RAD3,XCENB,YCENB,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,
    &           XCENB,YCENB,XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,1.0
    WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1),
    &           XCENB,YCENB+RAD3,XCENC,YCENC+RAD1,1.0
C
    WRITE(LU,*)

```

```

        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)

;
        CALL WRTFI2(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,IFSR,JFSR)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
C
        WRITE(LU,*)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(JFST)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST),IX(IRX+1),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(JLST),IY(IRY+1)

;
        ISOL=3
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1)+ISOL,IX(ILST-1)-ISOL,IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST+1)+ISOL,IY(JLST-1)-ISOL
C
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
        WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST)

;
        561 CONTINUE
C
C*****
C-pd---This is the second option for exit of the engine. There will-
C--- will be either 2 or 3 cross sections written here depending---
C--- on the location exit. It will be 2 if it ends before the---
C--- augmenter tube or if it ends at the start of the tapered---
C--- section or at the start of straight section. It will be 3---
C--- if it falls in the tapered section or after the start of---
C--- the straight section.-----
C
        t3
        DO 563 I=1,IG(60)
C
        IX(1)=1
        CALL SETIV(IX,IG,140,1,NI)
C
        XCENC=RG(47)
        YCENC=RG(48)
        XCEND=RG(47)
        YCEND=RG(48)
        RAD1=RG(54)/2.
        DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
        RAD2=RG(54+I)/2.
        DXII=(RAD2*RAD2/2.)**0.5

```

```

IFST=IG(157)
JFST=IG(177)

C
C-pd---Do trig-----
C
DXI02=DXI+(YCENC-YCEND)
TETT02=ASIN(DXI02/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI16=DXI-(YCENC-YCEND)
TETT16=ASIN(DXI16/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI04=DXI+(XCENC-XCEND)
TETT04=ASIN(DXI04/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI06=DXI-(XCENC-XCEND)
TETT06=ASIN(DXI06/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI08=DXI+(YCENC-YCEND)
TETT08=ASIN(DXI08/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI10=DXI-(YCENC-YCEND)
TETT10=ASIN(DXI10/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI12=DXI-(XCENC-XCEND)
TETT12=ASIN(DXI12/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
DXI14=DXI+(XCENC-XCEND)
TETT14=ASIN(DXI14/RAD2)*180./3.141592654

C
IRX=IG(44)
IRY=IG(45)

C
XL(1)=0.0
CALL SETRV(XL,RG,180,1,NI)
XL(IFST+1)=XCEND-DXI
XL(IFST+3)=XCEND+DXI
XL(IFST)=XCEND-DXII
XL(IFST+4)=XCEND+DXII
XL(IFST-1)=XCEND-((XCEND-RAD2)/2.)-RAD2
XL(IFST+5)=XCEND+((XL(IRX+1)-XCEND-RAD2)/2.)+RAD2

C
CALL SETRV(XP,RG,200,2,NI)

C
IY(1)=1
CALL SETIV(IY,IG,160,1,NI)

C
YL(1)=0.0
CALL SETRV(YL,RG,220,1,NI)
YL(JFST+1)=YCEND-DXI
YL(JFST+3)=YCEND+DXI
YL(JFST)=YCEND-DXII
YL(JFST+4)=YCEND+DXII
YL(JFST-1)=YCEND-((YCEND-RAD2)/2.)-RAD2
YL(JFST+5)=YCEND+((YL(IRY+1)-YCEND-RAD2)/2.)+RAD2

C
CALL SETRV(YP,RG,240,2,NI)

C
LU=65+I
CG(LU)='CS '
I10=LU/10
I1=LU-I10*10
WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
IF PG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)

```

C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----  
^-pd---Inner circle-----

```
XCENC=RG(45)
YCENC=RG(46)

ANG1= 0.0
ANG2= 45.0
ANG3= 90.0
ANG4=135.0
ANG5=180.0
ANG6=225.0
ANG7=270.0
ANG8=315.0
IFST=IG(157)+1
JFST=IG(177)+1
IMID=IFST+1
JMID=JFST+1
ILST=IFST+2
JLST=JFST+2
IBEF=IFST-1
JBEF=JFST-1
IAFT=IFST+3
JAFT=JFST+3
WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG6,ANG7,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG7,ANG8,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG4,ANG3,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG3,ANG2,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG6,ANG5,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG5,ANG4,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG8,ANG1,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENC,YCENC,RAD1,ANG1,ANG2,YP(JMID)
```

C

>-pd---Shuffle lines-----

```
>
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENC,YCENC-RAD1,XCENC,YCENC,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENC,YCENC,XCENC,YCENC+RAD1,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCENC-RAD1,YCENC,XCENC,YCENC,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCENC,YCENC,XCENC+RAD1,YCENC,XP(IMID)
```

>-pd---Outer circle-----

C

```
ANG01= 0.0
ANG02= 0.0+TETT02
ANG03= 45.0
ANG04= 90.0-TETT04
ANG05= 90.0
```

```

ANG06= 90.0+TETT06
ANG07=135.0
ANG08=180.0-TETT08
ANG09=180.0
ANG10=180.0+TETT10
ANG11=225.0
ANG12=270.0-TETT12
ANG13=270.0
ANG14=270.0+TETT14
ANG15=315.0
ANG16=360.0-TETT16
IFST=IG(157)
JFST=IG(177)
IMID=IFST+2
JMID=JFST+2
ILST=IFST+4
JLST=JFST+4
IBEF=IFST-1
JB EF=JFST-1
IAFT=IFST+5
JAFT=JFST+5
WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG11,ANG12,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG12,ANG13,XP(IFST+1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG13,ANG14,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG14,ANG15,XP(ILST-1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG07,ANG06,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG06,ANG05,XP(IFST+1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG05,ANG04,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG04,ANG03,XP(ILST-1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG11,ANG10,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JMID),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG10,ANG09,YP(JFST+1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST-1),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG09,ANG08,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG08,ANG07,YP(JLST-1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG15,ANG16,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JMID),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG16,ANG01,YP(JFST+1)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST-1),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG01,ANG02,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD2,ANG02,ANG03,YP(JLST-1)

```

C  
C-pd---Shuffle lines-----  
C

```

WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
& XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XCEND,YCEND-RAD2,YP(JBEF)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),

```

```

& XCEND, YCEND-RAD2, XCENC, YCENC-RAD1, YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
& XCENC, YCENC+RAD1, XCEND, YCEND+RAD2, YP(JLST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
& XCEND, YCEND+RAD2, XL(IMID),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCEND-RAD2,YCEND,XP(IBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCEND-RAD2, YCEND, XCENC-RAD1, YCENC, XP(IFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCENC+RAD1, YCENC, XCEND+RAD2, YCEND, XP(ILST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XCEND+RAD2, YCEND, XL(IAFT),YL(JMID),XP(ILST)

```

C-pd---More trig-----

```

DELL02=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI02*DXI02)**0.5
DELL04=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI04*DXI04)**0.5
DELL06=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI06*DXI06)**0.5
DELL08=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI08*DXI08)**0.5
DELL10=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI10*DXI10)**0.5
DELL12=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI12*DXI12)**0.5
DELL14=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI14*DXI14)**0.5
DELL16=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI16*DXI16)**0.5

```

C

```

WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
& XL(IFST+1),YL(JBEF),XL(IFST+1),YCEND-DELL12,YP(JBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
& XL(IFST+1),YCEND-DELL12,XCENC-DXI,YCENC-DXI,YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
& XCENC-DXI,YCENC+DXI,XL(IFST+1),YCEND+DELL06,YP(JLST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST+1),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
& XL(IFST+1),YCEND+DELL06,XL(IFST+1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
& XL(ILST-1),YL(JBEF),XL(ILST-1),YCEND-DELL14,YP(JBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
& XL(ILST-1),YCEND-DELL14,XCENC+DXI,YCENC-DXI,YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST),
& XCENC+DXI,YCENC+DXI,XL(ILST-1),YCEND+DELL04,YP(JLST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
& XL(ILST-1),YCEND+DELL04,XL(ILST-1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)

& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
& XL(IBEF),YL(JFST+1),XCEND-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XP(IBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
& XCEND-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XCENC-DXI,YCENC-DXI,XP(IFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
& XCENC+DXI,YCENC-DXI,XCEND+DELL16,YL(JFST+1),XP(ILST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JFST+1),IY(JFST+1),
& XCEND+DELL16,YL(JFST+1),XL(IAFT),YL(JFST+1),XP(ILST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
& XL(IBEF),YL(JLST-1),XCEND-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XP(IBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
& XCEND-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XCENC-DXI,YCENC+DXI,XP(IFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
& XCENC+DXI,YCENC+DXI,XCEND+DELL02,YL(JLST-1),XP(ILST-1)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST-1),
& XCEND+DELL02,YL(JLST-1),XL(IAFT),YL(JLST-1),XP(ILST)

```

```

    CALL WRTFI(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
C
    WRITE(LU,*)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(JFST)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST),IX(IRX+1),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(JLST),IY(IRY+1)
C
    ISOL=2
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1)+ISOL,IX(ILST-1)-ISOL,IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST+1)+ISOL,IY(JLST-1)-ISOL
C
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
    WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST)
C
    563 CONTINUE
C
C*****
C-pd---This section is for the constant cross sectional area of the---
C--- augmenter sleeve.-----
C
    t4
    DO 564 I=1,3
C
    IX(1 )=1
    CALL SETIV(IX,IG,180,1,NI)
C
    XCEND=RG(47)
    YCEND=RG(48)
    RAD1=RG(56+I)/2.
    IF(IG(60).EQ.2.AND.I.EQ.1) RAD1=RG(56)/2.
    DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
    IFST=IG(197)
    JFST=IG(217)
    IMID=IFST+1
    JMID=JFST+1
    ILST=IFST+2
    JLST=JFST+2
    IBEF=IFST-1
    JBEF=JFST-1
    IAFT=IFST+3
    JAFT=JFST+3
C
    IRX=IG(46)
    IRY=IG(47)
C
    XL(1 )=0.0
    CALL SETRV(XL,RG,260,1,NI)
    XL(IFST )=XCEND-DXI
    XL(IFST+2)=XCEND+DXI
    XL(IFST-1)=XCEND-((XCEND-RAD1)/2.)-RAD1
    XL(IFST+3)=XCEND+((XL(IRX+1)-XCEND-RAD1)/2. )+RAD1
C
    CALL SETRV(XP,RG,280,2,NI)
C
    IY(1 )=1
    CALL SETIV(IY,IG,200,1,NI)

```

```

C
YL(1)=0.0
CALL SETRV(YL, RG, 300, 1, NI)
YL(JFST)=YCEND-DXI
YL(JFST+2)=YCEND+DXI
YL(JFST-1)=YCEND-((YCEND-RAD1)/2.)-RAD1
YL(JFST+3)=YCEND+((YL(IRY+1)-YCEND-RAD1)/2. )+RAD1
C
CALL SETRV(YP, RG, 320, 2, NI)
>
LU=65+IG(60)+I
CG(LU)='CS '
I10=LU/10
I1=LU-I10*10
WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
>
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
C
ANG1= 0.0
ANG2= 45.0
ANG3= 90.0
ANG4=135.0
ANG5=180.0
ANG6=225.0
ANG7=270.0
ANG8=315.0
WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG6,ANG7,XP(IFST)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG7,ANG8,XP(IMID)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG4,ANG3,XP(IFST)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG3,ANG2,XP(IMID)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG6,ANG5,YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG5,ANG4,YP(JMID)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG8,ANG1,YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCEND,YCEND,RAD1,ANG1,ANG2,YP(JMID)
C
C-pd---Shuffle lines-----
C
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
& XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XL(IMID),YCEND-RAD1,YP(JBEF)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XL(IMID),YCEND-RAD1,XL(IMID),YCEND,YP(JFST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XL(IMID),YCEND,XL(IMID),YCEND+RAD1,YP(JMID)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
& XL(IMID),YCEND+RAD1,XL(IMID),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
& WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
& XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCEND-RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IBEF)

```

```

      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
      &           XCEND-RAD1,YL(JMID),XCEND,YL(JMID),XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
      &           XCEND,YL(JMID),XCEND+RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
      &           XCEND+RAD1,YL(JMID),XL(IAFT),YL(JMID),XP(ILST)
C     CALL WRTFI(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
C
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST),IX(IRX+1),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(JLST),IY(IRY+1)
C
      ISOL=4
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST)+ISOL,IX(ILST)-ISOL,IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST)+ISOL,IY(JLST)-ISOL
C
      564 CONTINUE
C
C*****
C-pd---This section is for the constant cross sectional area of the---
C---augmenter tube. This cross section is located at the back-----
C---side of the end wall. Two options exist, one for a circle-----
C---and one for a square.-----
C
      t5
      DO 565 I=1,2
C
      IX(1 )=1
      CALL SETIV(IX,IG,220,1,NI)
C
      XCENE=RG(47)
      YCENE=RG(48)
      RAD1=RG(59)/2.
      DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
      IFST=IG(237)
      JFST=IG(257)
      IMID=IFST+1
      JMID=JFST+1
      ILST=IFST+2
      JLST=JFST+2
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
      IAFT=IFST+3
      JAFT=JFST+3
C
      IRX=IG(48)
      IRY=IG(49)
C
      XL(1 )=0.0
      CALL SETRV(XL,RG,340,1,NI)
      XL(IFST )=XCENE-DXI
      XL(IFST+2)=XCENE+DXI
C
      LU=68+IG(60)+I
      IF(XL(IRX+1).EQ.0.0) THEN
         XDEL=RG(LU+10)

```

```

XL(IRX+1)=XCENE+(XCENE-XDEL)
ENDIF

CALL SETRV(XP,RG,360,2,NI)

C
IY(1)=1
CALL SETIV(IY,IG,240,1,NI)

C
YL(1)=0.0
CALL SETRV(YL,RG,380,1,NI)
YL(JFST)=YCENE-DXI
YL(JFST+2)=YCENE+DXI

CALL SETRV(YP,RG,400,2,NI)

CG(LU)='CS'
I10=LU/10
I1=LU-I10*10
WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)

```

C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----

```

ANG1= 0.0
ANG2= 45.0
ANG3= 90.0
ANG4=135.0
ANG5=180.0
ANG6=225.0
ANG7=270.0
ANG8=315.0
WRITE(LU,*)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG6,ANG7,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG7,ANG8,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG4,ANG3,XP(IFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG3,ANG2,XP(IMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG6,ANG5,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG5,ANG4,YP(JMID)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG8,ANG1,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XCENE,YCENE,RAD1,ANG1,ANG2,YP(JMID)

```

C-pd---Shuffle lines-----

```

WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
& XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XL(IMID),YCENE-RAD1,YP(JBEF)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
& XL(IMID),YCENE-RAD1,XL(IMID),YCENE,YP(JFST)
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JLST),
& XL(IMID),YCENE,XL(IMID),YCENE+RAD1,YP(JMID)

```

```

      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
&           XL(IMID),YCENE+RAD1,XL(IMID),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCENE-RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENE-RAD1,YL(JMID),XCENE,YL(JMID),XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENE,YL(JMID),XCENE+RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(ILST),IX(IAFT),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
&           XCENE+RAD1,YL(JMID),XL(IAFT),YL(JMID),XP(ILST)
C
C     CALL WRTFI(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
C
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(JFST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST),IX(IRX+1),IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(JLST),IY(IRY+1)
C
      ISOL=4
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST)+ISOL,IX(ILST)-ISOL,IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST)+ISOL,IY(JLST)-ISOL
C
      565 CONTINUE
C
      J1TMP=IY(JFST)
      J2TMP=IY(JLST)
      YDTMP=YL(IRY)
      YDTOP=YL(IRY+1)
C
C*****
C-pd---This section is for the exit of the chimney. Uniform spacing--
C--- in each direction is assumed.-----
C
      t6
      IX(1)=1
      IX(2)=NX+1
C
      XL(1)=XL(1)
      XL(2)=XL(IRX+1)
C
      XP(1)=1.0
C
      IY(1)=1
      IY(2)=NY+1
C
      YL(1)=RG(510+IG(537))
      YL(2)=RG(510+IG(537))-1
C
      YP(1)=1.0
C
      LU=71+IG(60)
      CG(LU)='CS'
      I10=LU/10
      I1=LU-I10*10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
      OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')

```

```

IRX=1
IRY=1
CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
CALL WRTFI(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY)

C
IF(IG(1).EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(6,*)' TOTAL NUMBER OF GRID INPUT FILES CREATED = ',LU-60
  WRITE(6,*)' AT THIS POINT USE GGP TO CREATE GRID PLANES'
  RETURN
ENDIF

C
C
C*****-----Call ggp-----*****
C
C      INACTIVE
C
C
C*****-----Creating READCO FILE-----*****
C
C-pd---Stack grids (NOTE: SFAC hardwired in - SATLIT call before-----
C---    conversions set in Q1)-----

C
SFAC=0.0254
NI=25
LMX=(NX+1)*(NY+1)
CALL SETIV(NZC,IG,510,3,NI)
ZL(1)=0.0
CALL SETRV(ZL,RG,510,1,NI)
CALL SETRV(ZP,RG,540,2,NI)
CALL SETIV(IZT,IG,540,3,NI)
CALL SETIV(IZF1,IG,570,3,NI)
CALL SETIV(IZF2,IG,600,3,NI)

C
LUW1=88
OPEN(LUW1,FILE='grid',FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
WRITE(LUW1,366)NX+1,NY+1,NZ+1

C
DO 5005 I=1,IG(501)
IF(IZT(I).EQ.1) THEN
  CALL XSTACK(CG(IZF1(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),ZP(I),
&           XAS1,YAS1,ZASL,SFAC,LUW1)
ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.2) THEN
  CALL XBLEND(CG(IZF1(I)),CG(IZF2(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),
&           ZP(I),XAS,YAS,XAS1,YAS1,XAS2,YAS2,ZASL,SFAC,LUW1)
ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.3) THEN
  ITRI=IG(90)
  ZPT=RG(90)
  NZC(I)=NZC(I)-ITRI
  CALL XCURVE(CG(IZF1(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),ZP(I),YDTOP,
&           J1TMP,J2TMP,ITRI,ZPT,YAS,ZAS,XAS1,YAS1,SFAC,LUW1)
ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.4) THEN
  ZCH=RG(91)
  IF(ITOP.GT.ZCH) WRITE(6,*)' ERROR: EXIT OF CHIMNEY LOWER THAN
&TOP OF ROOF --> CHECK DATA '

```

```

      CALL XLASTS(CG(IZF2(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZCH,
      &           XAS,ZAS,XAS1,ZAS1,XAS2,ZAS2,YAS,YAS1,SFAC,LUW1)
      ELSE
        WRITE(6,*)' ERROR IN STACKING TYPE '
      ENDIF
5005 CONTINUE
      CLOSE(LUW1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
      RETURN
C
102 FORMAT('LI',4I3,F12.6,3F11.6,F7.2)
103 FORMAT('FI',4I3)
104 FORMAT('AR',4I3,F12.6,4F11.6,F7.2)
105 FORMAT('FXY',4I3)
366 FORMAT(3I5)
C
C--- GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion
6 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named
7 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices
8 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)
9 CONTINUE
C
      IF(IG(1).NE.3) RETURN
      WRITE(6,*)' CALCULATING BOUNDARY CONDITIONS'
C
C-pd---Ambient-----
      RGAS=RG(25)
      SC(1)=RG(1)/RG(21)
      SC(2)=RG(2)/RG(22)
      SC(3)=RG(3)/RG(23)
      SC(4)=RG(4)/RG(24)
      TEMP=RG(9)
      CALL ENTHAL(TEMP,HSUM,CPSUM,SC,4,0)
      RG(11)=CPSUM*RGAS*TEMP
C-pd---Engine-----
      SC(1)=RG(5)/RG(21)
      SC(2)=RG(6)/RG(22)
      SC(3)=RG(7)/RG(23)
      SC(4)=RG(8)/RG(24)
      TEMP=RG(10)
      CALL ENTHAL(TEMP,HSUM,CPSUM,SC,4,0)
      RG(12)=CPSUM*RGAS*TEMP
      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties
10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields
11 CONTINUE
      RETURN

```

```
C
C--- GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments
  12 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources
  13 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.
  14 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps
  15 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 16. Termination of iterations
  16 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
  17 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
  18 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 19. Data communicated by satellite to GROUND
  19 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
  20 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
  21 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
  22 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control
  23 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
  24 CONTINUE
    WRITE(6,*)'          OUT OF IT '
    RETURN
  END
C*****SUBROUTINE GCALE(GFACT)
C*****GCALE gets information needed to scale grid points.
C-----
```

```

INCLUDE 'satear'
INCLUDE 'satloc'
INCLUDE 'bfcsat'
COMMON F(1)
C
NI=NX+1
NJ=NY+1
NK=NZ+1
JNNN=NI*NJ*NK
CALL SCALEW(F(KXC+1),F(KYC+1),F(KZC+1),GFACT,JNNN)
C
RETURN
END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE SCALEW(X,Y,Z,F,N)*****
C*****GCALEW converts grid nodes to the proper units (m).*****
C-----  

C
DIMENSION X(*),Y(*),Z(*)
C
DO 1 I=1,N
X(I)=X(I)*F
Y(I)=Y(I)*F
1 Z(I)=Z(I)*F
C
RETURN
END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE ENTHAL(TEMP,HSUM,CPSUM,SC,NS,NFO)*****
C*****ENTHAL calculates H/RT from JANNAF data. The order of
C species is N O C H.
C-----  

C
DIMENSION SC(4),ZS(7,2,4)
DATA ZS/ 0.28532899E+01, 0.16022128E-02, -0.62936893E-06,
& 0.11441022E-09, -0.78057465E-14, -0.89008093E+03,
& 0.63964897E+01, 0.37044177E+01, -0.14218753E-02,
& 0.28670392E-05, -0.12028885E-08, -0.13954677E-13,
& -0.10640795E+04, 0.22336285E+01,
& 0.36122139E+01, 0.74853166E-03, -0.19820647E-06,
& 0.33749008E-10, -0.23907374E-14, -0.11978151E+04,
& 0.36703307E+01, 0.37837135E+01, -0.30233634E-02,
& 0.99492751E-05, -0.98189101E-08, 0.33031825E-11,
& -0.10638107E+04, 0.36416345E+01,
& 0.44608041E+01, 0.30981719E-02, -0.12392571E-05,
& 0.22741325E-09, -0.15525954E-13, -0.48961442E+05,
& -0.98635982E+00, 0.24007797E+01, 0.87350957E-02,
& -0.66070878E-05, 0.20021861E-08, 0.63274039E-15,
& -0.48377527E+05, 0.96951457E+01,
& 0.27167633E+01, 0.29451374E-02, -0.80224374E-06,
& 0.10226682E-09, -0.48472145E-14, -0.29905826E-05,
& 0.66305671E+01, 0.40701275E+01, -0.11084499E-02,
& 0.41521180E-05, -0.29637404E-08, 0.80702103E-12,
& -0.30279722E+05, -0.32270046E+00 /
C
K=1

```

```

IF(TEMP.LT.1000.) K=2
TEMP2=TEMP*TEMP
HSUM=0.
CPSUM=0.
DO 100 IS=1,NS
CP1=ZS(1,K,IS)
CP2=ZS(2,K,IS)*TEMP
CP3=ZS(3,K,IS)*TEMP2
CP4=ZS(4,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP
CP5=ZS(5,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP2
CPSUM=CPSUM+SC(IS)*(CP1+CP2+CP3+CP4+CP5)
100 HSUM =HSUM+
1 SC(IS)*(CP1+.5*CP2+.33333*CP3+.25*CP4+.2*CP5+ZS(6,K,IS)/TEMP)
,
      RETURN
      END
;
C*****
SUBROUTINE SETIV(IA,IG,IFST,ITY,NI)
*****
; SETIV places integer values from the IG array into the
C proper local array.
-----
;
DIMENSION IA(*),IG(*)
C
IF(ITY.EQ.1) THEN
  DO 1 I=1,NI
1  IA(I+1)=IG(IFST+I)+1
ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.2) THEN
  DO 2 I=1,NI
2  IA(I)=IG(IFST+I)+1
ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.3) THEN
  DO 3 I=1,NI
3  IA(I)=IG(IFST+I)
ELSE
  WRITE(6,*)' ERROR SETIV --- INVALID TYPE '
ENDIF
C
      RETURN
      END
C*****
SUBROUTINE SETRV(RA,RG,IFST,ITY,NI)
*****
; SETRV places real values from the RG array into the proper
; local array.
-----
C
DIMENSION RA(*),RG(*)

IF(ITY.EQ.1) THEN
  DO 1 I=1,NI
1  RA(I+1)=RG(IFST+I)
ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.2) THEN
  DO 2 I=1,NI
2  RA(I)=RG(IFST+I)
ELSE
  WRITE(6,*)' ERROR SETRV --- INVALID TYPE '
ENDIF

```

```

C
      RETURN
      END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
C*****C WRTSQ writes input grid file assuming all straight lines.
C-----
C
C      DIMENSION IX(*),IY(*),XL(*),YL(*),XP(*),YP(*)
C
      WRITE(LU,100) NX+1
      WRITE(LU,101) NY+1
      DO 10 I=1,IRY+1
      WRITE(LU,*)
      DO 10 J=1,IRX
10     WRITE(LU,102)
      &    IX(J),IX(J+1),IY(I),IY(I),XL(J),YL(I),XL(J+1),YL(I),XP(J)
      DO 20 I=1,IRX+1
      WRITE(LU,*)
      DO 20 J=1,IRY
20     WRITE(LU,102)
      &    IX(I),IX(I),IY(J),IY(J+1),XL(I),YL(J),XL(I),YL(J+1),YP(J)
C
100   FORMAT('IMAX',I3)
101   FORMAT('JMAX',I3)
102   FORMAT('LI',4I3,F12.6,3F11.6,F7.2)
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE WRTFI(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY)
C*****C WRTFI writes commands needed to fill subsections.
C-----
C
C      DIMENSION IX(*),IY(*)
C
      DO 10 I=1,IRY
      WRITE(LU,*)
      DO 10 J=1,IRX
10     WRITE(LU,103)IX(J),IX(J+1),IY(I),IY(I+1)
C
103   FORMAT('FI',4I3)
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE WRTFI2(LU,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,IF,JF)
C*****C WRTFI writes commands needed to fill subsections.
C-----
C
C      DIMENSION IX(*),IY(*)
C
      DO 10 I=1,IRY
      WRITE(LU,*)

```

```

DO 10 J=1,IRX
IF((I.EQ.JF.OR.I.EQ.JF+1).AND.(J.EQ.IF.OR.J.EQ.IF+1)) GOTO 10
WRITE(LU,103)IX(J),IX(J+1),IY(I),IY(I+1)
10 CONTINUE
C
103 FORMAT('FI',4I3)
:
RETURN
END
:
***** SUBROUTINE XSTACK(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,X1,Y1,ZL,CV,LUW1)
***** XSTACK repeats one computational grid file
C-----
:
CHARACTER*4 F1PRE,FEXT
CHARACTER*8 F1NAME
DIMENSION X1(*),Y1(*),ZL(*)
:
FEXT=' .GRD'
F1NAME=F1PRE//FEXT
LUR1=80
OPEN(LUR1,FILE=F1NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
C
READ(LUR1,366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
READ(LUR1,333)((X1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((Y1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
:
CALL ZLSET(ZL,1,NZC+1,ZFST,ZLST,ZP)
C
DO 10 K=1,NZC
WRITE(LUW1,333)((X1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((ZL(K)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
10 CONTINUE
CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
RETURN
333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
366 FORMAT(3I5)
END
:
***** SUBROUTINE XBLEND(F1PRE,F2PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,X,Y,X1,Y1,
& X2,Y2,ZL,CV,LUW1)
***** XBLEND blends two computational grids files
C-----
:
CHARACTER*4 F1PRE,F2PRE,FEXT
CHARACTER*8 F1NAME,F2NAME
DIMENSION X(2500),Y(2500),X1(2500),Y1(2500),X2(2500),Y2(2500),
& ZL(100)
C
FEXT=' .GRD'
F1NAME=F1PRE//FEXT
F2NAME=F2PRE//FEXT
LUR1=80

```

```

LUR2=81
OPEN(LUR1,FILE=F1NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
OPEN(LUR2,FILE=F2NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')

C
READ(LUR1,366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
READ(LUR1,333)((X1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((Y1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR2,366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
READ(LUR2,333)((X2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR2,333)((Y2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR2,333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)

C
CALL ZLSET(ZL,1,NZC+1,ZFST,ZLST,ZP)

C
DO 20 K=1,NZC
DO 21 I=1,LMX
IF(NZC.EQ.1) THEN
  X(I)=X1(I)
  Y(I)=Y1(I)
ELSE
  X(I)=X1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+  

&      X2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
  Y(I)=Y1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+  

&      Y2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
WRITE(LUW1,333)((X(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((ZL(K)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
20 CONTINUE
CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
CLOSE(LUR2,STATUS='KEEP')

C
RETURN
333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
366 FORMAT(3I5)
END

C*****
SUBROUTINE XCURVE(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,CENC,NY2,NY3,ITRI,  

&                  ZPT,Y,Z,X1,Y1,CV,LUW1)
C*****
C XCURVE creates the grid in the augmenter tube bend section
C-----
C
CHARACTER*4 F1PRE,FEXT
CHARACTER*8 F1NAME
.DIMENSION Y(*),Z(*),X1(*),Y1(*)

C
FEXT=' .GRD'
F1NAME=F1PRE//FEXT
LUR1=80
C-pd---NZC number of cells in bend (WARNING: Must be even)-----
C--- NY1 lower Y line-----
C--- NY2 lower Y circle line-----
C--- NY3 upper Y circle line-----
C--- NY5 upper Y line-----
C
OPEN(LUR1,FILE=F1NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')

```

```

READ(LUR1,366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
READ(LUR1,333)((X1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((Y1(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP ,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)

C
NY1=1
NY5=MP1

C-pd---Do Boundary-----
WRITE(LUW1,333)((X1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((ZFST*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
;

C-pd---Do Straight section of pipe-----
DO 100 IP=1,ITRI
DELZ=ZPT*FLOAT(IP)/ITRI
:
DO 105 J=1,MP1-1
DO 105 I=1,LP1
LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
105 Y(LOC)=Y1(LOC)

C
DO 110 I=1,LP1
LOC=(MP1-1)*LP1+I
110 Y(LOC)=Y1(LOC)+0.001*FLOAT(IP)

C
DO 115 J=1,NY3
DO 115 I=1,LP1
LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
115 Z(LOC)=ZFST+DELZ

C
YFST=Y1(NY3*LP1)
YLST=Y1(MP1*LP1)
DO 120 J=NY3+1,MP1
DO 120 I=1,LP1
LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
YLOC=Y1(J*LP1)
YFCT=1.0-(YLOC-YFST)/(YLST-YFST)
120 Z(LOC)=ZFST+DELZ*YFCT

WRITE(LUW1,333)((X1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
100 CONTINUE

C-pd---Do curve section-----
ZFST=ZFST+ZPT
ZLEN=ZLST-ZFST
DO 400 IP=1,NZC
ANG=90.0/FLOAT(NZC)*FLOAT(IP)
PI=3.141592654
RAD=ANG/360.*2.*PI
YFAC=COS(RAD)

C-pd---Lower Y row-----
DO 205 I=1,LP1
IF(IP.LE.NZC/2) THEN
Y(I)=0.0
ELSE
Y(I)=FLOAT(IP-(NZC/2))/FLOAT(NZC/2)*CENC

```

```

        ENDIF
205 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Lower Y circle row-----
    IAD=(NY2-1)*LP1
    DO 210 I=1,LP1
        Y(IAD+I)=Y1(IAD+I)+(1.0-YFAC)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))
210 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Upper Y circle row-----
    IAD=(NY3-1)*LP1
    DO 215 I=1,LP1
        Y(IAD+I)=Y1(IAD+I)+(1.0-YFAC)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))
215 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Upper Y row-----
    IAD=(MP1-1)*LP1
    XFUG=((FLOAT(IP)/FLOAT(NZC))*0.01)+(0.001*FLOAT(ITRI))
    DO 220 I=1,LP1
C-pd---add fact to give a north cell area-----
    Y(IAD+I)=Y1(IAD+I)+XFUG
220 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Fill first section-----
    DO 250 J=2,NY2-1
    DO 250 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=0
        IAD2=(NY2-1)*LP1
        Y(LOC)=Y(IAD1+I)+((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +(Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
250 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Fill circle section-----
    DO 260 J=NY2+1,NY3-1
    DO 260 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=(NY2-1)*LP1
        IAD2=(NY3-1)*LP1
        Y(LOC)=Y(IAD1+I)+((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +(Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
260 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Fill top section-----
    DO 270 J=NY3+1,MP1-1
    DO 270 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=(NY3-1)*LP1
        IAD2=(MP1-1)*LP1
        Y(LOC)=Y(IAD1+I)+((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +(Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
270 CONTINUE
C
C
        ZD4=0.0
C
C-pd---Lower Z row-----
    ZFAC=SIN(RAD)
    DO 305 I=1,LP1
        IF(IP.LE.NZC/2) THEN

```

```

        Z(I)=FLOAT(IP)/FLOAT(NZC/2)*ZLEN+ZFST
    ELSE
        Z(I)=ZLEN+ZFST
    ENDIF
305 CONTINUE
;
:-pd---Lower Z circle row-----
    IAD=(NY2-1)*LP1
    DO 310 I=1,LP1
        Z(IAD+I)=SIN(RAD)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))+ZFST
    310 CONTINUE
C
:-pd---Upper Z circle row-----
    IAD=(NY3-1)*LP1
    DO 315 I=1,LP1
        Z(IAD+I)=SIN(RAD)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))+ZFST
    315 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Upper Z row-----
    IAD=(MP1-1)*LP1
    DO 320 I=1,LP1
        Z(IAD+I)=ZD4+ZFST-ZPT
    320 CONTINUE
;
C-pd---Fill first section-----
    DO 350 J=2,NY2-1
    DO 350 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=0
        IAD2=(NY2-1)*LP1
        Z(LOC)=Z(IAD1+I)-((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +          (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
    350 CONTINUE
;
C-pd---Fill circle section-----
    DO 360 J=NY2+1,NY3-1
    DO 360 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=(NY2-1)*LP1
        IAD2=(NY3-1)*LP1
        Z(LOC)=Z(IAD1+I)-((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +          (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
    360 CONTINUE
;
C-pd---Fill top section-----
    DO 370 J=NY3+1,MP1-1
    DO 370 I=1,LP1
        LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
        IAD1=(NY3-1)*LP1
        IAD2=(MP1-1)*LP1
        Z(LOC)=Z(IAD1+I)-((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/(
        +          (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
    370 CONTINUE
;
C-pd---Write data-----
    WRITE(LUW1,333)((X1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
    WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
    WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
400 CONTINUE

```

```

      CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
      RETURN
C
      333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
      366 FORMAT(3I5)
C
      END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE XLASTS(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,YC,
C &           X,Z1,X1,Z,X2,Z2,Y1,Y,CV,LUW1)
C*****XLASTS creates the grid in the last section
C-----
C
CHARACTER*4 F1PRE,F2PRE,FEXT
CHARACTER*8 F1NAME
DIMENSION X(*),Z(*),X1(*),Z1(*),X2(*),Z2(*),Y1(*),Y(*)
C
FEXT=' .GRD'
F1NAME=F1PRE//FEXT
LUR1=80
C
C-pd---Do last section (blend)-----
OPEN(LUR1,FILE=F1NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
READ(LUR1,366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
READ(LUR1,333)((X2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((Z2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP ,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
DO 440 K=2,NZC+1
DO 441 I=1,LMX
IF(NZC.EQ.1) THEN
  X(I)=X1(I)
  Z(I)=Z1(I)
ELSE
  X(I)=X1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+  

&    X2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
  Y(I)=Y1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+  

&    YC*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
  Z(I)=Z1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+  

&    Z2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
ENDIF
441 CONTINUE
WRITE(LUW1,333)((X(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
440 CONTINUE
CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
      RETURN
333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
366 FORMAT(3I5)
END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE ZLSET(ZBND,INDEX1,INDEXL,Z1,ZL,PWR)
C*****
C
C (C) COPYRIGHT 1991 DOC D of North America, Inc. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

```

C  
C Read input parameters to distribute a number of points along a  
line segment.  
C Syntax is : LINE K1 KL Z1 ZL ÄPWRÄ  
C-----

```
DIMENSION ZBND(*)  
  
IF(PWR.GT.0) THEN  
  K1=INDEX1  
  KL=INDEXL  
  INC=1  
  DELZ = ZL-Z1  
  ZF = Z1  
ELSE  
  K1=INDEXL  
  KL=INDEX1  
  INC=-1  
  DELZ = Z1-ZL  
  ZF = ZL  
  PWR=ABS(PWR)  
ENDIF  
DO 10 I = K1,KL,INC  
RAT = (FLOAT(I-K1)/FLOAT(KL-K1))**PWR  
ZBND(I) = ZF + DELZ*RAT  
10 CONTINUE  
  
RETURN  
END
```

**APPENDIX D**

C FILE NAME GROUND.FTN-----22 April 87  
C THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM OF EARTH

(C) COPYRIGHT 1984, LAST REVISION 1987.  
CONCENTRATION HEAT AND MOMENTUM LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.  
This subroutine and the remainder of the PHOENICS code are  
proprietary software owned by Concentration Heat and Momentum  
Limited, 40 High Street, Wimbledon, London SW19 5AU, England.

PROGRAM MAIN

1 The following two COMMON's, which appear identically in the  
satellite MAIN program, allow up to 80 dependent variables to  
be solved for (or their storage spaces to be occupied by  
other variables, such as density). If a larger number is  
required increase the parameter nvd. Less than 50 for nvd is not  
permitted.

If more patches are required increase npatd.

If a larger F-array is needed increase nfd.

PARAMETER (NVD=80,NFD=18000000,NPATD=1000)

COMMON/LGE4/L4(NVD)

1/LDB1/L5(NVD)/IDA1/I1(NVD)/IDA2/I2(NVD)/IDA3/I3(NVD)/IDA4/I4(NVD)  
1/IDA5/I5(NVD)/IDA6/I6(NVD)/GI1/I7(NVD)/GI2/I8(NVD)/HDA1/IH1(NVD)  
1/GH1/IH2(NVD)/RDA1/R1(NVD)/RDA2/R2(NVD)/RDA3/R3(NVD)/RDA4/R4(NVD)  
1/RDA5/R5(NVD)/RDA6/R6(NVD)/RDA7/R7(NVD)/RDA8/R8(NVD)/RDA9/R9(NVD)  
1/RDA10/R10(NVD)/RDA11/R11(NVD)

1/GR1/R12(NVD)/GR2/R13(NVD)/GR3/R14(NVD)/GR4/R15(NVD)

1/IPIP1/IP1(NVD)/HPIP2/IHP2(NVD)/RPIP1/RVAL(NVD)/LPIP1/LVAL(NVD)

1/IFPL/IPL0(NVD)/RFPL1/ORPRIN(NVD)/RFPL2/ORMAX(NVD)

1/RFPL3/ORMIN(NVD)

LOGICAL L1,L2,L3,L4,L5,DBGFIL,LVAL

CHARACTER\*4 IH1,IH2,IHP2,NSDA

COMMON/F01/I9(4\*NVD)

COMMON/DISC/DBGFIL

COMMON/LUNITS/LUNIT(60)

EXTERNAL WAYOUT

2 Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the  
corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite  
(see SATLIT) must have the same dimensions.

COMMON/LGRND/LG(1000)/IGRND/IG(1000)/RGRND/RG(10000)

COMMON/CGRND/CG(1000)

LOGICAL LG

CHARACTER\*4 CG

3 Set dimensions of data-for-GREX2 arrays here. WARNING: the  
corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite  
(see SATLIT) must have the same dimensions.

COMMON/LSG/LSGD(20)/ISG/ISGD(20)/RSG/RSGD(100)/CSG/CSGD(10)

LOGICAL LSGD

CHARACTER\*4 CSGD

4 Set dimension of patch-name array here. WARNING: the array  
NAMPAT in the MAIN program of the satellite must have the

```

: dimension.
COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(NPATD)
CHARACTER*8 NAMPAT

: CONFIG FILE name declaration.
COMMON/CNFG/CNFIG
CHARACTER CNFIG*48

: 5 The numbers in the next two statements (which must be identical) indicate how much computer memory is to be set aside for storing the main and auxiliary variables. The user may alter them if he wishes, to accord with the number of grid nodes and dependent variables he is concerned with.
COMMON F(NFD)
NFDIM=NFD

: 6 Logical-unit numbers and file names, not to be changed.
CALL CNFGZZ(2)
CALL EARSET(1)
CALL OPENFL(6)

C User may here change message transmitted to logical unit
LUPR3
CALL WRIT40('Ground-Station is ground.f, 09/25/87.    ')
CALL MAIN1(NFDIM)
CALL WAYOUT(0)
STOP
END
*****
SUBROUTINE GROSTA
C
INCLUDE 'satear'
INCLUDE 'grdloc'
INCLUDE 'grdear'
C.... This subroutine directs control to the GROUNDS selected by
C the satellite settings of USEGRX, NAMGRD & USEGRD.

C Subroutine GREX2 contains options for fluid properties,
C turbulence models, wall functions, chemical reaction etc. It
C was introduced in version 1.4 of PHOENICS.
C
IF(USEGRX) CALL GREX2
C.... BTSTGR contains the sequences used in conjunction with
C the BFC test battery.
C
IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'BTST') CALL BTSTGR
C.... TESTGR contains test battery sequences used in conjunction
C with the test-battery SATLIT subroutine, TESTST.
C
IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'TEST') CALL TESTGR
C.... SPECGR is a generic "special" GROUND the name of which can
C be used by anyone for their own purposes. SPC1GR, SPC2GR and
C SPC3GR permit the user to attach his own library of special
C GROUNDS selected according to the prescription of NAMGRD.
C
IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'SPEC') CALL SPECGR

```

```

C.... The subroutine GROUND attached to the bottom of this file is
C      an unallocated blank form into which the user can insert his
C      own FORTRAN sequences. The PIL parameter USEGRD governs entry
C      in to it.

C
IF(USEGRD) CALL GROUND

C.... The data echo is called at the preliminary print-out stage.
IF(IGR.NE.20) RETURN
IF(.NOT.ECHO) GO TO 20
CALL DATPRN(Y,Y,Y,Y, Y,Y,Y,Y, Y,Y,Y,N, Y,Y,Y,Y,
&           Y,Y,Y,Y, Y,Y,Y,Y)
RETURN
20 CALL DATPRN(Y,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SPECGR
CALL WRIT40('DUMMY SUBROUTINE SPECGR CALLED. ')
CALL WRIT40('PLEASE ATTACH SPECGR OBJECT AT LINK. ')
CALL WAYOUT(2)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE QUIZ
RETURN
END
*****SUBROUTINE GROUND*****
C
INCLUDE 'satear'
INCLUDE 'grdloc'
INCLUDE 'grdear'

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX USER SECTION STARTS:

C 1 Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
C corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite
C and EARTH must have the same dimensions.
COMMON/LGRND/LG(1000)/IGRND/IG(1000)/RGRND/RG(10000)
COMMON/CGRND/CG(1000)
COMMON/GR3/RESD(1)
LOGICAL LG,DONE
CHARACTER*4 CG,ADIR*1,ANUX*1
DATA DONE /.FALSE./
INTEGER TEMP,CP,PH2O,TFAR,RHOE,SPAR

C 2 User dimensions own arrays here, for example:
DIMENSION UUH(10,10),UUC(10,10),UUX(10,10),UUZ(10)
PARAMETER (JNX=45,JNY=40,JNXY=JNX*JNY)
PARAMETER (NDATA=15,NCURVES=5)
DIMENSION GAH(JNY,JNX),GP1(JNY,JNX),GH1(JNY,JNX),GC1(JNY,JNX),
&          GC2(JNY,JNX),GC3(JNY,JNX),GRH(JNY,JNX),GTMP(JNY,JNX),
&          GVPR(JNY,JNX),GCP(JNY,JNX),PHI(JNY,JNX),A1(JNXY),
&          A2(JNXY),A3(JNXY),A4(JNXY),A5(JNXY),A6(JNXY),
&          EFX(JNXY),EFY(JNXY),FMAG(JNXY),RP(JNXY),
&          CTDATA(NDATA,NCURVES)
DIMENSION SC(4)

C 3 User places his data statements here, for example:
DATA NXDIM,NYDIM/10,10/
DATA CTDATA /0.10,0.15,0.20,0.25 ,0.30,0.35,0.40,0.45,0.50 ,0.55,
&           0.60,0.65,0.70,0.75 ,0.0,

```

```

&          0.00,0.00,1.60,1.375,1.22,1.08,0.96,0.86,0.775,0.70,
&          5*0.00,
&          0.00,1.68,1.42,1.22 ,1.08,0.95,0.86,0.775,0.71,0.64,
&          0.58,0.52,0.46,0.43 ,0.00,
&          15*0.00,
&          15*0.00/
EQUIVALENCE (TEMP,C4),(CP,C5),(PH2O,C8),(TFAR,C9),(RHOE,C10),
&          (SPAR,C11)

C 4 Insert own coding below as desired, guided by GREX2 examples.
C Note that the satellite-to-GREX2 special data in the labelled
C COMMONs /RSG/, /ISG/, /LSG/ and /CSG/ (which are now automatically
C included in grdloc) can be used but the user must check GREX2 for
C any conflicting uses. The same comment applies to the EARTH-spare
C working arrays EASP1, EASP2,...,EASP10. If the call to GREX2 has
C been deactivated then they can all be used without reservation.
C

IXL=IABS(IXL)
IF(IGR.EQ.13) GO TO 13
IF(IGR.EQ.19) GO TO 19
GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,24,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,24,24,24,24,19,20,24,
124,23,24),IGR
*****
C--- GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries
C
1 GO TO (1001,1002),ISC
1001 CONTINUE
C
NSC=4
NFO=0
TNY=1.E-15
RGAS=RG(25)
JSWPRN=TSTSWP
PTRAP=RG(29)
C
PI=3.141592653
RPM=RG(830)
SHP=RG(831)
DIAFT=RG(52)/12.
RHOAMB=RG(701)
PCTK=RG(832)
XOPROP=RG(43)*RG(31)
YOPROP=RG(44)*RG(31)
CALL WRIT2R(' XOPROP ',XOPROP,',YOPROP ',YOPROP)
C
JCURVE=IG(875) + 1
NRAMP=MAX0(IG(876),1)
C
JNXNY=NX*NY
JNXYZ=NX*NY*NZ
RETURN
1002 CONTINUE
WRITE(6,175) JNXYZ
C ... CONVERT TO MKS UNITS ....
C
CALL WRITBL
CALL WRIT4R(' RPM   ',RPM,', SHP   ',SHP,',Dia.Ft.',DIAFT,
&           ', % Ke  ',PCTK)

```

```

RPS=RPM/60.
DIAM=DIAFT*.3048
POWER=SHP*745.7
XCP=POWER/(RHOAMB*RPS**3*DIAM**5)
DBAR=0.75*DIAM
CALL WRIT4R(' RPS ',RPS,', POWER ',POWER,', Dia,M. ',DIAM,
& ' Cp ',XCP)
IF(XCP.LT.0.1 .OR. XCP.GT.0.8)
& CALL WRIT40(' ... BIZARRE Cp VALUE .... ')
C ... INTERPOLATE TO GET Ct/Cp Vs. Cp ....
C
XX=XCP
DO 10020 II=2,NDATA
10020 IF(XX.LT.CTDATA(II,1)) GO TO 10025
CALL WRIT40('ERROR IN INTERPOLATION FOR Ct/Cp Vs. Cp.')
CALL WAYOUT(1)
10025 CONTINUE
I0=II-1
X0=CTDATA(I0 ,1)
XP=CTDATA(I0+1,1)
IF((XX-X0)/(XP-X0).GT.0.5) I0=I0+1
;
X0=CTDATA(I0 ,1)
XM=CTDATA(I0-1,1)
XP=CTDATA(I0+1,1)
Y0=CTDATA(I0 ,JCURVE)
YM=CTDATA(I0-1,JCURVE)
YP=CTDATA(I0+1,JCURVE)
DX=(XP-XM)/2.
YPO=(YP-YM)/(XP-XM)
YPP0=(YM-2.*Y0+YP)/DX**2
DX=XX-X0
TERM1=YPO*DX
TERM2=0.5*YPP0*DX**2
YX1=Y0 + TERM1
YX2=YX1 + TERM2
CTBCP=YX2
CALL WRITBL
CALL WRIT40('Y = Ct/Cp IN THE FOLLOWING .... ')
CALL WRIT3R(' Cp,- ',XM,', Cp,0 ',X0,', Cp,+ ',XP)
CALL WRIT3R(' Ct/Cp,- ',YM,', Ct/Cp,0 ',Y0,', Ct/Cp,+ ',YP)
CALL WRIT4R(' TERM1 ',TERM1,', TERM2 ',TERM2,
& ' Y'',0 ',YPO,', Y''',0 ',YPP0)
CALL WRIT4R(' Cp ',XX,',Y,O(1) ',YX1,',Y,O(2) ',YX2,
& ',Ct/Cp ',CTBCP)
THRUST=CTBCP*POWER/(RPS*DIAM)
APROP=PI*DIAM**2/4.
WPROP=SQRT(THRUST/(2.*RHOAMB*APROP))
UPROP=POWER/(RHOAMB*APROP*WPROP*PI*RPS*DBAR)
POWERW=THRUST*WPROP
POWERK=PCTK/100.*POWER
POWERU=POWER-POWERW-POWERK
CALL WRIT4R(' THRUST ',THRUST,', Area ',APROP,
& ',W.prop ',WPROP,',U.prop ',UPROP)
CALL WRIT4R(' Power ',POWER,',Power,w',POWERW,
& ',Power,u',POWERU,',Power,k',POWERK)

WPROP2=WPROP**2
TBA=THRUST/APROP

```

```

PUBA=POWERU/APROP
PKBA=POWERK/APROP
A2PI=2.*PI
OMEGA=RPS*A2PI
C
IF(JNY.GE.NY.AND.JNXY.GE.JNXNY) RETURN
CALL WRIT3I(' NX ',NX '//, NY ',NY '//, NXNY ',JNXNY)
CALL WRIT3I(' JNX ',JNX '//, JNY ',JNY '//, NXNYD ',JNXY )
WRITE(6,179)
STOP
175 FORMAT(/,1X,'TOTAL # CELLS :,I6)
179 FORMAT(1X,'INCREASE JNX AND/OR JNY !!!!!',/,
& 1X,'THE SHIT WOULD HAVE HIT THE FAN ..... STOPPING.')
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification
C
2 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification
C
3 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification
C
4 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification
C
5 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion
C
6 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
* Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices
C
8 GO TO (81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,810,811,812,813,814,815)
1,ISC
81 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 1 -----
C For U1AD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
RETURN
82 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 2 -----
C For U2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
RETURN

```

```

83 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 3 -----
: For V1AD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
: RETURN
84 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 4 -----
: For V2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
: RETURN
85 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 5 -----
C For W1AD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
: RETURN
86 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 6 -----
C For W2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
: RETURN
87 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 7 ---- VOLUMETRIC SOURCE FOR GALA
: RETURN
88 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 8 --- CONVECTION FLUXES
: RETURN
89 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 9 --- DIFFUSION COEFFICIENTS
: RETURN
810 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 10 --- CONVECTION NEIGHBOURS
: RETURN
811 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 11 --- DIFFUSION NEIGHBOURS
: RETURN
812 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 12 --- LINEARISED SOURCES
: RETURN
813 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 13 --- CORRECTION COEFFICIENTS
: RETURN
814 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 14 --- USER'S SOLVER
: RETURN
815 CONTINUE
C * ----- SECTION 15 --- CHANGE SOLUTION
: RETURN
* Make all other group-8 changes in group 19.
C*****

```

--- GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)

C The sections in this group are arranged sequentially in their  
order of calling from EARTH. Thus, as can be seen from below,  
the temperature sections (10 and 11) precede the density  
sections (1 and 3); so, density formulae can refer to  
temperature stores already set.

9 GO TO (91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,900,901,902,903),ISC

C\*\*\*\*\*
900 CONTINUE
\* ----- SECTION 10 -----
C For TMP1.LE.GRND----- phase-1 temperature Index AUX/TEMP1
: RETURN
901 CONTINUE

```

C      * ----- SECTION 11 -----
C      For TMP2.LE.GRND----- phase-2 temperature Index AUX(TEMP2)
      RETURN
902 CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 12 -----
C      For ELL.LE.GRND----- phase-1 length scale Index AUX(LEN1)
      RETURN
903 CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 13 -----
C      For EL2.LE.GRND----- phase-2 length scale Index AUX(LEN2)
      RETURN
91 CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 1 -----
C      For RHO1.LE.GRND--- density for phase 1 Index AUX(DEN1).
C
      CALL GETYX (P1,GP1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (H1,GH1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (C1,GC1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (TEMP,GTMP,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 9101 IX=1,NX
      DO 9101 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) THEN
          GC3(IY,IX)=0.0
          GTMP(IY,IX)=300.
          PHI(IY,IX)=0.0
          GRH(IY,IX)=1.
          GCP(IY,IX)=1000.
          GOTO 9101
      ENDIF
C-pd--Calculate mass fractions-----
      GC3(IY,IX)=1.0-GC1(IY,IX)
      SC(1)=(GC3(IY,IX)*RG(1)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(5))/RG(21)
      SC(2)=(GC3(IY,IX)*RG(2)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(6))/RG(22)
      SC(3)=(GC3(IY,IX)*RG(3)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(7))/RG(23)
      SC(4)=(GC3(IY,IX)*RG(4)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(8))/RG(24)
      SC(1)=AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(1))
      SC(2)=AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(2))
      SC(3)=AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(3))
      SC(4)=AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(4))
      TGUS=GTMP(IY,IX)
      HSTAT=GH1(IY,IX)
      CALL TEMPER(HSTAT,TGUS,TCELL,CPDR,RGAS,SC,NSC,NFO)
C
      TCELL=AMAX1(VARMIN(TEMP),TCELL)
      TCELL=AMIN1(VARMAX(TEMP),TCELL)
C
      GP=PRESS0+GP1(IY,IX)
      PHI(IY,IX)=1.0/(GP+TNY)
      XMWA=1.0/(SC(1)+SC(2)+SC(3)+SC(4))
      GRH(IY,IX)=GP*XMWA/(RGAS*TCELL+TNY)
      GTMP(IY,IX)=TCELL
      GCP(IY,IX)=CPDR*RGAS
9101 CONTINUE
C
      CALL SETYX(AUX(DEN1),GRH,JNY,JNX)
      CALL SETYX(C3,GC3,JNY,JNX)
      CALL SETYX(TEMP,GTMP,JNY,JNX)
      CALL SETYX(CP,GCP,JNY,JNX)

```

```

      RETURN
92 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 2 -----
C   For DRH1DP.LE.GRND--- D(LN(DEN))/DP for phase 1 (D1DP).
    CALL SETYX(D1DP,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    RETURN
93 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 3 -----
C   For RHO2.LE.GRND--- density for phase 2 Index AUX(DEN2).
    RETURN
94 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 4 -----
C   For DRH2DP.LE.GRND--- D(LN(DEN))/DP for phase 2 (D2DP).
    RETURN
95 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 5 -----
C   For ENUT.LE.GRND--- reference turbulent kinematic viscosity.
    RETURN
96 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 6 -----
C   For ENUL.LE.GRND--- reference laminar kinematic viscosity.
    RETURN
97 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 7 -----
C   For PRNDTL( ).LE.GRND--- laminar PRANDTL nos., or diffusivity.
    RETURN
98 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 8 -----
C   For PHINT( ).LE.GRND--- interface value of first phase(FII1).
    RETURN
99 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 9 -----
C   For PHINT( ).LE.GRND--- interface value of second phase(FII2)
    RETURN
C*****GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties
C
10 GO TO (101,102,103,104),ISC
101 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 1 -----
C   For CFIPS.LE.GRND--- inter-phase friction coeff. AUX(INTFRC).
    RETURN
102 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 2 -----
C   For CMDOT.EQ.GRND- inter-phase mass transfer Index AUX(INTMDT)
    RETURN
103 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 3 -----
C   For CINT( ).EQ.GRND--- phasel-to-interface transfer
                           coefficients (COI1)
    RETURN
104 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 4 -----
C   For CINT( ).EQ.GRND--- phase2-to-interface transfer
                           coefficients (COI2)
    RETURN
C*****GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields
C

```

```

C
 11 CONTINUE
  RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments
C
 12 CONTINUE
  RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources
C
 13 CONTINUE
    GO TO (130,131,132,133,134,135,136,137,138,139,1310,
           1311,1312,1313,1314,1315,1316,1317,1318,1319,1320,1321),ISC
 130 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 1 ----- coefficient = GRND
  RETURN
 131 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 2 ----- coefficient = GRND1
  RETURN
 132 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 3 ----- coefficient = GRND2
  RETURN
 133 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 4 ----- coefficient = GRND3
  RETURN
 134 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 5 ----- coefficient = GRND4
  RETURN
 135 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 6 ----- coefficient = GRND5
  RETURN
 136 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 7 ----- coefficient = GRND6
  RETURN
 137 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 8 ----- coefficient = GRND7
  IF(INDVAR.GT.P1) GO TO 13799
  CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A1,NY,NX)
  CALL GETYX(P1          ,A2,NY,NX)
  CALL GETCOV(NPATCH,INAME('UCRT'),COEFF,GKLOSS)
  CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, P1 ,COEFF,GPBV  )
  I=(IXF-2)*NY
  DO 13701 II=IXF,IXL
    I=I + NY
    DO 13702 J=IYF,IYL
      IJ=I + J
      DELTAP=AMAX1(ABS(A2(IJ)-GPBV),PTRAP)
      RHO   =A1(IJ)
      COEFF =SQRT(2.*RHO/(GKLOSS*DELTAP))
      A1(IJ)=COEFF
 13702 CONTINUE
 13701 CONTINUE
  CALL SETYX(CO,A1,NY,NX)
  RETURN
13799 CALL WRIT40('CO = GRND7 FOR VARIABLE BESIDES P1 !!!! ')
  CALL WAYOUT(1)
  RETURN

```

```

138 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 9 ----- coefficient = GRND8
;
; ... GENERATE WALL SHEAR COEFFICIENTS ....
C
CALL FNGLW(CO,CO,AK,1.0001,EWAL,4)
;
C ... NOW CONVERT TO Stanton #'s ....
C
CALL GETYX(CO,A1,NY,NX)
RPRL=1./PRNDTL(H1)
RPRT=1./PRT(H1)
P =9.*(RPRT/RPRL - 1.)*(RPRL/RPRT)**0.25
I=(IXF-2)*NY
DO 13801 II=IXF,IXL
    I=I + NY
    DO 13802 J=IYF,IYL
        IJ=I + J
        S=A1(IJ)
        STL=S*RPRL
        STT=S*RPRT/(1. + P*SQRT(S))
        A1(IJ)=AMAX1(STL,STT)
13802 CONTINUE
13801 CONTINUE
C
; ... NOW ASSEMBLE COMPOSITE HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ....
;
CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A2,NY,NX)
CALL GETYX(LD7 ,A3,NY,NX)
CALL GETYX(CP ,A4,NY,NX)
CALL GETCOV(NPATCH,INAME('UCRT'),COND,THICK)
CWALL=COND/(THICK+TINY)

CALL SUB4(I1,IXF,I2,IXL,J1,IYF,J2,IYL)
READ(NPATCH(8:8),'(A1)') ADIR
NDIREC=0
IF(ADIR.EQ.'E' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'e') NDIREC= 1
IF(ADIR.EQ.'W' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'w') NDIREC=-1
IF(ADIR.EQ.'N' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'n') NDIREC= 2
IF(ADIR.EQ.'S' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'s') NDIREC=-2
IDIR=IABS(NDIREC)
IF(IDIR.EQ.1) THEN
    KAREA=5
    KADD=NY
    I2=I1
ELSEIF(IDIR.EQ.2) THEN
    KAREA=7
    KADD=1
    J2=J1
ELSE
    CALL WRIT40('PATCH NAME PROTOCOL VIOLATED FOR GRND8 ')
    CALL WRIT40('COEFFICIENT OF CONJUGATE HEAT TRANSFER ')
    CALL WRIT40('MODEL. TSK TSK TSK ')
    CALL WAYOUT(1)
ENDIF

I=(I1-2)*NY
DO 13811 II=I1,I2
    I=I + NY
    DO 13812 J=J1,J2

```

```

IJ1=I + J
IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
ST1=A1(IJ1)
ST2=A1(IJ2)
RO1=A2(IJ1)
RO2=A2(IJ2)
VW1=A3(IJ1)
VW2=A3(IJ2)
CP1=A4(IJ1)
CP2=A4(IJ2)
CO1=RO1*VW1*CP1*ST1
CO2=RO2*VW2*CP2*ST2
COEFF=CO1*CWALL*CO2/(CO1*CWALL + CO1*CO2 + CWALL*CO2 + TINY)
A5(IJ1)=COEFF/CP1
A5(IJ2)=COEFF/CP2
A6(IJ1)=COEFF
A6(IJ2)=COEFF
13812 CONTINUE
13811 CONTINUE
C
CALL SETYX(C6,A5,NY,NX)
CALL SETYX(C7,A6,NY,NX)
C ... NOW MULTIPLY BY CORRECT AREA'S & DIVIDE BY PATGEO,RHO & Vwall ....
C
CALL GTIZYX(KAREA,IZ,A1,NY,NX)
I=(I1-2)*NY
DO 13821 II=I1,I2
  I=I + NY
  DO 13822 J=J1,J2
    IJ1=I + J
    IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
    AREA=A1(IJ1)
    A5(IJ1)=A5(IJ1)*AREA
    A5(IJ2)=A5(IJ2)*AREA
13822 CONTINUE
13821 CONTINUE
C
CALL GETYX(PATGEO,A1,NY,NX)
I=(IXF-2)*NY
DO 13831 II=IXF,IXL
  I=I + NY
  DO 13832 J=IYF,IYL
    IJ=I + J
    A5(IJ)=A5(IJ)/(A1(IJ)*A2(IJ)*A3(IJ) + TINY)
13832 CONTINUE
13831 CONTINUE
C
CALL SETYX(CO,A5,NY,NX)
CALL FN1(LGEN1,0.0)
C ... ADD UP TOTAL HEAT TRANSFERRED ....
C
IF(ISWEEP.LT.LSWEEP-1.AND.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).NE.0) RETURN
C
CALL WRITBL
CALL WRIT40('ADDING UP TOTAL Qdot FROM DUCT TO AIR. ')
CALL WRIT2I('SWEEP # ',ISWEEP,',SLAB # ',IZSTEP)
CALL GETYX(H1,A4,NY,NX)
CALL GETYX(CP,A2,NY,NX)

```

```

CALL SUB4(I1,IXF,I2,IXL,J1,IYF,J2,IYL)
IF      (NDIREC.EQ. 1) THEN
  I1=I2
  KADD=-NY
ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ.-1) THEN
  I2=I1
  KADD= NY
ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ. 2) THEN
  J1=J2
  KADD=-1
ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ.-2) THEN
  J2=J1
  KADD= 1
ENDIF
C
READ(NPATCH(7:7),'(A1)') ANUX
I=(I1-2)*NY
DO 13841 II=I1,I2
  I=I + NY
  DO 13842 J=J1,J2
    IJ1=I + J
    IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
    H11=A4(IJ1)
    H12=A4(IJ2)
    CP1=A2(IJ1)
    CP2=A2(IJ2)
    CO1=A5(IJ1)*A1(IJ1)*A3(IJ1)
    VA1=H12*CP1/CP2
    QDTTOT=QDTTOT + CO1*(VA1-H11)
    IF(ANUX.EQ.'1') QDOT01=QDOT01 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
    IF(ANUX.EQ.'2') QDOT02=QDOT02 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
    IF(ANUX.EQ.'3') QDOT03=QDOT03 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
    IF(ANUX.EQ.'4') QDOT04=QDOT04 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
13842  CONTINUE
13841 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
139  CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 10 ----- coefficient = GRND9
      RETURN
1310 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 11 ----- coefficient = GRND10
      RETURN
1311 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 12 ----- value = GRND
      RETURN
1312 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 13 ----- value = GRND1
      RETURN
1313 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 14 ----- value = GRND2
      RETURN
1314 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 15 ----- value = GRND3
      RETURN
1315 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 16 ----- value = GRND4
      RETURN
1316 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 17 ----- value = GRND5

```

```

    RETURN
1317 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 18 ----- value = GRND6
    RETURN
1318 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 19 ----- value = GRND7
IF(INDVAR.LT.U1 .OR. INDFAR.GT.W2) GO TO 13189
CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A1,NY,NX)
CALL GETYX(P1 ,A2,NY,NX)
CALL GETCOV(NPATCH,INAME('UCRT'),COEFF,GKLOSS)
CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, P1 ,COEFF,GPBV )
I=(IXF-2)*NY
DO 13181 II=IXF,IXL
    I=I + NY
    DO 13182 J=IYF,IYL
        IJ=I + J
        DELTAP= A2(IJ)-GPBV
        ABSDP = ABS(DELTAP)
        RHO   = A1(IJ)
        VMAG  = SQRT(2.*ABSDP/(GKLOSS*RHO))
        A1(IJ)=--SIGN(VMAG,DELTAP)
13182 CONTINUE
13181 CONTINUE
    CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
    RETURN
13189 CALL WRIT40('VAL = GRND7 FOR VARBLE BESIDES ÄU,V,WÄ1.')
    CALL WAYOUT(1)
    RETURN
1319 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 20 ----- value = GRND8
    CALL GETYX(H1,A1,NY,NX)
    CALL GETYX(CP,A2,NY,NX)
C
    I=(I1-2)*NY
    DO 13191 II=I1,I2
        I=I + NY
        DO 13192 J=J1,J2
            IJ1=I + J
            IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
            H11=A1(IJ1)
            H12=A1(IJ2)
            CP1=A2(IJ1)
            CP2=A2(IJ2)
            VA1=H12*CP1/CP2
            VA2=H11*CP2/CP1
            A3(IJ1)=VA1
            A3(IJ2)=VA2
13192 CONTINUE
13191 CONTINUE
C
    CALL SETYX(VAL,A3,NY,NX)
    RETURN
1320 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 21 ----- value = GRND9
IF(INDVAR.LT.W1) THEN
    IF(INDVAR.EQ.V1) THEN
        CALL GTIZYX(83,IZ,A1,NY,NX)
        CALL GTIZYX(84,IZ,A2,NY,NX)
        IF(LG(20))
&           CALL WRIT40('IN GROUP 13,V1 SECTION ....')

```

```

I1=(IXF-2)*NY
IJ1=I1+IYF+1
IJ2=I1+IYL
IF(LG(20))
&   CALL WRIT40('BEGIN 1ST SOURCE LOOP .... ')
DO 13111 I=IXF,IXL
IJ1=IJ1+NY
IJ2=IJ2+NY
IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
&                         ' , IJ2 ',IJ2)
DO 13111 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13111 A3(IJ)=0.5*FMAG(IJ)*(EFX(IJ)*A1(IJ) +
&                           EFY(IJ)*A2(IJ))
I1=(IXF-2)*NY
IJ1=I1+IYF
IJ2=I1+IYL-1
IF(LG(20))
&   CALL WRIT40('BEGIN 2ND SOURCE LOOP .... ')
DO 13112 I=IXF,IXL
IJ1=IJ1+NY
IJ2=IJ2+NY
IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
&                         ' , IJ2 ',IJ2)
DO 13112 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13112 A3(IJ)=A3(IJ) + 0.5*FMAG(IJ+1)*(EFX(IJ+1)*A1(IJ) +
&                           EFY(IJ+1)*A2(IJ))
CALL SETYX(VAL,A3,NY,NX)
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(LG(20))
&   CALL WRIT40('IN GROUP 13,U1 SECTION .... ')
CALL GTIZYX(80,IZ,A1,NY,NX)
CALL GTIZYX(81,IZ,A2,NY,NX)
I1=(IXF-1)*NY
IJ1=I1+IYF
IJ2=I1+IYL
DO 13113 I=IXF,IXL
IJ1=IJ1+NY
IJ2=IJ2+NY
IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
&                         ' , IJ2 ',IJ2)
DO 13113 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13113 A3(IJ)=0.5*FMAG(IJ)*(EFX(IJ)*A1(IJ) +
&                           EFY(IJ)*A2(IJ))
I1=(IXF-2)*NY
IJ1=I1+IYF
IJ2=I1+IYL
DO 13114 I=IXF,IXL-1
IJ1=IJ1+NY
IJ2=IJ2+NY
IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
&                         ' , IJ2 ',IJ2)
DO 13114 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13114 A3(IJ)=A3(IJ) + 0.5*FMAG(IJ+NY)*(EFX(IJ+NY)*A1(IJ) +
&                           EFY(IJ+NY)*A2(IJ))
CALL SETYX(VAL,A3,NY,NX)
RETURN
C ... WI SECTION ....

```

```

ELSEIF(INDVAR.EQ.W1) THEN
  IF(LG(20))
    & CALL WRIT40('IN GROUP 13,W1 SECTION .... ')
    CALL GTIZYX(28,IZ,A1,NY,NX)
    CONST=2.*WPROP2
    DO 13115 IJ=1,JNXNY
13115  A1(IJ)=CONST/(A1(IJ) + TINY)
    CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
    RETURN
C
C ... KE-EP SECTION ....
C
C ... Pk(r)=Ck * Uprop(r)**2 W/Ck=64*POWERK/(2*Pi * OMEGA**2 * DIAM**4)
C     Pk(r)=CK * (OMEGA*r)**2
C
C ELSE
  FRAC=(FLOAT(ISWEEP-FSWEEP+1)/FLOAT(NRAMP))**2
  FRAC=AMIN1(AMAX1(0.,FRAC),1.)
  CK = FRAC * 64.*POWERK/(A2PI * OMEGA**2 * DIAM**4)
  I1=(IXF-2)*NY
  IJ1=I1+IYF
  IJ2=I1+IYL
  IF(LG(20))
    & CALL WRIT40('BEGIN Pk(r) LOOP .... ')
    DO 13118 I=IXF,IXL
    IJ1=IJ1+NY
    IJ2=IJ2+NY
    IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ',I,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
    & ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
    DO 13118 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
      RR=RP(IJ)
      RW=RR*OMEGA
13118  A1(IJ)=CK*RW**2
    IF(INDVAR.GT.KE) THEN
      CALL GETYX(AUX(VIST),A2,NY,NX)
      CALL GETYX(AUX(LEN1),A3,NY,NX)
      CONST=C1E*CD**2/CMUCD
      I1=(IXF-2)*NY
      IJ1=I1+IYF
      IJ2=I1+IYL
      IF(LG(20))
        & CALL WRIT40('BEGIN C1*Pk(r)*EP/KE LOOP .... ')
        DO 13119 I=IXF,IXL
        IJ1=IJ1+NY
        IJ2=IJ2+NY
        IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ',I,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
        & ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
        DO 13119 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13119  A1(IJ)=CONST*A1(IJ)*A2(IJ)/A3(IJ)**2
      ENDIF
      CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
    ENDIF
    RETURN
1321 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 22 ----- value = GRNL10
DO 13211 IX=1,NX
DO 13211 IY=1,NY
PHI(IY,IX)=RG(804)*XFCTE
IF(NPATCH.EQ.'XENGIN') PHI(IY,IX)=-RG 804 *XFCTE
IF(NPATCH.EQ.'XENGOUT') PHI(IY,IX)=RG 805 *XFCTE

```

```

13211 CONTINUE
    CALL SETYX(VAL,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.
C
    14 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C*****
C   * Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps
C--- GROUP 16. Termination of iterations
C--- GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
C--- GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 19. Special calls to GROUND from EARTH
C
    19 GO TO (191,192,193,194,195,196,197,198),ISC
191 CONTINUE
C   * ----- SECTION 1 ---- START OF TIME STEP.
C
C-pd---Misc-----
C
    IF(IG(999).EQ.1) STOP
    QDTTOT=0.0
    QDOTT1=0.0
    QDOTT2=0.0
    QDOTT3=0.0
    QDOTT4=0.0
    IPASS=0
    IRAXV=0
    IRAXT=0
    IRAXS=0
    XFCTE=1.0
    ITST=TSTSWP
    INPR=NPRMON
    NPRMON=1
C
C-pd---Assign monitoring locations-----
C
    IXMON1 =IXMON
    IYMON1 =IYMON
    IZMON1 =IZMON
C
    IXMON2 =IG(11)
    IYMON2 =IG(12)
    IZMON2 =IG(13)
C
    IXMON3 =IG(14)
    IYMON3 =IG(15)
    IZMON3 =IG(16)
C
    IXMON4 =IG(17)
    IYMON4 =IG(18)
    IZMON4 =IG(19)
C
    IXMON5 =IG(20)
    IYMON5 =IG(21)

```

```

C      IZMON5 =IG(22)
C      IXMON6 =IG(23)
C      IYMON6 =IG(24)
C      IZMON6 =IG(25)
C      IXMON7 =IG(26)
C      IYMON7 =IG(27)
C      IZMON7 =IG(28)
C      IXMON8 =IG(29)
C      IYMON8 =IG(30)
C      IZMON8 =IG(31)
C      IXMON9 =IG(32)
C      IYMON9 =IG(33)
C      IZMON9 =IG(34)
C      IXMON10=IG(35)
C      IYMON10=IG(36)
C      IZMON10=IG(37)
C
C      RETURN
192 CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 2 ---- START OF SWEEP.
C
C-pd---WARNING: machine dependent-----
C
C      call flush(6)
C
C      ... COMPUTE zP,Fmag,eFx,eFy ....
C
IF(ISSWEEP.EQ.FSWEEP) THEN
  CALL GETPTC('YPROP ',TYPE,IXF,IXL,IYF,IYL,IZF,IZL,ITF,ITL)
  CALL GTIZYX(68,IZF,A1,NY,NX)
  CALL GTIZYX(69,IZF,A2,NY,NX)
  EWZ=SIGN(1.,RPS)
  I1=(IXF-2)*NY
  IJ1=I1+IYF+1
  IJ2=I1+IYL
  IF(LG(20))
&    CALL WRIT40('BEGIN Fmag LOOP .... ') )
  DO 19201 I=IXF,IXL
  IJ1=IJ1+NY
  IJ2=IJ2+NY
  IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I('   IX   ', I ,', IJ1   ',IJ1,
&                           ', IJ2   ',IJ2)
  DO 19201 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
  RX=A1(IJ)-XOPROP
  RY=A2(IJ)-YOPROP
  RR=SQRT(RX*RX + RY*RY) + TINY
  RP(IJ)=RR
  RW=RR*OMEGA
  ERX=RX/RR
  ERY=RY/RR
  EFX(IJ)=-EWZ*ERY
  EFY(IJ)= EWZ*ERX
19201 FMAG(IJ)=PUBA/RW
  IF((LSWEEP-FSWEP).LT.11; THEN
    CALL SUB4(IXF,1,IXL,NX,IYF,1,IYL,NY)

```

```
    CALL WRIT2R(' X0,prop',X0PROP,',Y0,prop',Y0PROP)
    CALL PRNYX(' rP ',RP ,NY,NX)
    CALL PRNYX(' eFx ',EFX ,NY,NX)
    CALL PRNYX(' eFy ',EFY ,NY,NX)
    CALL PRNYX(' öFö ',FMAG,NY,NX)
  ENDIF
ENDIF
```

```
C
C-pd---Check to reset tstswp-----
C
```

```
IOPEN=0
IF(ITST.NE.TSTSWP) IPASS=IPASS+1
IF(IPASS.GT.10) THEN
  IPASS=0
  TSTSWP=ITST
ENDIF
```

```
C
C-pd---Init stuff for printout of max and min-----
C
```

```
XPLMIN= 1000000.0
XPLMAX=-1000000.0
XU1MIN= 1000000.0
XU1MAX=-1000000.0
XV1MIN= 1000000.0
XV1MAX=-1000000.0
XW1MIN= 1000000.0
XW1MAX=-1000000.0
XKEMIN= 1000000.0
XKEMAX=-1000000.0
XEPMIN= 1000000.0
XEPMAX=-1000000.0
XH1MIN= 1000000.0
XH1MAX=-1000000.0
XT1MIN= 1000000.0
XT1MAX=-1000000.0
XETMIN= 1000000.0
XETMAX=-1000000.0
IXPMAX=0
IYPMAX=0
IZPMAX=0
IXPMIN=0
IYPMIN=0
IZPMIN=0
IXUMAX=0
IYUMAX=0
IZUMAX=0
IXUMIN=0
IYUMIN=0
IZUMIN=0
IXVMAX=0
IYVMAX=0
IZVMAX=0
IXVMIN=0
IYVMIN=0
IZVMIN=0
IXWMAX=0
IYWMAX=0
IZWMAX=0
IXWMIN=0
IYWMIN=0
```

```

IZWMIN=0
IXKMAX=0
IYKMAX=0
IZKMAX=0
IXKMIN=0
IYKMIN=0
IZKMIN=0
IXEMAX=0
IYEMAX=0
IZEMAX=0
IXEMIN=0
IYEMIN=0
IZEMIN=0
IXHMAX=0
IYHMAX=0
IZHMAX=0
IXHMIN=0
IYHMIN=0
IZHMIN=0
IXTMAX=0
IYTMAX=0
IZTMAX=0
IXTMIN=0
IYTMIN=0
IZTMIN=0
IXXMAX=0
IYXMAX=0
IZXMAX=0
IXXMIN=0
IYXMIN=0
IZXMIN=0
C
      RETURN
193  CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 3 ---- START OF IZ SLAB.
      RETURN
194  CONTINUE
C      * ----- SECTION 4 ---- START OF ITERATION.
C      IF(IRAXV.EQ.1) THEN
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', U1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', V1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', W1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
C          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV VEL -> ',XCOF
C          IRAXV=0
C      ENDIF
C      IF(IRAXT.EQ.1) THEN
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', KE,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTT,1.0)
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', EP,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTT,1.0)
C          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV TUR -> ',XCOF
C          IRAXT=0
C      ENDIF
C      IF(IRAXS.EQ.1) THEN
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', H1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTS,1.0)
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', C1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTS,1.0)
C          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', C2,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTS,1.0)
C          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV SCA -> ',XCOF
C          IRAXS=0
C      ENDIF
C
C-pd---Modify inlet areas-----

```

```

C
    IF(IZ.EQ.IG(711)) THEN
        CALL GTIZYX(9,IZ,GAH,JNY,JNX)
        SUMB=0.0
        DO 19302 IX=IG(712),IG(713)
        DO 19302 IY=IG(714),IG(715)
        SUMB=SUMB+GAH(IY,IX)
19302    CONTINUE
        ENDIF
    ;
    IF(IZ.EQ.NZ) THEN
        XFCTE=RG(802)/SUMB
        CALL XSETCV('XENGOUT',P1,XCOF,XVEL,1.0,XFCTE)
        CALL XSETCV('XENGIN', P1,XCOF,XVEL,1.0,XFCTE)
        ENDIF
    ;
    RETURN
195    CONTINUE
C    * ----- SECTION 5 ---- FINISH OF ITERATION.
    RETURN
196    CONTINUE
C    * ----- SECTION 6 ---- FINISH OF IZ SLAB.
    CALL GETCAR
    IF (MOD(ISWEEP,IG(902)).NE.0.AND.ISWEEP.NE.LSWEEP-1) GOTO 1961
    IF(IZ.EQ.1) WRITE(6,*)' ==> CALCULATING ENGLISH UNITS '
C-pd---Dispensed by DBS for unknown reasons?????????????????????????
    CALL BCARTC(1,1)
C
    CALL GETYX(P1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19611 IX=1,NX
    DO 19611 IY=1,NY
19611 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(36)
    CALL SETYX(PH2O,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    ;
    CALL GETYX(INAME('UCRT'),PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19612 IX=1,NX
    DO 19612 IY=1,NY
19612 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(37)
    CALL SETYX(U2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    ;
    CALL GETYX(INAME('VCRT'),PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19613 IX=1,NX
    DO 19613 IY=1,NY
19613 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(37)
    CALL SETYX(V2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
C
    CALL GETYX(INAME('WCRT'),PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19614 IX=1,NX
    DO 19614 IY=1,NY
19614 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(37)
    CALL SETYX(W2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
C
    CALL GETYX(TEMP,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19615 IX=1,NX
    DO 19615 IY=1,NY
19615 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)/RG(33)-RG(32)
    CALL SETYX(TFAR,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    ;
    CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),PHI,JNY,JNX)
    DO 19616 IX=1,NX

```

```

DO 19616 IY=1,NY
19616 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(38)
      CALL SETYX(RHOE,PHI,JNY,JNX)
C
C-pd---Find max and min-----
C
1961 IF(MOD(ISWEEP,NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
      CALL GETYX(P1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19617 IX=1,NX
      DO 19617 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19617
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XP1MAX) THEN
          XP1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXPMAX=IX
          IYPMAX=IY
          IZPMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XP1MIN) THEN
          XP1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXPMIN=IX
          IYPMIN=IY
          IZPMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
19617 CONTINUE
C
      CALL GETYX(U1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19618 IX=1,NX
      DO 19618 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19618
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XU1MAX) THEN
          XU1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXUMAX=IX
          IYUMAX=IY
          IZUMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XU1MIN) THEN
          XU1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXUMIN=IX
          IYUMIN=IY
          IZUMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
19618 CONTINUE
C
      CALL GETYX(V1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19619 IX=1,NX
      DO 19619 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19619
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XV1MAX) THEN
          XV1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXVMAX=IX
          IYVMAX=IY
          IZVMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XV1MIN) THEN
          XV1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXVMIN=IX
          IYVMIN=IY

```

```
      IZVMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
9619   CONTINUE

      CALL GETYX(W1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19620 IX=1,NX
      DO 19620 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19620
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XW1MAX) THEN
          XW1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXWMAX=IX
          IYWMAX=IY
          IZWMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XW1MIN) THEN
          XW1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXWMIN=IX
          IYWMIN=IY
          IZWMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
19620   CONTINUE
;

      CALL GETYX(KE,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19621 IX=1,NX
      DO 19621 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19621
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XKEMAX) THEN
          XKEMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXKMAX=IX
          IYKMAX=IY
          IZKMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XKEMIN) THEN
          XKEMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXKMIN=IX
          IYKMIN=IY
          IZKMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
9621   CONTINUE
C

      CALL GETYX(EP,PHI,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
      DO 19622 IX=1,NX
      DO 19622 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19622
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XEPMAX) THEN
          XEPMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXEMAX=IX
          IYEMAX=IY
          IZEMAX=IZ
      ENDIF
      IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XEPMIN) THEN
          XEPMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXEMIN=IX
          IYEMIN=IY
          IZEMIN=IZ
      ENDIF
9622   CONTINUE
```

C

```
CALL GETYX(H1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
DO 19623 IX=1,NX
DO 19623 IY=1,NY
IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19623
IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XH1MAX) THEN
  XH1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXHMAX=IX
  IYHMAX=IY
  IZHMAX=IZ
ENDIF
IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XH1MIN) THEN
  XH1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXHMIN=IX
  IYHMIN=IY
  IZHMIN=IZ
ENDIF
```

19623 CONTINUE

C

```
CALL GETYX(TEMP,PHI,JNY,JNX)
CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
DO 19624 IX=1,NX
DO 19624 IY=1,NY
IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19624
IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XT1MAX) THEN
  XT1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXTMAX=IX
  IYTMAX=IY
  IZTMAX=IZ
ENDIF
IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XT1MIN) THEN
  XT1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXTMIN=IX
  IYTMIN=IY
  IZTMIN=IZ
ENDIF
```

19624 CONTINUE

C

```
CALL GETYX(AUX(VIST),PHI,JNY,JNX)
CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'),GVPR,JNY,JNX)
DO 19625 IX=1,NX
DO 19625 IY=1,NY
IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19625
IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XETMAX) THEN
  XETMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXXMAX=IX
  IYXMAX=IY
  IZXMAX=IZ
ENDIF
IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XETMIN) THEN
  XETMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
  IXXMIN=IX
  IYXMIN=IY
  IZXMIN=IZ
ENDIF
```

19625 CONTINUE

ENDIF

C

C-pd---Get monitoring values-----

C

```
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).NE.0) GOTO 19692
IF(IZ.NE.IZMON1) GOTO 1962
  CALL GETONE(P1,PP1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(U1,UU1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(V1,VV1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(W1,WW1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(C1,C1C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
  CALL GETONE(H1,H1H1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
1962 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON2) GOTO 1963
  CALL GETONE(P1,PP2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(U1,UU2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(V1,VV2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(W1,WW2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(C1,C1C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
  CALL GETONE(H1,H1H2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
1963 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON3) GOTO 1964
  CALL GETONE(P1,PP3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(U1,UU3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(V1,VV3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(W1,WW3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(C1,C1C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
  CALL GETONE(H1,H1H3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
1964 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON4) GOTO 1965
  CALL GETONE(P1,PP4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  CALL GETONE(U1,UU4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  CALL GETONE(V1,VV4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  CALL GETONE(W1,WW4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
  CALL GETONE(C1,C1C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
```

```

IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
1965 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON5) GOTO 1966
CALL GETONE(P1,PP5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
1966 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON6) GOTO 1967
CALL GETONE(P1,PP6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
1967 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON7) GOTO 1968
CALL GETONE(P1,PP7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
1968 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON8) GOTO 1969
CALL GETONE(P1,PP8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD8,IYMON8,IXMON8)

```

```

IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H8,IYMON8,IXMON8)

1969 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON9) GOTO 19691
CALL GETONE(P1,PP9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET9,IYMO91,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H9,IYMON9,IXMON9)

9691 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON10) GOTO 19692
CALL GETONE(P1,PP10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H10,IYMON10,IXMON10)

9692 CONTINUE
;
RETURN
197 CONTINUE
* ----- SECTION 7 ---- FINISH OF SWEEP.

```

C-pd---Printout of monitoring locations-----

```

IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EQ.0.AND.IG(38).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1977)
& IXMON1,IYMON1,IZMON1,PP1,UU1,VV1,WW1,DD1,
& IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2,PP2,UU2,VV2,WW2,DD2,
& IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3,PP3,UU3,VV3,WW3,DD3,
& IXMON4,IYMON4,IZMON4,PP4,UU4,VV4,WW4,DD4,
& IXMON5,IYMON5,IZMON5,PP5,UU5,VV5,WW5,DD5,
& IXMON6,IYMON6,IZMON6,PP6,UU6,VV6,WW6,DD6,
& IXMON7,IYMON7,IZMON7,PP7,UU7,VV7,WW7,DD7,
& IXMON8,IYMON8,IZMON8,PP8,UU8,VV8,WW8,DD8,
& IXMON9,IYMON9,IZMON9,PP9,UU9,VV9,WW9,DD9,

```

```

& IXMON10,IYMON10,IZMON10,PP10,UU10,VV10,WW10,DD10
1977 FORMAT(1X,'MONITORING VALUES :'2X,'P1',11X,'U1',11X,'V1',11X,
& 'W1',10X,'RHO1',//,10(1X,'AT( ','I2',' ','I2',' '):'1P,5E13.5:,//))
  IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EQ.0.AND.IG(39).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1978)
& IXMON1,IYMON1,IZMON1,KE1,EP1,C1C1,ET1,C4C1,
& IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2,KE2,EP2,C1C2,ET2,C4C2,
& IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3,KE3,EP3,C1C3,ET3,C4C3,
& IXMON4,IYMON4,IZMON4,KE4,EP4,C1C4,ET4,C4C4,
& IXMON5,IYMON5,IZMON5,KE5,EP5,C1C5,ET5,C4C5,
& IXMON6,IYMON6,IZMON6,KE6,EP6,C1C6,ET6,C4C6,
& IXMON7,IYMON7,IZMON7,KE7,EP7,C1C7,ET7,C4C7,
& IXMON8,IYMON8,IZMON8,KE8,EP8,C1C8,ET8,C4C8,
& IXMON9,IYMON9,IZMON9,KE9,EP9,C1C9,ET9,C4C9,
& IXMON10,IYMON10,IZMON10,KE10,EP10,C1C10,ET10,C4C10
1978 FORMAT(1X,'MONITORING VALUES :'2X,'KE',11X,'EP',11X,'C1',10X,
& 'ENUT',9X,'TEMP',//,10(1X,'LO( ','I2',' ','I2',' '):'1P,5E13.5:,//))
  IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EQ.0.AND.IG(40).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1979)
& IXMON1,IYMON1,IZMON1,H1H1,C2C1,C3C1,CPC1,CXC1,
& IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2,H1H2,C2C2,C3C2,CPC2,CXC2,
& IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3,H1H3,C2C3,C3C3,CPC3,CXC3,
& IXMON4,IYMON4,IZMON4,H1H4,C2C4,C3C4,CPC4,CXC4,
& IXMON5,IYMON5,IZMON5,H1H5,C2C5,C3C5,CPC5,CXC5,
& IXMON6,IYMON6,IZMON6,H1H6,C2C6,C3C6,CPC6,CXC6,
& IXMON7,IYMON7,IZMON7,H1H7,C2C7,C3C7,CPC7,CXC7,
& IXMON8,IYMON8,IZMON8,H1H8,C2C8,C3C8,CPC8,CXC8,
& IXMON9,IYMON9,IZMON9,H1H9,C2C9,C3C9,CPC9,CXC9,
& IXMON10,IYMON10,IZMON10,H1H10,C2C10,C3C10,CPC10,CXC10
1979 FORMAT(1X,'MONITORING VALUES :'2X,'H1',11X,'C2',11X,'C3',11X,
& 'CP',10X,'SPAR',//,10(1X,'PT( ','I2',' ','I2',' '):'1P,5E13.5:,//))

C
C-pd---Printout heat info-----
C
IF (IG(41).EQ.1) THEN
  CALL GETSOR('HEATTR1E',H1,QDOT1)
  CALL GETSOR('HEATTR1W',H1,QDOT2)
  CALL GETSOR('HEATTR1N',H1,QDOT3)
  CALL GETSOR('HEATTR1S',H1,QDOT4)
  CALL WRITBL
  CALL WRIT4R(' Qdot 1 ',QDOT1,',Qdot 2 ',QDOT2,
  &           ',Qdot 3 ',QDOT3,',Qdot 4 ',QDOT4)
ENDIF

C
C-pd---Printout sorc and calc pumping ratio-----
C
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,NPRMON).EQ.0.OR.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2A',R1,XMDOT2A)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2B',R1,XMDOT2B)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2C',R1,XMDOT2C)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2D',R1,XMDOT2D)
  CALL GETSOR('XENGOUT',R1,XMDOT3)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN3', R1,XMDOT4)
  CALL GETSOR('XENGIN', R1,XMDOT6)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN1', R1,XMDOT7)
  CALL GETSOR('XENGOUT',W1,XWVEL1)
  CALL GETSOR('ZPROP', W1,XWVEL2)
  XMDOT2=XMDOT2A+XMDOT2B+XMDOT2C+XMDOT2D .
  XPR2=(-XMDOT4-XMDOT3)/XMDOT3
  XERR1=RESD(P1)*RESREF(P1)*RG(701)*100.0/XMDOT7
  XERR2=RESD(W1)*RESREF(W1)*100.0/(XWVEL1+XWVEL1)
  XERR2=RESD(W1)*RESREF(W1)*100.0/(XWVEL1+XWVEL2)

```

```

XFUL=(XMDOT3+XMDOT6)/RG(35)
XMBAL=XMDOT7+XMDOT2+XMDOT4+RG(702)
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
  CALL WRIT4R(' Mdot 1 ',XMDOT7,',Mdot 2 ',XMDOT2,
  &           ',Mdot 3 ',XMDOT4,',Mdot 4 ',XMDOT3)
  CALL WRIT1R(' PR Eng ',XPR2)
  CALL WRIT2R(' ENG IN',XMDOT6/RG(35),',ENG OUT',XMDOT3/RG(35))
  CALL WRIT1R(' FUEL IN',XFUL)
  CALL WRIT2R(' ErrMdot',XERR1,',ErrVel ',XERR2)
  CALL WRIT1R(' SUM MAS',XMBAL)
ENDIF
C-
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2', H1,XEDOT2)
  CALL GETSOR('XENGOUT',H1,XEDOT3)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN3', H1,XEDOT4)
  CALL GETSOR('XENGIN', H1,XEDOT6)
  CALL GETSOR('XOPEN1', H1,XEDOT7)
  XECON=9.47831E-04
  CALL WRITBL
  CALL RUSHL(XMDOT7/RG(35),XMDOT2/RG(35),XMDOT4/RG(35),
  &           XMDOT6/RG(35),XMDOT3/RG(35),XFUL,XEDOT7*XECON,
  &           XEDOT2*XECON,XEDOT4*XECON,XEDOT6*XECON,
  &           XEDOT3*XECON,XPR2,XERR1,XERR2,XMBAL/RG(35))
  CALL WRITBL
ENDIF
ENDIF
C
C-pd---Printout max and min-----
C
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(6,*)' P1MAX LOC ',XP1MAX,IXPMAX,IYPMAX,IZPMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' P1MIN LOC ',XP1MIN,IXPMIN,IYPMIN,IZPMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' U1MAX LOC ',XU1MAX,IXUMAX,IYUMAX,IZUMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' U1MIN LOC ',XU1MIN,IXUMIN,IYUMIN,IZUMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' V1MAX LOC ',XV1MAX,IXVMAX,IYVMAX,IZVMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' V1MIN LOC ',XV1MIN,IXVMIN,IYVMIN,IZVMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' W1MAX LOC ',XW1MAX,IXWMAX,IYWMAX,IZWMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' W1MIN LOC ',XW1MIN,IXWMIN,IYWMIN,IZWMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' H1MAX LOC ',XH1MAX,IXHMAX,IYHMAX,IZHMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' H1MIN LOC ',XH1MIN,IXHMIN,IYHMIN,IZHMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' T1MAX LOC ',XT1MAX,IXTMAX,IYTMAX,IZTMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' T1MIN LOC ',XT1MIN,IXTMIN,IYTMIN,IZTMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' KEMAX LOC ',XXKMAX,IXKMAX,IYKMAX,IZKMAX
C  WRITE(6,*)' KEMIN LOC ',XXKMIN,IXKMIN,IYKMIN,IZKMIN
C  WRITE(6,*)' EPMAX LOC ',XEPMAX,IXEMAX,IYEMAX,IZEMAX
C  WRITE(6,*)' EPMIN LOC ',XEPMIN,IXEMIN,IYEMIN,IZEMIN
  WRITE(6,*)' ETMAX LOC ',XETMAX,IXXMAX,IYXMAX,IZXMAX
  WRITE(6,*)' ETMIN LOC ',XETMIN,IXXMIN,IYXMIN,IZXMIN
ENDIF
IF(ISWEEP.EQ.FSWEEP+2) NPRMON=INPR
IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).NE.0) WRITE(6,*)' ISWEEP = ',ISWEEP
C
C-pd---Printout heat total-----
C
IF(ISWEEP.EQ.LSWEEP.OR.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
  CALL WRITBL
  CALL WRIT1R(' Qdot,Tot ',QDTTOT)
  CALL WRIT4R(' QTOT 1 ',QDOT01,',QTOT 2 ',QDOT02,
  &           ',QTOT 3 ',QDOT03,',QTOT 4 ',QDOT04)

```

```

QDTTOT=0.0
QDOT01=0.0
QDOT02=0.0
QDOT03=0.0
QDOT04=0.0
CALL WRITBL
ENDIF
C
C-pd---Check to stop run-----
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='ABORT',EXIST=LSG1)
      IF(LSG1) THEN
          OPEN(91,FILE='ABORT')
          CLOSE(91,STATUS='DELETE')
          LSWEEP=ISWEEP+2
          WRITE(6,*)' ==> ABORT CALLED: STOP IN 2 SWEEPS '
          LSG1=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C
C-pd---Modify relaxation without killing run-----
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXP',EXIST=LSG2)
      IF(LSG2) THEN
          OPEN(92,FILE='RELAXP')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX P1           OLD VALVE=',
          & DTFALS(P1)
          READ(92,1971)XRELP1
          DTFALS(P1)=XRELP1
          CLOSE(92,STATUS='DELETE')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP     &     NEW VALVE=',
          & DTFALS(P1),ISWEEP
          ITST=TSTSXP
          TSTSXP=1
          IOPEN=1
          LSG2=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXT',EXIST=LSG3)
      IF(LSG3) THEN
          OPEN(93,FILE='RELAXT')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX KE & EP     OLD VALVES=',
          & DTFALS(KE),DTFALS(EP)
          READ(93,1972)XRELKE,XRELEP
          DTFALS(KE)=XRELKE
          DTFALS(EP)=XRELEP
          CLOSE(93,STATUS='DELETE')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP     &     NEW VALVES=',
          & DTFALS(KE),DTFALS(EP),ISWEEP
          IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
              ITST=TSTSXP
              TSTSXP=1
              IOPEN=1
          ENDIF
          LSG3=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXS',EXIST=LSG4)
      IF(LSG4) THEN
          OPEN(94,FILE='RELAXS')
          IF(SOLVE(C2)) THEN

```

```

      WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX H1 C1 & C2 OLD VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(H1),DTFALS(C1),DTFALS(C2)
      READ(94,1973)XRELB1,XRELC1,XRELC2
      DTFALS(H1)=XRELB1
      DTFALS(C1)=XRELC1
      DTFALS(C2)=XRELC2
      WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP     &    NEW VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(H1),DTFALS(C1),DTFALS(C2),ISWEEP
      ELSE
      WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX H1 & C1      OLD VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(H1),DTFALS(C1)
      READ(94,1972)XRELB1,XRELC1
      DTFALS(H1)=XRELB1
      DTFALS(C1)=XRELC1
      WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP     &    NEW VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(H1),DTFALS(C1),ISWEEP
      ENDIF
      CLOSE(94,STATUS='DELETE')
      IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
          ITST=TSTSWP
          TSTSWP=1
          IOPEN=1
      ENDIF
      LSG4=.FALSE.
      ENDIF

      INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXV',EXIST=LSG5)
      IF(LSG5) THEN
          OPEN(95,FILE='RELAXV')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX U1 V1 & W1 OLD VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(U1),DTFALS(V1),DTFALS(W1)
          READ(95,1973)XRELU1,XRELV1,XRELW1
          DTFALS(U1)=XRELU1
          DTFALS(V1)=XRELV1
          DTFALS(W1)=XRELW1
          WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP     &    NEW VALVES=',
&           DTFALS(U1),DTFALS(V1),DTFALS(W1),ISWEEP
          CLOSE(95,STATUS='DELETE')
          IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
              ITST=TSTSWP
              TSTSWP=1
              IOPEN=1
          ENDIF
          LSG5=.FALSE.
      ENDIF

      INQUIRE(FILE='DUMPIT',EXIST=LSG6)
      IF(LSG6) THEN
          OPEN(96,FILE='DUMPIT')
          CLOSE(96,STATUS='DELETE')
          CALL AUTCHA(ISWEEP)
          LSG6=.FALSE.
      ELSEIF (MOD(ISWEEP,IG(902)).EQ.0) THEN
          CALL AUTCHA(ISWEEP)
      ENDIF

      INQUIRE(FILE='TSTMOD',EXIST=LSG7)
      IF(LSG7) THEN
          OPEN(97,FILE='TSTMOD')
          WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING TSTSWP           OLD VALVE='

```

```

&          TSTSWP
READ(97,1974)TSTSWP
IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
  ITST=TSTSWP
  IOPEN=1
ENDIF
WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP    &      NEW VALVE=',
&          TSTSWP,ISWEEP
CLOSE(97,STATUS='DELETE')
LSG7=.FALSE.
ENDIF

C
INQUIRE(FILE='NPRMOD',EXIST=LSG8)
IF(LSG8) THEN
  OPEN(98,FILE='NPRMOD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING NPRMON           OLD VALVE=',
  &          NPRMON
  READ(98,1974)NPRMON
  WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP    &      NEW VALVE=',
  &          NPRMON,ISWEEP
  CLOSE(98,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG8=.FALSE.
ENDIF

C
INQUIRE(FILE='IGGMOD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(99,FILE='IGGMOD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IG(38-41)           OLD VALVES=',
  &          IG(38),IG(39),IG(40),IG(41)
  READ(99,1975)IG(38),IG(39),IG(40),IG(41)
  WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP    &      NEW VALVES=',
  &          IG(38),IG(39),IG(40),IG(41),ISWEEP
  CLOSE(99,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF

C
INQUIRE(FILE='ML2MOD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(100,FILE='ML2MOD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IXYZMON2           OLD VALVES=',
  &          IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2
  READ(100,1976)IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2
  WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP    &      NEW VALVES=',
  &          IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2,ISWEEP
  CLOSE(100,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF

C
INQUIRE(FILE='ML3MOD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(101,FILE='ML3MOD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IXYZMON3           OLD VALVES=',
  &          IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3
  READ(101,1976)IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3
  WRITE(6,*)' ==>           ISWEEP    &      NEW VALVES=',
  &          IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3,ISWEEP
  CLOSE(101,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF

```

```

INQUIRE(FILE='RAXVMD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(102,FILE='RAXVMD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX VEL '
  READ(102,1971)RAXFTV
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> ISWEEP & FACTOR=',
&           RAXFTV,ISWEEP
  IRAXV=1
  CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF
C
INQUIRE(FILE='RAXTMD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(102,FILE='RAXTMD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX TURB '
  READ(102,1971)RAXFTT
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> ISWEEP & FACTOR=',
&           RAXFTT,ISWEEP
  IRAXT=1
  CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF
;
INQUIRE(FILE='RAXSMD',EXIST=LSG9)
IF(LSG9) THEN
  OPEN(102,FILE='RAXSMD')
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX SCAL '
  READ(102,1971)RAXFTS
  WRITE(6,*)' ==> ISWEEP & FACTOR=',
&           RAXFTS,ISWEEP
  IRAXS=1
  CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
  LSG9=.FALSE.
ENDIF
C
1971 FORMAT(F12.8)
1972 FORMAT(2F12.8)
1973 FORMAT(3F12.8)
1974 FORMAT(I5)
1975 FORMAT(4I2)
1976 FORMAT(3I3)

    RETURN
198 CONTINUE
C   * ----- SECTION 8 ---- FINISH OF TIME STEP.
RETURN
*****
C
--- GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
;
20 CONTINUE
RETURN
*****
C   * Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
--- GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
*****
C
--- GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control

```

```

23 CONTINUE
RETURN
C*****
C
C--- GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
C
24 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C*****
SUBROUTINE TEMPER(HSTAT,T0,T,CPDR,RGAS,SC,NSC,NFO)
C*****
C TEMPER uses an iterative procedure to calculate temperature
C given H1 and a guess for temperature
C-----
C
DIMENSION SC(NSC)
DATA NITER,DT0,TMIN/12.50.,12.345/
C
CALL ENTHAL(T0,HHH,CPDR,SC,NSC,NFO)
C
CP=CPDR*RGAS
ENTH=CP*T0
DT=(HSTAT-ENTH)/(CP+1.E-15)
TEMPL=T0
IF(NFO.GE.4) WRITE(6,900) T0,ENTH,HSTAT,RGAS,SC(1),SC(2),SC(3)
TEMP =T0+DT
ITER=0
100 ENTHL=ENTH
ITER=ITER+1
CALL ENTHAL(TEMP,HHH,CPDR,SC,NSC,NFO)
ENTH=CPDR*RGAS*TEMP
RENTH=(HSTAT-ENTH)/((ENTH-ENTH) +1.E-9)
IF(NFO.GE.4) WRITE(6,910) ITER,TEMP,ENTH,ENTHL,HSTAT,RENTH
IF(ABS(ENTH-ENTHL).LT..001*ABS(ENTH)) RENTH=1.
TEMP1=TEMPL+(TEMP-TEMPL)*RENTH
TEMP1=AMAX1(TEMP1,.5*TEMP,TMIN)
TEMP1=AMIN1(TEMP1,1.5*TEMP,5000.)
TEMPL=TEMP
TEMP=TEMP1
AR=ABS(RENTH)
IF( (AR.GT.1.005 .OR. AR.LT..995) .AND. ITER.LT.NITER) GO TO 100
T=TEMP
RETURN
C
900 FORMAT(' T0 E HS RG SC',1P,7E12.4)
910 FORMAT(' IT T E EL HS RE',I3,1P,5E12.4)
C
END
C*****
SUBROUTINE ENTHAL(TEMP,HSUM,CPSUM,SC,NS,NFO)
C*****
C ENTHAL calculates H/RT from JANNAF data. The order of
C species is N O C H.
C-----
C
DIMENSION SC(*),ZS(7,2,4)
DATA ZS/ 0.28532899E+01, 0.16022128E-02, -0.62936893E-06,
& 0.11441022E-09, -0.78057465E-14, -0.89008093E+03,

```

```

&      0.63964897E+01,  0.37044177E+01, -0.14218753E-02,
&      0.28670392E-05, -0.12028885E-08, -0.13954677E-13,
&      -0.10640795E+04,  0.22336285E+01,
&      0.36122139E+01,  0.74853166E-03, -0.19820647E-06,
&      0.33749008E-10, -0.23907374E-14, -0.11978151E+04,
&      0.36703307E+01,  0.37837135E+01, -0.30233634E-02,
&      0.99492751E-05, -0.98189101E-08,  0.33031825E-11,
&      -0.10638107E+04,  0.36416345E+01,
&      0.44608041E+01,  0.30981719E-02, -0.12392571E-05,
&      0.22741325E-09, -0.15525954E-13, -0.48961442E+05,
&      -0.98635982E+00,  0.24007797E+01,  0.87350957E-02,
&      -0.66070878E-05,  0.20021861E-08,  0.63274039E-15,
&      -0.48377527E+05,  0.96951457E+01,
&      -0.27167633E+01,  0.29451374E-02, -0.80224374E-06,
&      0.10226682E-09, -0.48472145E-14, -0.29905826E 05,
&      0.66305671E+01,  0.40701275E+01, -0.11084499E-02,
&      0.41521180E-05, -0.29637404E-08,  0.80702103E-12,
&      -0.30279722E+05, -0.32270046E+00 /

```

C

```

K=1
IF(TEMP.LT.1000.) K=2
TEMP2=TEMP*TEMP
HSUM=0.
CPSUM=0.
DO 100 IS=1,NS
CP1=ZS(1,K,IS)
CP2=ZS(2,K,IS)*TEMP
CP3=ZS(3,K,IS)*TEMP2
CP4=ZS(4,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP
CP5=ZS(5,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP2
CPSUM=CPSUM+SC(IS)*(CP1+CP2+CP3+CP4+CP5)
100 HSUM =HSUM+
1 SC(IS)*(CP1+.5*CP2+.33333*CP3+.25*CP4+.2*CP5+ZS(6,K,IS)/TEMP)
;
RETURN
END
;
```

```

*****
C SUBROUTINE XGETCV(N,M,C,V)
*****
C XGETCV used to set up procedure to get a patch co and val.
C-----
```

```

COMMON/IDATA/IDFIL1(70),NUMREG,IDFIL2(49)
COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(100)
CHARACTER N*(*),NAMPAT*8
;
IR=IRPAT(N)
CALL XCV(IR,M,C,V)
```

```

RETURN
END
;
```

```

*****
C SUBROUTINE XCV(IR,MPHID,C,V)
*****
C XCV used to get a patch co and val.
C-----
```

```

C COMMON F(1)
```

```

C COMMON/ICOVL/M04,IOPHI
C LOGICAL QLT
C INCLUDE 'SATEAR'

C MPH1=MPHID
C I0=0
C     IF(EARTH) I0=IORTCV
C     IF(QLT(F(I0+10*IR-8),23.0).AND.MPH1.LE.2) MPH1=MPH1+8
C IOPHI=IORCV(MPH1)
C     IF(IOPHI.EQ.I0+NRTCV) GO TO 5
C IOPHI=IOPHI-4
C     DO 2 I=1,NUMREG
C IOPHI=IOPHI+4
C IOL=IORCVL(MPH1)
C     IF(EARTH) IOL=IOL+IORCVF(MPH1)-4
C     IF(IOPHI.EQ.IOL+4) GO TO 5
C     IF(IABS(IFIX(F(IOPHI+1))).NE.IR) GO TO 2
C C=F(IOPHI+2)
C V=F(IOPHI+3)
C     GO TO 7
C 2    CONTINUE
C 5 C=-999.0
C V=0.0
C 7 CONTINUE

C RETURN
C END

```

```

*****
C      SUBROUTINE XSETCV(N,M,C,V,CF,VF)
*****
C XGETCV used to set up procedure to modify a patch co and val.
C -----

```

```

C COMMON/IDATA/IDFIL1(70),NUMREG,IDFIL2(49)
C COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(100)
C CHARACTER N*(*) ,NAMPAT*8

C IR=IRPAT(N)
C CALL XSCV(IR,M,C,V,CF,VF)


```

```

C RETURN
C END

```

```

*****
C      SUBROUTINE XSCV(IR,MPHID,C,V,CF,VF)
*****
C XCV used to get a patch co and val.
C -----

```

```

C COMMON F(1)
C COMMON/ICOVL/M04,IOPHI
C LOGICAL QLT
C INCLUDE 'SATEAR'

C MPH1=MPHID
C I0=0
C     IF(EARTH) I0=IORTCV
C     IF(QLT(F(I0+10*IR-8),23.0).AND.MPH1.LE.2) MPH1=MPH1+8

```

```

C IOPHI=IORCV(MPHI)
C IF(IOPHI.EQ.I0+NRTCV) GO TO 5
C IOPHI=IOPHI-4
C DO 2 I=1,NUMREG
C IOPHI=IOPHI+4
C IOL=IORCVL(MPHI)
C IF(EARTH) IOL=IOL+IORCVF(MPHI)-4
C IF(IOPHI.EQ.IOL+4) GO TO 5
C IF(IABS(IFIX(F(IOPHI+1))).NE.IR) GO TO 2
C C=F(IOPHI+2)
C V=F(IOPHI+3)
C WRITE(6,*)' IN SETCV VAR & OLD VALUES= ',MPHI,C,V
C F(IOPHI+2)=F(IOPHI+2)*CF
C F(IOPHI+3)=F(IOPHI+3)*VF
C C=F(IOPHI+2)
C V=F(IOPHI+3)
C WRITE(6,*)' IN SETCV VAR & NEW VALUES= ',MPHI,C,V
C GO TO 7
C 2 CONTINUE
C 5 C=-999.0
C V=0.0
C 7 CONTINUE
C
C RETURN
C END

```

```

***** SUBROUTINE RUSHL(XMD1,XMD2,XMD3,XMD4,XMD5,XMD8,XEG1,XEG2,XEG3,
& XEG4,XEG5,XPR1,XEM,XEV,XSM)
*****
```

```

RUSHL prints flow rate and convergence info
-----
```

```

WRITE(6,*)' **** FLOW & CONVERGENCE DATA ****'
WRITE(6,101)XMD1
WRITE(6,102)XMD2
WRITE(6,103)XMD3
WRITE(6,104)XMD4
WRITE(6,105)XMD5
WRITE(6,108)XMD8
WRITE(6,109)XEG1
WRITE(6,110)XEG2
WRITE(6,111)XEG3
WRITE(6,112)XEG4
WRITE(6,113)XEG5
WRITE(6,116)XPR1
WRITE(6,118)XEM
WRITE(6,119)XEV
WRITE(6,120)XSM
WRITE(6,*)' ****'
101 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW FRONT BAFFLES ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
102 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW BACK BAFFLES ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
103 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW CHIMNEY BAFFLES ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
104 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW INTO ENGINE ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
105 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW OUT OF ENGINE ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
108 FORMAT(' MASS FLOW OF FUEL ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
109 FORMAT(' ENERGY FLOW FRONT BAFFLES ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
110 FORMAT(' ENERGY FLOW BACK BAFFLES ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')

```

```
111 FORMAT( ENERGY FLOW CHIMNEY BAFFLES ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
112 FORMAT( ENERGY FLOW INTO ENGINE ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
113 FORMAT( ENERGY FLOW OUT OF ENGINE ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
116 FORMAT( ENGINE PUMPING RATIO ',F12.4,')
118 FORMAT( NORMALIZED MASS ERROR ',F12.4,' % ')
119 FORMAT( NORMALIZED MOMENTUM ERROR ',F12.4,' % ')
120 FORMAT( SUM OF ALL MASS ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
      RETURN
      END
C
C*****SUBROUTINE AUTCHA(ISW)
C*****C AUTUCH writes phida file.
C-----
      DIMENSION JDATE(6.)
C
      CALL DUMP
C-pd---WARNING: The following two calls may be machine dependent-----
      CALL IDATE(JDATE(1))
      CALL ITIME(JDATE(4))
      WRITE(6,*)' **** DUMP CALLED **** ISWEEP=',ISW
      WRITE(6,*)' DAY MONTH YEAR    +++ HOUR MINUTE SECOND'
      WRITE(6,1974)JDATE
1974 FORMAT(I4,I6,I8,8X,I6,I7,I8)
C-----
C
      RETURN
      END
```

**DISTRIBUTION QUESTIONNAIRE**  
The Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory is revising its primary distribution lists.

**SUBJECT CATEGORIES**

**1 SHORE FACILITIES**

- 1A Construction methods and materials (including corrosion control, coatings)
- 1B Waterfront structures (maintenance/deterioration control)
- 1C Utilities (including power conditioning)
- 1D Explosives safety
- 1E Aviation Engineering Test Facilities
- 1F Fire prevention and control
- 1G Antenna technology
- 1H Structural analysis and design (including numerical and computer techniques)
- 1J Protective construction (including hardened shelters, shock and vibration studies)
- 1K Soil/rock mechanics
- 1L Airfields and pavements
- 1M Physical security

**2 ADVANCED BASE AND AMPHIBIOUS FACILITIES**

- 2A Base facilities (including shelters, power generation, water supplies)
  - 2B Expedient roads/airfields/bridges
  - 2C Over-the-beach operations (including breakwaters, wave forces)
  - 2D POL storage, transfer, and distribution
  - 2E Polar engineering
- 3 ENERGY/POWER GENERATION**
- 3A Thermal conservation (thermal engineering of buildings, HVAC systems, energy loss measurement, power generation)
  - 3B Controls and electrical conservation (electrical systems, energy monitoring and control systems)
  - 3C Fuel flexibility (liquid fuels, coal utilization, energy from solid waste)

3D Alternate energy source (geothermal power, photovoltaic power systems, solar systems, wind systems, energy storage systems)

3E Site data and systems integration (energy resource data, integrating energy systems)

3F EMCS design

**4 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

- 4A Solid waste management
- 4B Hazardous/toxic materials management
- 4C Waterwaste management and sanitary engineering
- 4D Oil pollution removal and recovery

4E Air pollution

4F Noise abatement

**5 OCEAN ENGINEERING**

- 5A Seafloor soils and foundations
  - 5B Seafloor construction systems and operations (including diver and manipulator tools)
  - 5C Undersea structures and materials
  - 5D Anchors and moorings
  - 5E Undersea power systems, electromechanical cables, and connectors
  - 5F Pressure vessel facilities
  - 5G Physical environment (including site surveying)
  - 5H Ocean-based concrete structures
  - 5J Hyperbaric chambers
  - 5K Undersea cable dynamics
- ARMY FEAP**
- BDG Shore Facilities
  - NRG Energy
  - ENV Environmental/Natural Responses
  - MGT Management
  - PRR Pavements/Railroads

**TYPES OF DOCUMENTS**

D - Techdata Sheets; R - Technical Reports and Technical Notes; G - NCEL Guides and Abstracts; I - Index to TDS; U - User Guides;  None - remove my name

Old Address:

---

---

---

---

Telephone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

New Address:

---

---

---

---

Telephone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

## INSTRUCTIONS

The Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory has revised its primary distribution lists. To help us verify our records and update our data base, please do the following:

- Add - circle number on list
- Remove my name from all your lists - check box on list.
- Change my address - line out incorrect line and write in correction (DO NOT REMOVE LABEL).
- Number of copies should be entered after the title of the subject categories you select.
- Are we sending you the correct type of document? If not, circle the type(s) of document(s) you want to receive listed on the back of this card.

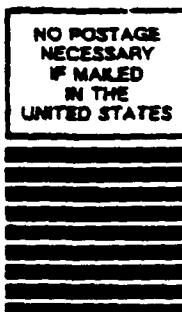
Fold on line, staple, and drop in mail.

---

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory  
560 Laboratory Drive  
Port Hueneme CA 93043-4328

---

Official Business  
Penalty for Private Use, \$300



### BUSINESS REPLY CARD

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 12503 WASH D.C.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

COMMANDING OFFICER  
CODE L34  
560 LABORATORY DRIVE  
NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY  
PORT HUENEME CA 93043-4328

## NCEL DOCUMENT EVALUATION

You are number one with us; how do we rate with you?

We at NCEL want to provide you our customer the best possible reports but we need your help. Therefore, I ask you to please take the time from your busy schedule to fill out this questionnaire. Your response will assist us in providing the best reports possible for our users. I wish to thank you in advance for your assistance. I assure you that the information you provide will help us to be more responsive to your future needs.

*R. N. Storer*

R. N. STORER, Ph.D., P.E.  
Technical Director

DOCUMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ TITLE OF DOCUMENT: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Respondent Organization: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Activity Code: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Grade/Rank: \_\_\_\_\_

Category (*please check*):

Sponsor \_\_\_\_\_ User \_\_\_\_\_ Proponent \_\_\_\_\_ Other (Specify) \_\_\_\_\_

Please answer on your behalf only; not on your organization's. Please check (*use an X*) only the block that most closely describes your attitude or feeling toward that statement:

SA Strongly Agree    A Agree    O Neutral    D Disagree    SD Strongly Disagree

	SA	A	N	D	SD		SA	A	N	D	SD
1. The technical quality of the report is comparable to most of my other sources of technical information.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )	6. The conclusions and recommendations are clear and directly supported by the contents of the report.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )
2. The report will make significant improvements in the cost and or performance of my operation.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )	7. The graphics, tables, and photographs are well done.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )
3. The report acknowledges related work accomplished by others.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )						
4. The report is well formatted.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )						
5. The report is clearly written.	( )	( )	( )	( )	( )						

Do you wish to continue getting  
NCEL reports?

YES     NO

Please add any comments (e.g., in what ways can we improve the quality of our reports?) on the back of this form.

**Comments:**

Fold on line, staple, and drop in mail.

**DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY**  
Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory  
560 Laboratory Drive  
Port Hueneme CA 93043-4328

Official Business  
Penalty for Private Use, \$300



NO POSTAGE  
NECESSARY  
IF MAILED  
IN THE  
UNITED STATES

**BUSINESS REPLY CARD**

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 12503 WASH D.C.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE



**COMMANDING OFFICER  
CODE L03  
560 LABORATORY DRIVE  
NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY  
PORT HUENEME CA 93043-4328**